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October, 1917

MOTOR BOATING

Vol. XX, No. 4

THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE OF MOTOR BOATING

Entered as second-class matter at New York, N. Y., Post Office. Copyright, 1917, by International Magazine Co. (McToR Boating).

Published Monthly by International Magazine Company, 119 West Fortieth Street, New York City

G. L. Willson, President

W. G. Langdon, Secretary

Telephone: Bryant 6000

Cable Address: Motoria

15 cents a copy. Subscription, \$1.50 a year. Estra Canadian postage, 50 cents. Estra foreign postage, \$1.00.





Hawk Eye II, with George Reiss at the wheel, coming up the home stretch at the Minneapolis races

Racing for the Gold Cup

The Fifteenth Series of Races for the Trophy of the American Power Boat Association Representing the Championship of North America-World's Speed Record is Again Broken

> By Charles F. Chapman Photographs by Rosenfeld and the Writer

OGS, floating drift, refuse, venders of peanuts and ice cream cones, swimmers, canoeists, brass bands, grand stands and one western motor boatman greeted the contestants and followers of hydroplane races at Minneapolis in August at the Gold Cup Races of 1917. It is hard to recall what was not scheduled to attract the crowd that was expected to fill the mammoth grand stands built to give the inhabitants a good chance to see the fastest boats in the world, which were expected to perform for their amusement. But the crowd didn't worry because the location of the grand stand was rather

far away from the race course, for completely surrounding the new dam on the Mississippi be-tween St. Paul the south, and Minneapolis on the north, on which the course was laid out is a most perfect natural amphitheatre, with high banks, leading directly down to the water's edge within a few yards of the course. Here a clear and almost

unobstructed view of the whole proceedings was to be had and the people to the number of 200,000, so the papers said, took advantage of what nature had provided for them. They came early, brought their lunch and sat patiently for hours, expecting something to happen. For two days they sat before anything happened—if you can call a race for the Gold Cup anything.

As is the western custom, great preparations were made for

As is the western custom, great preparations were made the events, which had been announced ever since the 1916 races in Detroit. Those in charge promised that they would surpass anything which the world had yet known. The city

was placarded as though it was to have the annual visit of a three-ring circus. Large committees were appointed, new roads built leading to points of vantage along the course. reviewing tiny stand built, said to be erected particularly for the Park Commissioners and their guests, etc., etc., as is the wont and proper proced-ure for the

Fifteenth Race for the American Power Boat Association Gold Challenge Cup—

| Mississippi River, August 23, 20 and 27, 1917. | (3 near | s; ou mau | tical imic | s cacii. |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| See page 54 for detail | times. 1917 | WINNER | | WINNER SPEED |
| Winning Boat, 1917 Owner | TIME | 8. M.P. II. | TIME | S.M.P.H. |
| First heat, Miss Detroit II | 40:59 | 50.7 56.3 56.5 | 44:41 | 46.2 |
| Second heat, Miss Detroit II | 36:59 | 56.3 | 41:46 | 49.5 |
| Third heat, Miss Detroit II | 36:47 | 56.5 | 41:20 | 50.0 |
| Total race, Miss Detroit II | 1:54:45 | 54.14 | 2:07:48 | 48.6 |
| Fastest Lap (6 na | utical mil | les) | | |
| First heat, Miss Detroit II | 7:51 | 52.74 | | 51.20 |
| Second heat, Miss Detroit II | 6:58 | 59.43 | | 55.35 |
| Third heat, Miss Detroit II | 6:58 | 59.43 | • | 55.78 |
| Previous Gold Cup Record for One I Made by Baby Speed Demon II at Lake George in 1914—Tim | feat of 30 e, 41:03; S | Nautical peed, 50.49 a | Miles tatute miles | per hour. |

Previous Gold Cup Record for Three Heats, 90 Nautical Miles Made by Baby Speed Demon II at Lake George in 1914—Time, 2:06:35; Speed 49.12 statute to the control of the con

Fourth Race for the A. P. B. A. Mile Championship of North America and Challenge Cup-Mississippi River, August 28th, 1917 (1 nautical mile)

Average of Six Runs, 1917 Miss Detroit II—53.626 knots=61.724 statute m.p.h. "The course in 1916 was 5 nautical miles to the lap instead of 6 nautical miles as in 1917.

Best Previous A. P. B. A. Record Miss Minneapolis (1916) 61.083 statute miles per l

production of a hippodrome performance with its side shows.

But lo and behold every last one of the officials, of which

there were so many said to be appointed, and all of those large citizen committees which never do amount to a row of pins, forgot that there was to be a hydroplane race. Apparently it never occurred to any of them, as far as could be discovered, that the reason for all this proposed hilarity was the fact that the races for the greatest and most important motor boat trophy in the world—the American Power-Boat Association Gold Cup—was to be competed for. Surely none

of all the events which were planned were given less publicity. That pub-licity which the races did receive in advance was purely of a sensational nature. It was the thrills which the spectators would feel, the great dangers at-tached to the races, a tip over or two and perhaps a drowning which they would witness with their own eyes which were featured in the advance publicity.

"Course absolutely impossible, speed greater than fifty miles positively dangerous to life, not to mention boats. Apparently nothing done beyond erection of grand stand and placarding city. No arrangements for accommodation of boats and all but impossible to get them on course. Only considera-tion visible is that for gate receipts and no appreciation of what the contest means or stands for. Is being turned into an advertising hippodrome for cash. Believe it should be stopped to prevent injury to the sport. None of committee around." This gave us a pretty good idea as to what to expect when

The chief center of interest seemed to be "See the Torpedo in Ac-Miss Minneapolis, the de-fender of the trophy, which proved to be to slow to hold her own against Miss trophy, Detroit II Hoisting Miss Detroit II out of the water to inspect the damage done by logs tion" and the "Surf Riders." The former, which it was explained was to be a regular and genuine torpedo launched from an aeroplane according to the arrangement suggested by Rear Admiral Fiske, never did put in an appearance, not to mention getting into action. As far as could be discovered it II, the was just a ruse to attract the crowd. They fastest boat in the fell for it, hook, line and sinker, even though it was 100 per cent. bunco. And the Surf Riders we, from the waters of sodium chloride, wondered, much how surf could be rolling 1,500 odd miles from its source and watched with much interest for the ap-pearance of the "Surf Riders" from Red Wing. Unlike the torpedo in action, they came with all their apparatus under their arms, did a few stunts when towed behind fast motor boats, received the applause of the crowd and departed. In the west surf riding is what those of the east term aquaarrived.

The course

was pictur-

esque and

beauti-

f u l enough
-for a holi-

outing

day

As we were saying-they had planned for everything with the exception of a motor boat race of the kind to which the Gold Cup is entitled. The American Power-Boat Association officials had been informed several weeks before the date scheduled for the first race that everything was in readiness, and so when the president of the association, who incidentally was the owner of two of the four boats which were to race, arrived on the scene Saturday before the races and found what had been done and what undone he dispatched the following telegram to the writer, which sums up the situation in a few words

very much to the point:

George (Teddy) Reiss, driver of Hawk Eye II, sitting on one of the logs which were pulled out of the Mississippi. The bright spot at the end of the log is where Hawk Eye's propeller struck.

One can imagine the results

but for a motor boat race it was next to impossible. It was on a body of water at the head of navigation on the Mississippi River, formed by a new dam above the City of St. Paul. It was



Attacking the U-Boat From On-High

A Plan for a Fleet of Warplanes of Many Thousand Horsepower Each—Machines That Will Be Delivered by Flying Them Across the Atlantic

By Major R. Perfetti

THREE thousand miles of ocean have stood in the way of solving the problem of striking Germany through the air.

As Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske and Messrs. Alan R. Hawley and Henry Woodhouse have pointed out in MoToR BoatinG, to win the war, the Allies must conduct major aerial operations against the U-boat bases and the German fleet at Kiel, as well as against Essen, Berlin, and other German military centers. To do that will take

tens of thousands of aeroplanes, many of them the largest warplanes available, each of which will be able to carry one or two tons of explosives or torpedoes. To transport from America to Europe the number of aeroplanes and aeronautic equipment needed to conduct major operations on a scale sufficiently extensive to destroy Germany's power

posal of the United States Government.

Therefore, the solution to this problem rests on flying the aeroplanes across the ocean.

would tax the entire tonnage at the dis-

This is entirely feasible, and we have machines in Italy that can do it. The main problem is really one of human power, but that is a solved problem, since our aviators have practically accomplished the equivalent of flying from New York to the Azores or from the Azores to Bermuda, which are the longest distances in trans-Atlantic flight.

The idea of solving the problem of delivering the machines to Europe by flying them across the Atlantic is brand new, and that is the only reason why the flight has not yet taken palce. But now that the officials of the Aero Club of America, the Aircraft Production

Board, and some of the officials of the War and Navy Departments are interested in solving this problem, it may not be long before the first air cruiser bridges the two continents by flight.

flight.

People have been calling me up to express their wonderment at the fact that the huge Italian Caproni triplanes have been conducting continuous operations against the Austrian bases, enabling the Italians to win victories which could not have otherwise been won. It is true that we have developed in Italians some extraordinary aeroplanes and motors, and that the only thing that prevents our developing huge air fleets with which to strike at our common enemy is the lack of raw materials—materials with which the United States and Great Britain may now, we hope, supply us.

The distinction of conduction the largest air mid over one

now, we hope, supply us.

The distinction of conducting the largest air raid ever conducted so far went to Italy a few days ago when 232 aeroplanes, most of which were, unfortunately, of the smaller type, stormed an Austrian base. The raid was successful and only one aeroplane failed to return.

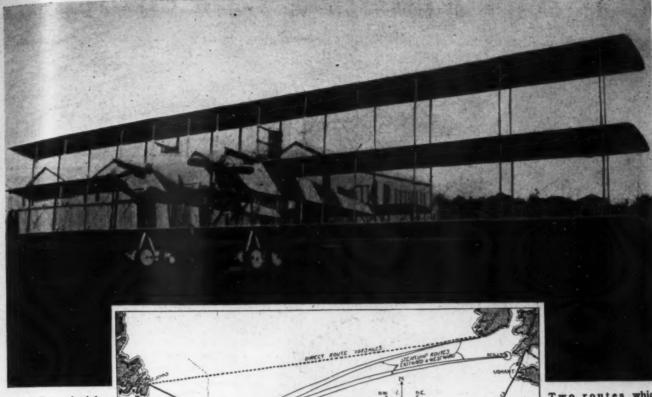
This raid showed more than ever the revolutionary value of aircraft and why the world's authorities now believe that the war is to be decided in the air.

decided in the air.

Up to recently the one difficult problem of the Allies was to find a means of eliminating the U-boat menace. The U-boat has been destroying ships faster than the Allies have been able to build them and whenever there have been considered plans for building the tens of thousands of aeroplanes needed with which to strike Germany through the air, this constructive aerial program has always been limited by that one difficult problem of shipping the aeroplanes to Europe after building them here in America. It would take practically all of the tonnage available to carry the tens of thousands of aeroplanes needed and which the United States can build but cannot deliver.

I am glad to be able to say now that there is a solution of this problem at hand and that the United States Government or any group of patriotic Americans can test the





new Caproni triplane A new Caproni triplane said to be equipped with three 700 h.p. motors and capable of carrying five tons of fuel. A flight across the Atlantic should be easy for this machine. The plane is 160 feet wide and 90 feet long

might be used for a flight from America to Europe. The direct route is about 2,000 miles in length while the one via the Azores consists of two legs of 1,200 and 927 miles respectively

personally hope that not less than five million dollars will be set aside to undertake to carry out this plan, which consists of taking the latest Italian air cruisers which can carry twentyfive passengers and building another even larger air cruiser, the designs of which have just been completed by the same Italian engineers who designed and built the twenty-five-pas-

senger machine and flying these machines across the Atlantic.
This would solve for good the problem of sending aeroplanes from the United States to the Allies—and whereas it is less than 500 miles from Great Britain to Kiel, Wilhelmshaven, Heligoland, Essen and other German U-boat and military bases, these air cruisers delivered from the United States to the Allies by airline can then be sent to destroy the German

These two giant air cruisers are the latest Italian developments in aeronautics. Having to fight a powerful enemy over the Gorizia mountains and across the Adriatic Sea, the Italians

have had to evolve dreadnaughts of the air, which can fly over mountains and across The result was that Italian genius developed the large Caproni triplanes, the fast Pomilio, Macchi, S. I. A., Savoys, Verduzio, and other most efficient aeroplanes, which now hold all the world records, including the record for useful weight carried, which is close to five tons; the greatest speed, our latest Pomilio mak-ing 157 miles per hour; the largest distance covered in a single flight, which happened several

days ago, when an Italian officer flew 920 miles from Turin to Naples, without a stop, which took only about ten hours. Our flying boats, like our land machines, hold records; and our Isotta Fraschini, S. P. A., and other motors, which range up to 600 h. p. per motor, and will soon be 1,000 h. p., are acknowledged to be the best in the world.

Two months ago I announced at a meeting held at the Automobile Club of America, under the auspices of the Aero Club of America, that I expected soon to be able to announce as a fact that we would have aeroplanes capable of carrying from twenty-five to fifty passengers each. I am now glad to state it as a fact that these machines can be built, and that Italy will be glad to supply a number of these air cruisers to the United States Government or to any group of patriotic Americans who may wish to demonstrate the possibility of delivering aeroplanes to the Allies by flying them there.

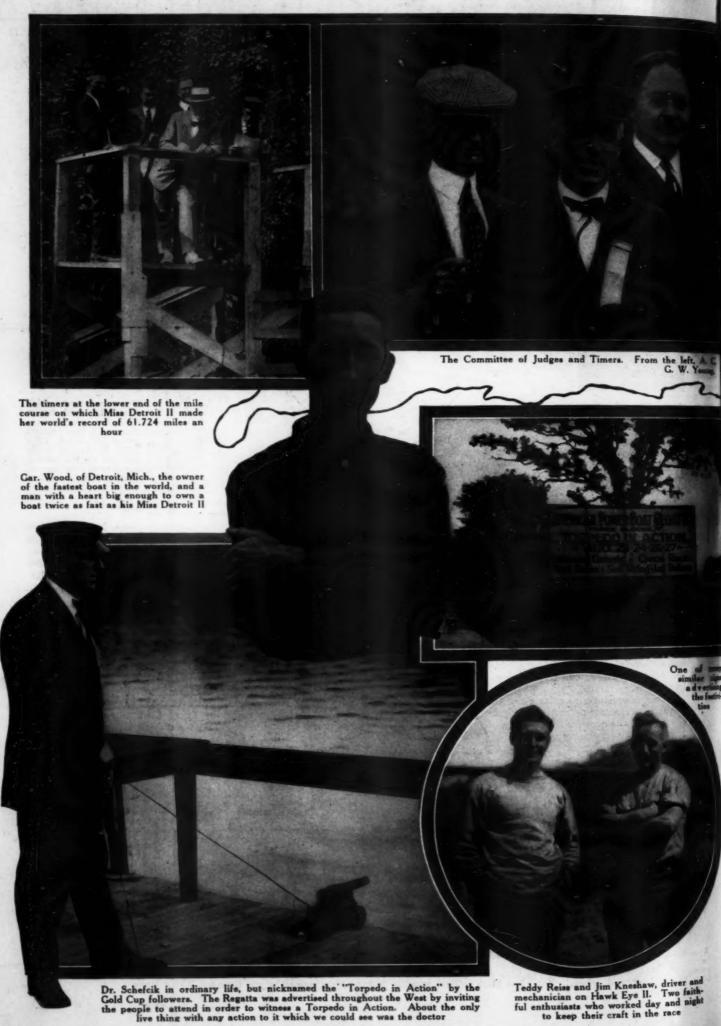
We will be glad to undertake not only to supply the machines,

pectations.

The only German aeroplane in East Africa now captured by the British. The black soldiers standing in front were trained by the Germans

but to fly them across the Atlantic for the United States Government or patriotic people who may undertake to do this. Within the last few weeks a Caproni plane has been undergoing a very severe test in the United States. In every particular it has fulfilled the greatest ex-A large number of passengers have been carried at one time at an almost unheard of speed. At the time of this writing a trip is planned to be made in a few days from Norfolk to New

Who's Who To-day in the World



of Motor Boat Racing Celebrities





The clubhouse and basin of the Corinthian Yacht Club of Philadelphia as it looks in peace times

By C. S. Street

Photographs by Pearce

THE Corinthian Yacht Club, of Essington, Pa., once the yacht club of the millionaire and the ideal home of the sailor, has changed from pleasure to business. Her fine fleet of schooners, yawls, raceabouts and motor craft, have stopped the fun of yachting and taken on the grim duty of lending a helping hand to our Government, in its hour of need.

The handsome and commodious quarters, built for the comfort and pleasure of the members, has been turned over to the government as a base for the Delaware River and Bay, and the Fourth Naval District, so that the fleet of the club, and those who have signed up with Uncle Sam, may have a starting point which is complete in every detail pertaining to preparedness and equipment.

pertaining to preparedness and equipment.

The Corinthian Yacht Club is located on the back channel at the turning point of the ship's channel right at the lower end of Tinicum Island, Delaware River. This gives the club quiet waters in the large basin and at the moorings directly in front of the club property.

moorings directly in front of the club property.

Probably there is no other club so located with every convenience right at its doors. The Essington Ship Building Co. is but a stone's throw to the north of the club, where rail-

ways, as well as hundreds of workmen are on the job, day and night, together with the fleet of this section which is now on active duty. A large aviation school where many aeroplanes are installed for the purpose of instructing the students in flying is situated just below the ship building company. The great war supply center of Chester, Pa., is stationed 3 miles below the club, and up channel about 12 miles is the City of Philadelphia. Next door to the Corinthian are located the Philadelphia and Riverside Yacht Clubs, so that there is something doing at all times in this vicinity.

Where once we saw the white flannels and yachting togs of the club members, while they were hustling to and fro from their floating homes at anchor, we now see their craft with the mahogany painted gray, deck houses ripped off to make room for guns, awnings of gray and twenty or more men taking the place of the regular crew. The owners of the Corinthian Club fleet, we see in the regulation uniforms, some as commissioned officers and others taking part as crew, all doing their best to help Uncle Sam do business.

Commodore Charles Longstreth, with his two fighting ships, the Arawan II and Zenith, has been the keynote to the Naval Coast Defense and his everlasting hustle has brought forth thirty or more of his club fleet to this work. All the boats that could be used by the government were put into commission by their owners to be used for patrol duty in the Fourth Naval District. They comprise a fleet of the pleasure craft known throughout the world, and are as follows: Arawan II, a 71-footer, commanded by its owner, Com. Chas. Longstreth, in charge of the Delaware River and Bay section; Zenith, a 73-footer, commanded by Lieutenant Maurice Belknap, in charge of the Cape May section; Alcedo, 275 feet long, owned by Com. Geo. W. Childs Drexel, as well as his new express cruiser Akbar. Clipper, a 65-footer, owned and commanded by Lieutenant I. C. Wetherill, also on duty at Cape May, having Walter A. Bell, another yachtsman of Philadelphia, as Ensign. This cruiser is well fitted for patrol work at sea and has just been made winter-ready by the installation of hot water heat throughout. Diantheus, 65 feet long, built by Herreshoff, and owned by the famous Bermuda racer, John P. Crozer, of Beach Haven. Dixie, a 62-footer, owned by S. F. Houston; Juniata, a 138-footer, owned by Geo. W. Elkins; Howarda, a 73-footer, owned by H. S. Kerner;





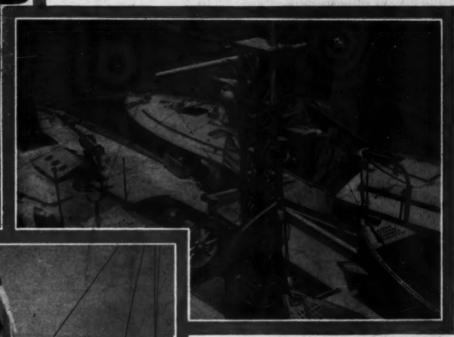
Sectional Patrol No. 61, formerly Zenith, owned and commanded by Two motor cruisers which have been taken over by the Navy Depart-Lieut. Charles Longstreth, U. S. N. R. F.

each boat having a gasoline motor.

Although this is a small number of enrolled vessels of the Corinthian Yacht Club that are actually taking part in the service of the government, the others, some sixty large pleasure craft, stand ready for the call, and their owners have pledged themselves to use these vessels for service only and have withdrawn from all yachting sport for the period of the war. With an active membership of over two hundred, thirty per cent. are now on active duty. Some of the members are located on the Maine coast, others abroad and at Annap-

the Maine coast, others abroad and at Annapolis attending instruction classes, and the balance are working under the supervision of Commander Charles Longstreth, who is in charge of the Fourth Naval District.

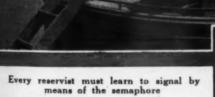
Secretary Addison F. Bancroft has had the management of the club's welfare for many years and can tell you of the days when the yachtsmen withdrew from the Keystone Yacht Club, and the Philadelphia and Corinthian



Looking down on the business-like deck of two of the patrol boats

clubs were born; of the vessels that have sailed from this club across the salt pond and around the world; of the several commodores who have stood fast to make the club a sailing club until three years ago, when the members took up the popular sport of motor boating; of the famous schooners and sloops that sail from this club and of the one-design racing knockabouts that have taken part in contests each summer since the organization of the club.

Should you be privileged to visit the club, you would see a magnificent building surrounded by large (Continued on page 49)



Georgiana III, a 95-footer, owned by Lieutenant J. H. R. Cromwell, who is at Annapolis. The boat is commanded by Lieunapolis. The boat is commanded by Lieutenant R. L. Young, the well-known Bermuda navigator. Drusilla, a 75-footer, owned by A. Drexel; Little Aie, a 55-footer, owned by John Price Wetherill, with Lieutenant Henry Bowes in charge; Nedeva, a 64-footer, built especially for natrol work and owned by Lieutenant patrol work and owned by Lieutenant Cromwell, commanded by Ensign Geo. Mesmick; Margo, a 64-footer, owned by Geo. H. McNeely; Ponce, a 59-footer, owned by Philip du Pont, one of the Delaware River cruiser prize winners; Nirvana II, a 65-footer, owned by J. H. Mervana II, a 65-footer, owned by J. H. Merrick; Suzanne, a 110-footer, owned by E. G. Buckner; Zipalong, a 79-footer, owned by E. W. Clark; Marguerite, an 80-footer, owned by Edward B. Clark, and Trinitaria, a 40-footer, owned by L. S. Clarke. H. W. Warren and A. C. Woodman have their sloops Valiant, a 60-footer, and Idelia, a 65-footer, entered for service,



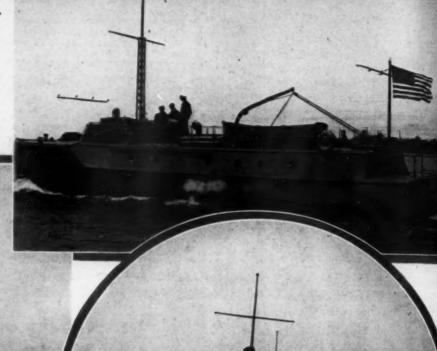
Many of the yards which formerly were engaged in building motor craft have been taken over by the Navy Department

The 1917 Express Cruiser a Real Success

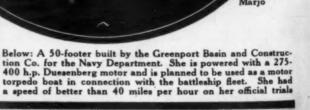
REAT strides forward have been made in express cruiser design within a year. The season of 1916 was in many respects the beginning of the express cruiser era. While the results and experiences of the owners of these craft of a year ago could hardly be called gratifying, yet the faults have been carefully analyzed by the motor manufacturers, so that now it can be truthfully said that the express cruiser motor of 1917 is a perfected piece of mechanism.

A number of marine engine manufacturers have directed their special attention toward the production of models suited for express cruiser

At the right: S. P. 54, owned by Herman Oelrichs, U. S. N. R. F. She is now powered with a Duesenberg motor



Louise, built by Lawley and powered with a 280-360 h.p. Duesenberg. She is owned by J. Sullivan of Chicago, Ill. Her length is 50 feet



One of the most successful V-bottom express cruisers of the year is Marjo, built by the Albany Boat Corp. With a 275-400 h.p. Duesenberg a speed of 30 miles an hour is claimed

work. Those who have been directing their efforts along this line include the Driggs Ordnance Corp., Duesenberg Motor Corp., Gas Engine & Power Co., Sterling Engine Co. and the Van Blerck Motor Co.

While it would be impossible to illustrate and describe in one issue of MoToR BoatinG

While it would be impossible to illustrate and describe in one issue of MoToR BoatinG all of the successful express cruisers of 1917, yet those shown on the following few pages may be taken as fairly representative.



YSTERY II, a larger and faster edition of the 1916 Mystery, has recently been delivered to her owner, Ralph Pulitzer, of the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club. The new express cruiser was designed by A. E. Luders and built by the Luders Marine Construction Co., of Stamford, Conn. Early in July this boat was put through her trials and averaged 25 miles an hour for four and one-half hours.

Mystery II is 71 feet long by 13 feet beam and has a draft of 3 feet 9 inches. She is one of the biggest of the season's crop of fast express cruisers or patrol boats. Her power installation consists of a pair of eight-cylinder 280-350 h.p. Patrol Model Duesenberg motors, developing the maximum rated power at 1,350 r.p.m. and turning a 23½ x 28-inch three-bladed Columbian propeller.

Her accommodations are unusually complete and comprise comfortable sleeping arrangements for six persons with additional facili-

The owner's quarters



ties for the crew in the forecastle. Aft of the forecastle is the owner's stateroom with private toilet and sleeping accommodations for four people and next aft is a vestibule leading up to the deck and followed by two single staterooms.

staterooms.

The designer of this very attractive craft is to be congratulated on the efficient layout of the engine-room and its ventilation, which is so important in a boat of this type where big power is generated at high speeds. A wireless room furnished with a long distance Cutting & Washington wireless set is located aft of the engine-room. Across from this room is the galley with a compact but quite commodious ice-box.

The main dining saloon, a beautiful room splendidly decorated and furnished, is located aft of the galley and is provided with two berths to be used in case of emergency.

The boat is entirely controlled from the

The boat is entirely controlled from the bridge deck. All controls, etc., are brought up to the steering column, although the boat is equipped with ship's telegraphs.

Photographs Copyrighted by Brown and Dawson



The bridge is entirely closed in to protect the helmsman from the elements



One corner of the accommodations below decks—the saloon, galley and toilet



Kumagin at full speed makes very little fuss even though her speed is 23 miles per hour

A New Seventy-Six-Foot Twin-Screw Express Cruiser Which is a Notable Addition to the Great Lakes Fleet-Speed: Twenty-Three Miles per Hour

A yachts on the Great Lakes has been made in the 76-foot express cruiser

Kumagin, which has just been launched by the Great Lakes Boat Building Corp., of Milwaukee, Wis., for Albert Pack, of Chicago. One of the most striking features of interest is that Kumagin is the largest V-bottom express cruiser afloat. The result of her maiden cruise fully demonstrates that the performance of the cruiser is all

plates crew's quarters forward followed by the galley, main salon, bridge deck, engine compartment, owner's stateroom and bath, guest stateroom, and large cockpit. Ac-

NOTABLE addition to the fleet of luxury and elegance. The upholstery is of yachts on the Great Lakes has been imported French broadcloth, the color of which harmonizes with the silk hangings and velvet

The bridge which can be almost entirely closed in

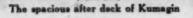
carpets. The interiors are all done in mahogany.

The whole structure is of unusual interest

on account of the standards of construction, which involve the use of sawn frames, steam bent ribs, and battens running from stem to transom, all spaced on short centers and forming a lami-nated framework which is practically indestructible. The planking is made up of two courses, the inner skin of which is cedar laid diagonally and the outer skin of genuine Mexican mahogany laid longitudinally, with the plank seams centered on the battens.

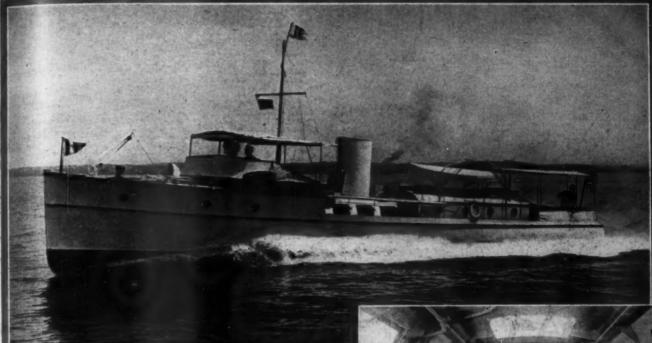
The power plant consists of two eight-cylinder Van Blerck motors which give the cruiser a turn of speed of 23 miles per hour. All controls are carried to the bridge deck for one-man operation.







A view of one of the staterooms below deck



Inquirer at 25 knots

Cruising at 25 Knots Inquirer, Powered With a 600 H.P. Engine, Has the

Inquirer, Powered With a 600 H.P. Engine, Has the Accommodations of a Modern Hotel and an Average Speed Greater Than a Motor Car

THE express cruiser of to-day has all the conveniences and points of advantage of the high-powered motor car, and many more in addition. Touring on land in the latter is not to be compared with the luxurious comfort which awaits the owner of a small size motor yacht. His guests, as numerous and fastidious as he cares to select them, are included in the same class. When cruising on any of the numerous waterways of this country, whether it be on inland waters, along the coasts or at sea, out of sight of land, it makes little difference in the performance or running of the 1917 express cruiser.

No hotels to consider, with the attendant reservations made weeks in advance, no bad roads or schedule to live up to, no baggage to be loaded every morning, and no policemen always on the alert to detect some breach of the traffic laws—just go when you please, when you please, and as far as you like. Your hotel is always with you, so is your own chef—eat what you like, dress as you see fit, and enjoy life. Such is the purpose of the express cruiser.

Inquirer, owned by Col. James Elverson, of Philadelphia, Pa., is an example of the possibilities within an overall length of 62 feet. In outward appearance she resembles nothing



The two 260-360 h.p. Duesenbergs, while mammoth in size, yet do not crowd the motor room uncomfortably

which has gone before her. A strikingly original personality has been given to her by the designer, A. Loring Swasey, of Boston, Mass. Two eight-cylinder 260-360 h.p. Duesenberg motors control the speed of the boat.



The after teck, together with the bridge deck forward, give ample

One corner of the main cabin, looking forward. On the starboard side is the entrance to the completely equipped galley



Vivo, owned by C. B. Lockwood, of Sandusky, Ohio, one of the oldest yachtsmen on the Great Lakes

Great Lakes 60-Footer

Vivo, the Latest Addition to the Rapidly Increasing Fleet of Express Cruisers on Lake Erie—A Boat Capable of a Maintained Speed of 24 Miles Per Hour

SANDUSKY, Ohio, cherishes a new 24-mile day cruiser, the property of C. B. Lockwood, a trim craft with the dash and vivacity immediately suggested by the -Vivo.

This luxurious cruiser is of the round-bilge type, 60 x 10-foot, from designs by Carlton Wilby, of Detroit. The Church Boat Co., of Sibley, Mich., built her.

The frames are of clear white oak, the planking of Virginia white cedar, the decks of teak, the deck-house and interior finish entirely of mahogany, and the fastenings of copper and bronze. No expense has been spared to make Vivo a superb express cruiser.

Vivo trims beautifully at high speed, the lines being and leaves a remarkably clean wake. The motors,

Vivo 59 Fee Two six-cylinde inder Sterlings counterbalanced crankshaft type, six-cylinder, Model F Sterlings, and there is no vibration. In the aft cabin, we can revel in the beauty

of the surroundings. Rich mahogany with its of white in a proportion of refinement, leaves nothing to be desired. Extension berths pronothing to be desired. Extension berths pro-vide sleeping accommodations for four. Up forward are two more berths, while the pit could be adapted for three more sleepers if open

air is preferred.

The aft cockpit is bound-

ed on three sides by spring box cushions, is carpeted and has a folding mahog-any table in the center. It is from this section that vistas of the lake and small rivers (which abound in northern Ohio, and make motor boating in that dis-trict a series of journeys through a veritable para-



One corner of the main cabin

The bridge or sunken pilot house

Zenith, Now S. P. 61, U.S. N. R. F.

New 73-Foot Express Cruiser Which Bears the Distinction of Being the First of Its Type to Meet With Official Approval—Cruising Comforts in Times of Peace Not Sacrificed



THERE cently heen completed at the yards of the Mathis Yacht Building Co., Camden. N. J., an interesting and attractive 73foot express cruiser which was designed hy Bowes & Mower, Philadelphia, Pa., specifically for naval service. In spite of the fact that the boat was intended for war-like service it was not found necessary al-together to

neglect the comforts expected in a vessel of this class. Obviously, high speed is one of the requirements for a boat designed for naval service and for this reason large and powerful motors are obliged to be installed. A greater than ordinary cruising radius was also necessary and unusually large fuel tanks had to be provided for. To make room for this equipment it was necessary to reduce the accommodations

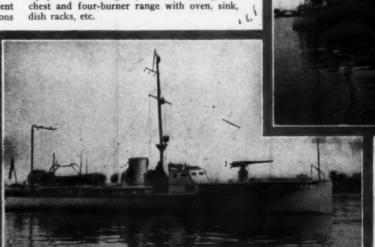
ordinarily provided in an express cruiser for the owner and his guests. S. P. 61, which is the present designation of the cruiser in question, is driven by two Duesenberg 400 h.p. engines, manufactured by the Duesenberg Motors Corp., of Chicago, Ill. Fuel is carried in three tanks having a combined capacity of 464 gallons which are installed at the forward end of the engine, while two other tanks with a total capacity of 880 gallons are mounted directly astern of the maneton which course the amidships position. Oil reservoirs flank the engines at the after end while auxiliary gasoline tanks of small capacity are placed at either beam forward.

Accommodations are provided for a crew of four men in the forecastle. Immediately aft of the forecastle and separated from it by a steel bulkhead is a double stateroom with a toilet adjoining. The galley is located aft of the engine-room which is well supplied



The two 400 h.p. Duesenberg motors are placed together with the shafts running at a diverging angle, permitting proper clearance of the two propellers

with bookcases and alcoves. A buffet is built in against the partition separating the saloon from the galley. The galley is unusually spacious and extends somewhat more than half the beam of the vessel. Sharing its section with a toilet at the starboard side, the equipment of the galley includes a large ice chest and four-burner range with oven, sink, dish racks, etc.



This 73-footer is of a general design which will prove exceptionally valuable in time of need, having been designed with belligerent purposes in view

For service with the Naval Reserve, the cruiser mounts a 3-inch gun on the forward deck and to withstand the racking incident to firing a sizable piece like this, it has been

found necessary to give an ample margin of strength in the construction of the boat. By using special hogging stringers the snap which results from the firing of the gun is absorbed. It is also necessary to use special steel beams, girders and tie plates to take up the local strains, fastenings in wood not being

strong enough.

In the matter of speed S. P. 61
surpassed the expectations of her designers and builders upon her trial trips.

Carrying the regular navy load which is about twice what would be put on board for an ordinary cruising trip, the boat performed as follows: 24½ knots at 1,150 r.p.m., 22 knots at 1,100 r.p.m., 19¾ knots at 900 r.p.m. and 15¼ knots at 700 r.p.m.

15¼ knots at 700 r.p.m.

The engineering feat involved in building a light high-speed motor boat of this type to withstand the racking engendered by the firing of a 3-pounder gun from her forward deck is a truly difficult one. When Zenith's 3-pounder was fired during her official trials it was noticed by those on board that the concussion would fairly lift the boat up. When the gun was depressed a vacuum caused by the shells going past the windows was enough to suck the glass out of ports and frames.

Patrol Boats for Over Seas Fighting

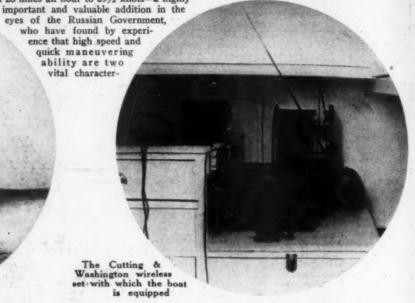
A Number of Craft Designed Especially to Combat the Submarine in Foreign Waters-Seaworthiness and Considerable Reserve Power Together With Speed are Featured

IN the accompanying illustrations is shown one of the latest type of boat ordered by the Russian Government for submarine service. This boat was put through her official trials at Greenport, L. I., under the supervision of government officials. She is one of an order for 60-foot motor patrol boats guar-

motors and a guaranteed speed of 26 m.p.h. was assured, and in each instance realized. But recently the power requirements have been changed and now a pair of eight-cylinder Duesenbergs having a bore and stroke of $63/4 \times 73/4$ inches supply the persistent urge that gives these boats the increase in speed from 26 miles an hour to 29½ knots—a highly

60 feet long by a beam of 10 feet and draw 60 feet long by a beam of 10 feet and draw 3 feet of water. The two Duesenbergs are housed amidships in an engine-room that is well lighted, splendidly ventilated and with ample room for the mechanics to operate when necessary. The four 270-gallon fuel tanks are placed just abaft of the engine-room and have





anteed to make a speed of 291/2 knots an hour. Forty-two boats of practically the same model and size designed and built by the Greenport Basin & Construction Co., of Greenport, L. I., were delivered to the Russian Government

shortly before the completion of 63. jority of the boats previously con-structed were powered with three

istics of the successful submarine chaser. It has been found that speed is a vital necessity in a motor patrol boat, yet in addition such a boat has to be able to keep the sea in almost any weather and to have a wide radius of ac-tion. These boats, which are designed by J. W. Hussey, are of the V-bottom type with the floor flattening out aft so that they are in reality a huge monoplane. These boats are

a total capacity of 1,080 gallons, which at the guaranteed speed gives a cruising radius of approximately 500 miles, while at a lower speed 1,000 miles can be covered on one filling.

All of the boats are painted a battleship gray.

Being low, rakish and fast as a streak, they handle with perfection. A flush deck with a small steering shelter just forward of amid-



One of the boats built for a foreign power on her official trial trip

Caught in a Fog

Preliminary Preparations Should Be Made for Such an Emergency, Run at Moderate Speed, Listen for All Sounds, Use Your Lead and Trust Little to Luck

THE PRIZE CONTEST-Answers to the First Question in the August Issue.

Entering Harbor When Proper Landmarks are Obscured

The Prize-Winning Answer.

FOR the purpose of illustrating the above method we will assume that a vessel is at position, ascertained by D. R. by the lead, and is proceeding along the coast on a northerly course, and wishes to enter harbor and make the clubhouse landing.

The vessel is making, we will say, 10 miles

The vessel is making, we will say, 10 miles.

per hour, or 1 mile every 6 minutes. Now the idea is to find the ship's approximate position, and this is done in the following manner:

D R and log gives position A¹. Now take a cast of the lead, and be sure the lead is armed

so as it will bring up a specimen of the bottom, and note the time. Now as you are not sure of your position you decide to haul off a point or so in this case from N to N 17 degrees E. We also decide to run on this course for 18 minutes, or 3 miles. Now at the end of the first 6 minutes we take another cast, noting the time and kind of bottom which in this case is 91/2 fathoms, sandy bottom. At the end of the second mile repeat the operation and so on.

At A² we decide to haul up to N 73 degrees W, and run 3 miles. Repeat the operations, taking a cast at the end of every mile, and note time and bottom. After holding this course for 18 minutes we decide to change to S 72 degrees W, and we run on this course for 12 minutes, or 2 miles, repeating the operations the same as before. When the two miles are the same as before. When the two miles are up we have decided it is not safe to proceed any further until the ship's approximate position is found, so we heave to and proceed as follows:

Take a piece of tracing cloth, and draw several straight lines to represent the meridi-Mark a point on the tracing cloth which

will represent the ship's posi-tion in this case A¹, and lay off the several courses and distances, using the meridian line as a guide, which in this case is N 17 degrees East, 3 miles, N 73 degrees W, 3 miles, S 72 degrees W, 2 miles. We also mark off on the course line points where we took the soundings (see drawing in this case every mile) also mark the number of fathoms and the kind of bottom. Go to the chart and lay the tracing cloth over the chart's face, and slide it around until the marks on chart's tracing cloth coincide with the marks on the chart, that is, fathoms and bottom. After a few seconds you will find a position where the marks coincide. If they do not, take the nearest num-bers, that is, keep sliding the tracing cloth around you get the best reyou get the best results. Therefore, we find the vessel to be at B 5½ fathoms mud bottom, or the point where the last sounding was taken.

We can now make the landing from B by running on a time course, taking soundings, and keeping a good lookout.

To make use of the above method more certain and accurate, the problem of Reduction of soundings should be worked up before plotting the soundings on the tracing cloth.

A. E. R., Cape May Point, N. J.

Questions for the December Issue

1. With the appeal for the economical use of gasoline, what procedure, adjustments, or methods of operating would you suggest to decrease fuel censumption?

Suggested by G. A. L., Washington, D. C. 2. Illustrate and describe the construction of a refrigerator or ice-box for a small cruiser.

Suggested by E. J. S., Springfield, Mass.

Rules for the Contest

Answers to the questions, addressed to the Editor of MoToR BoatinG, 119 West 40th St., New York, must be (a) in our hands on or before October 20, (b) ahout 500 words long, (c) written on one side of the paper only, (d) accompanied by the senders' names and addresses. (The pame, will be withheld and initials or a pseudonym used if this is desired.) Questions for the next contest should reach us on or before the 20th of October. The Editor reserves the right to make such changes and corrections in the accepted answers as he may deem necessary.

The prizes are: For each of the best answers to the questions above, any article or articles sold by an advertiser advertising in the current issue of MoToR BoatinG of which the advertised price does not exceed \$25, or a credit of \$25 on as article which sells for more than that amount. (There are three prizes—one for each question—and a contestant need send in an answer to but one if he does not care to answer all three.)

For answers which we print that do not win a prize we pay space rates.

For each of the questions selected for use in the next contest, any article or articles sold by an advertiser advertising in this issue of MoToR BoatinG, of which the advertised price does not exceed \$5, or a credit of \$5 on an article which sells for more than that amount. All details connected with the ordering of the prizes selected by the winners must be handled by us.

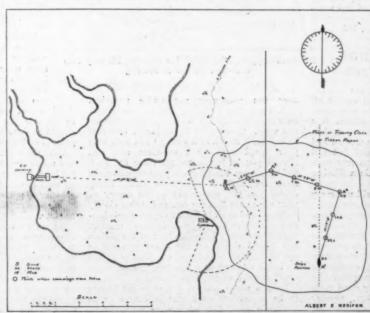
Preliminary Preparation

HE ease and security with which one can find his way to port when caught off shore in thick weather depends much more on the preliminary preparations that have been made for such an emergency, than upon what is done after the fog has descended and shut one in. Did you ever stop to think that merchant and naval vessels hardly ever lose track of their position in a fog? Of course the officers of all vessels dread fogs, as they vastly increase the danger and difficulty of navigation, but even in the thickest weather the careful navigator should have some idea of the position of his vessel, and by the use of this position by dead reckoning and the chart and lead line, harbor can usually be made unless the entrance is very narrow and hard to find.

It is in getting the position by dead reckoning that the matter of preliminary preparation counts so much. Dead reckoning is not a mere guess at the position of the vessel as some amateurs think. It is the position as obtained by a careful graphical or mathematical solution of the change brought about in the boat's position by sailing certain given courses and distances from the starting point of the trip, technically called the point of departure. Naturally one does not take departure from one's own dock, but from the last well-marked point at the harbor mouth, usually a lighthouse, light-vessel, or some other object whose position is accurately shown on the chart. To work out a position by dead reckoning it is absolutely necessary to have an accurate log of the trip that has just been made, and this in turn means that a good compass must be used in connection with a table of deviations. It is, of course, also necessary to know the speed of the boat and the time for which each course was held. The speed can best be obtained by a knowledge

of the speed your boat makes in miles or knots at the different engine speeds you are in the habit of using when off on a cruise. Because of the relation between the sea mile and the minute of lati tude the speed in knots will be found the most convenient to use. The log should be carefully and faithfully kept in some systematic way in log book. A good example of a well-kept log may be seen on page 14 of the Aug-ust issue of MoToR BoatinG, and though to a certain type of motor boatman this keeping of a log will seem far too much trouble, there are plenty of others who are anxious to learn the proper way of do-ing things and who realize that the knowledge of practical coastwise navigation that they may pick up while off on their vacations may be of inestimable value to their country some day. Having kept such a record

of your trip in your log book and then having been caught



Mr. Redifer's diagram to illustrate his method of making a harbor in the fog

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in a fog, it will not be necessary to get your position by computation, though if you know how to work a traverse and do middle latitude sailing that will be the easiest way, but those who have never seen the inside of a ditch" can get the position of their boat almost as accurately by plotting the various courses and distances they have sailed on the chart by the use of parallel rulers, pencil and dividers. Having determined your position in this way it is a simple matter to lay a course for port. In as a simple matter to lay a course for port. In making your run in go very slowly, keep a sharp look out for other vessels and aids to navigation that you may be able to pick up, use your fog horn, and keep your lead going, for as soon as you are on soundings it will give you much valuable information. When you can get soundings regularly it will be a good plan to check your position by means of them, and to do this you merely have to take soundings at regular intervals, say each quarter or half mile, and plot them on a bit of tracing paper on the same scale as your chart. Now rule a meridian on the tracing paper and by moving the tracing paper about on the chart with the meridian always parallel to the meridians on the chart you should be able to find where your soundings tally with those on the chart, due allowances being made for the stage of the tide, of course. This will give you your position with a surprising degree of accuracy if your vessel carries some sort of gear getting soundings in water as much as eighty or a hundred feet deep. If you only carry a short lead line and light lead the methods will be of little or no use. When the harbor mouth is finally found the rest of the business of getting in is purely a matter of care, common sense, and a good knowledge of your locality and the peculiarities of the bottom in various parts of your harbor. Your lead will have to act as eyes for you, and to the skillful pilot an armed lead is about the most useful bit of equipment aboard in a fog, always excepting the compass, of course. Above all, keep both the letter and spirit of the Pilot Rules governing the management of vessels in fog, for by chances you are not only risking your life and boat, but that of others as well, and incidentally giving other mem-bers of the boating fraternity who are real seamen the reputation of being a careless set of men who should really not be trusted with the command of even small pleasure craft.
W. M. A., Baltimore, Md.

Nine Parts Common Sense and One Part Good Luck

AKING your harbor when caught off shore in a fog represents nine parts common sense and one part luck. It is an easier thing to accomplish than to explain how it should be done because the method and manner of obtaining a perfect land fall will vary according to the circumstances surrounding each case, and no two cases in a lifetime of sailing will be exactly alike.

The careful skipper, however, will use every

precaution possible in every instance, no matter how near he may be to his harbor or how

simple it may seem to make it. In every case it is absolutely necessary to know your position, or approximate position, at the time the fog strikes in, and no skipper is worthy of the name who does not continually check his position at every possible opportunity in clear or thick weather either by dead reckoning, bearings, soundings, buoys, passing steamers with known routes or destinations,

We can assume, therefore, we are offshore in a more or less determined position when that scourge of the sea, which has sent so

many a good mariner to Davey Jones' locker, comes rolling in.

The first thing to do is put the best helmsman on board at the wheel-one whom you know can and will steer a straight course, keep his mind absolutely on his work and keep his nerve under any and all conditions. Next station a good man as lookout, and, if you have enough crew, put two on this duty. One can also sound the whistle, but if you have a spare hand, let him do this, as work will keep him from getting frightened if he is green. Then remove all surplus crew, guests, paid hands and other useless incumbrances away from the men on duty, particularly the helmsman, and keep them quiet. There is nothing bothers a man in a time like this so much as useless questions,

expressions of fear and unnecessary noise. Having so arranged your crew, it is up to the skipper to lay his course, and he should proceed to figure his compass course and distance from his position to the harbor. If the harbor has a light vessel, bell or whistling buoy or offshore fog signal of any kind, lay your course for that, because should you

Course

Diagram suggested by McM. for working his way into a distant harbor in the fog

run you may not strike anything. In computing compass course, due allow-ance must be made for deviation, tidal influence and wind. Give course to helmsman (see that he repeats it to you as his reply) and then note your speed both by revolutions and log. Should you be "on soundings", use the lead, and the nearer you approach your objective, the more frequently it should be cast. Every chance you get, glance out of the corner of your eye to see that the course is being closely followed and don't hesitate to check the helmsman or relieve him if he is deviating from it. Careful scrutiny of the character of the bottom and depths shown on the chart will enable you to check up as you proceed. Depths plotted on tissue to same scale as chart can be "fitted

over" the depths given on chart. Keep a sharp lookout for steamers known to be proceeding on a certain course or to a certain port, for, while they may not be proceeding correctly, it is another check to

your own reckoning.

After running in 90 per cent. of your distance or arriving within a zone where some signal The same of the sa

should be heard, slow down or stop your engine and see if you can find any sound or sign to guide you. If a fog signal should be heard, to guide you. It a log signal should be neard, send a man aloft, as sound is most uncertain in a fog and very often travels a foot or two above the water and twenty feet above that with a silent space between. If nothing is heard, proceed as before for five minutes and repeat, always supposing the lead is being cast continually and gives you plenty of water.

If it is a still day or off shore wind and the

beach steep, so that you may be close in, listen for sounds such as surf, crows feeding on the beach, automobile horns, or other land noises and also smells. A fish fertilizer plant is sometimes better than the best fog horn ever made Local knowledge of shoals on which may be found rips or lobster pots will help.

Finally, there is luck, which I can't describe but trust you may have and incidentally the man who uses his lead the most will find his luck the best. H. A. J., New York City.

Use the Compass

EST the compass in clear weather to be sure that it is true, as an incorrect compass is accountable for the loss of many fine boats.

If it proves accurate, make sure that it is not placed near any metal. With these precautions taken believe the compass, as it is very easy to get turned around in thick weather with no wind as a guide.

In making a run in thick weather, one must always keep in mind the fact that anything but a fair or head wind, and a fair or head tide, is going to set him out either one way or the other, especially in the light draft boat, making not over six or eight miles per hour. In deeper or eight miles per hour. draft one would have to allow more for tide and less for wind.

Always run at moderate speed in thick weather, especially when approaching land or water frequented by other boatmen. One should always remember to sound his whistle with one blast of at least five seconds' duration every minute. When approaching another boat, they should exchange blasts oftener.

Two blasts each of about five seconds' duration indicates that a sailing vessel is on her port tack, one blast that she is on her starboard tack, three blasts that she is running before the wind. One can judge by the sound of the blast if the vessel is running near.

Keep a constant lookout in thick weather for tide rips made by tide running over submerged rocks, logs or breakers, and at the same time an eye on the boat and compass.

you think that you are approaching shoal water, and there is no sea or tide to indicate the fact, take soundings. This should be done with a lead made for that pur-pose. If no lead is at hand, a light anchor will do.

With these precautions in mind, a good chart and a knowledge of the compass, the speed of the boat, number of miles per hour and minutes on each run, and last but by no means least it is better to pull off your switch or pull out your clutch ten minutes too soon than one second

too late. As we start at A and set our course so as to arrive at B we must allow one or more points to windward according to the velocity of the wind and strength of the tide, and type of boat. Now when we have run one hour it shuts down, and starts in to breeze, we keep on running two hours more, then it becomes so choppy that we decide to make the nearest harbor. We consider that we have run three hours at six miles per hour. That would take us eighteen miles from the starting point. Take the chart and consider the nearest harbor which is twelve miles away. McM., Brooklin, Me.

PRIZE CONTE

Setting the Valves

How to Do It on Four-Cycle Marine Engines-The Position of One Tooth on the Gears in Valve Setting Makes a Great Difference Between Good and Bad Results

THE PRIZE CONTEST-Answers to the Second Question in the August Issue.

Suggestions for Setting Valves

The Prize-Winning Answer

AMSHAFTS are usually constructed from a solid metal forging, yet some de-signs have the cams rigidly keyed to the shaft, while with either type, unless the shaft in some manner becomes twisted, the possibility of the cams changing their prearranged sitions is remote.

Where all the valves are actuated by these cam projections, arranged on one shaft, by determining the proper position of the cams to the valves of some one individual cylinder, the remaining cylinders will operate in correct sequence, unless as before mentioned the shaft is distorted or the driving gears are not rigidly fastened to the shafts.

On a motor provided with independent camshafts to the exhaust and inlet valves, the individual setting of each shaft is necessary but the following description will apply to either type.

The covers to the engine base should be removed, in order that the cranks can be seen or a length of stiff wire inserted into the cylinder head to rest on the top of the piston.

Having selected some particular cylinder to work from, the crankshaft should be turned until the end of the connecting rod is within 40 degrees of bottom dead center or the wire inserted in the cylinder goes down eight-tenths of the motor stroke. The camshaft should be then turned, in the direction in which it runs when in operation, until the cam to the exhaust valve is against the push rod to the valve stem. The gears are then meshed and the crankshaft turned, noting carefully the movement of the exhaust valve. At about one-tenth of the piston travel on the up or exhaust stroke, or when the crankshaft has moved over 20 degrees to the opposite side of the lower dead center, the exhaust valve should be wide open and remain open until the pis-ton is within one-tenth of its total travel from the upper dead center or the crankshaft about twenty degrees from its vertical position on

the up stroke.

The valve then commences to close, and is entirely closed when the piston is 15 degrees past upper dead center.

The idea is to have the exhaust valve open

early and avoid the piston rising against the expanding gas, tending to compress it.

The setting of the intake valve is a similar process, but it is usual to allow less lead than in the instance of the exhaust. The piston is hought? stroke, or one-tenth of total travel for rod measurement. This position is immediately after the exhaust valve closes. The inlet cam is rotated in the direction in which it revolves, until the cam sets up against the push rod to the inlet valve stem, and the gears are

The crankshaft is turned and the movement of the valve followed. It should begin to close at 15 degrees from the dead center of the down position of the piston, closing entirely when the crankshaft is 20 degrees past bottom dead center, or one-tenth total travel for rod measurement.

On some motors the inlet remains open after the end of the intake stroke, as this tends to fill the cylinder more completely with the charge, especially when the engine is running at high

speeds.

The setting of valves on the different motors differs, and ordinarily the flywheel is marked

on the rim with such letters as, E. O., E. C., I. O., and I. C., meaning exhaust opens, exhaust closes, inlet opens, and inlet closes. Strict adherence to these markings will obtain the best results in the valve setting.

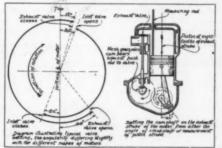
The primary idea in the setting of the valve, either inlet or exhaust, is to have the valve, during the corresponding piston stroke, re-main open until the completion of the stroke, while the so-called lead or early opening compensates for the high speed at which the motor is run, by opening the valve slightly sooner, that the gas may escape before the piston begins to rise, and the inlet valve be open when the piston descends on the suction stroke.

The inlet valve is not so important in its opening, for on some motors the piston has descended one-third of its travel before the valve lifts. This may be ascribed to the theory, that the slight vacuum created draws a better mixture from the carbureter.

It is well to remember that the position of one tooth, on the gears, in valve setting may be the difference between poor and good results in the operation of the motor. Once the gears are properly meshed, mark them for future reference.

When the camshaft is removed, it is advisable to examine the cams and the camshaft bearings, for wear in these parts results with a reduced lift of the valve head, which reduces the effective opening or area for the entrance the explosive vapors and passage for the exhaust gases, with the resultant decrease in the power output of the motor.

G. A. L., Washington, D. C.



Illustrating the various valve phases in a four-cycle motor by G. A. L.

Satisfactory and Easy Methods

SETTING the valves on a gasoline motor seems at first a difficult job but in reality it is very simple. On most motors to-day, the cams and camshafts are in one piece so that the relative position of all cams is fixed at the factory. If the valves of one cylinder are the factory. If the valves of one cylinder are set correctly, those in the other cylinders must be correct also. Contrary to what one would imagine, the inlet valve opens after the piston has started its suction stroke and remains open until after it has started the compression stroke. Likewise, the exhaust valve opens before the piston reaches the end of its power stroke and closes after it has reached the end of its scavenging stroke.

In practice, the valves open and close a certain number of degrees, as indicated by crank travel, before or after the piston reaches one or the other ends of its stroke. It is usual for the inlet valve to open about 15 degrees after the piston has reached its inner-most position in the cylinder and to close about 35 degrees after the piston starts up on its compression stroke. In the case of the ex-

haust valve, this usually open about 45 degrees before the piston has reached the end of its power stroke and closes about 10 degrees after it reaches the end of the scavenging stroke, or just before the inlet valve begins to open.

In setting the valves, the first thing to do is to bring the piston, preferably that in number one cylinder, to its uppermost position on the compression stroke, which will be the point at compression stroke, which will be the point at which it fires. A mark is then made on the rim of the flywheel to register with the vertical center line of the motor, which center line should have some fixed mark, like a pointer, so that the other points as found will be located to correspond with the same mark. Next turn the flywheel a half revolution so that the piston in number two cylinder will be at its top position, and mark the flywheel as before, then turn the flywheel to firing point

on number one cylinder again.

In order to determine when the crankshaft has moved the correct number of degrees, the simplest method is to measure off on the rim of the flywheel a distance in inches which will equal the number of degrees desired. The number of degrees in a circle, 360, does not vary, but the length of one degree is determined by the size of the circle in question. Sup-pose the diameter of the flywheel is 20 inches, by multiplying this by the constant 3.1416, the or multiplying this by the constant 3.175, the circumference in inches may be found, and by dividing this by 360, the length of one degree in inches on that size flywheel will be found, which in the 20 inch wheel is .175 inch. Therefore, 15 degrees would be 2% inches; 35 degrees, 6½ inches; 45 degrees, 7% inches; 10 degrees, 1¾ inches.

After firing, the piston of course travels down on its power stroke and as the exhaust valve opens 45 degrees before the end of this stroke, it should begin to open when a point on the flywheel 71/8 inches ahead of the lower dead center comes opposite the vertical center line of the motor. Then continuing to turn the flywheel, the exhaust valve remains open to a point 10 degrees or 134 inches after top dead center. The inlet valve now begins to open at 15 degrees or 236 inches after top dead center, degrees after the exhaust valve The inlet valve remains open during 200 degrees of crank travel, closing 35 degrees or 61% inches, measured on the rim of the fly-wheel, after piston has passed its lower dead center and is traveling upward on the com-pression stroke. This completes the four pression stroke. This comple strokes and the cycle is repeated.

In this way, the points at which the valves open and close are ascertained in one cylinder, and, as the cams are set at the factory, the timing of the valves in all the other cylinders of the motor is accomplished at the same time. Of course, to make sure, it would be well to go through the process for each cylinder separately marking the points on the flywheel rim for future checking up. Manufacturers may vary the timing of their valves somewhat from that given, but these are average settings and will be found satisfactory.

A. L. M., New York City.

Over-Look Nothing

HEN setting the intake and exhaust valves of a four-cycle engine, if the valves of a but-cycle engine, if the following rule is applied the operator will not experience any trouble caused by the timing of the valves. Working with the valves on No. 1 cylinder, first place crank of No. 1 (Continued on page 49)

FPRIZE CONTEST

Hauling Out for the Winter

Make a Suitable Cradle, Select a Time When the Tide Is at the Proper Height, Have a Strong Tackle and Then Pull

THE PRIZE CONTEST-Answers to the Third Question in the August Issue.

Depends Upon Conditions

(The Prize-Winning Answer)

Light boats can be hauled out in seemingly impossible places with the aid of improvised cranes and makeshift runways, but with a heavy cruiser the case is

To start with a suitable cradle must be built. To start with a suitable cradle must be built. Next, a shelving beach presents a good substitute for a runway. The place selected should be visited at low tide and two heavy planks fixed on the bottom similarly to the manner shown in detail at A, Fig. 1.

If the ground is rocky, cross planks nailed to the under part of the planks and weighted down will keep the affair from floating. Six planks that when laid double will be half as long again as the boat will be sufficient to move the boat to any distance, care being taken to

the boat to any distance, care being taken to fill in with suitable material any spaces under the planks to prevent careening of the boat when over such places.

While shelving beaches are easy to haul out on, they often times have low banks that are inundated by the spring tides. To prevent premature launching at that time, the boat must be blocked up. This necessitates some labor and material and can be obviated by selecting as the place to haul out one that has

an abrupt edge at high water.

In this case a portion of the bank, wide enough to allow the passage of the boat and cradle, is shoveled away (Fig. 1).

The lower edge of the cut should be far enough below high water mark to allow the nose of the cradle to be easily pulled onto a roller at the ends of the planks. The cradle is, of course, first floated under the boat and

In both the above cases a "dead man," pre-

three in number-six by sixes that can be hired from the house movers-with three cross pieces, the outboard two acting as bilge supports. Two sets of tackles are used, the lower blocks being secured to the wharf by passing wire rope around a timber B. through the crevices and

Two ropes running from the outboard to the inboard ends of the levers will lash the boat to them while she is being lifted. When the levers are pulled down as far as they will

go, the boat can be hauled on to the wharf or the whole affair can be pulled forward, the lifting falls being eased off as necessary. Fig. 3 shows the simplest way of all. Three planks that total one and a half times the length of the boat are fitted with two %-inch 1/6-inch strips far enough apart to allow the keel of the boat to slide along without friction. The space between the strips is well greased and with enough hands to steady the boat she can be hauled out easily without injury

Where there is a hard bottom a lumber wagon can be run down at low water and if there is a tendency to float, two planks passed through the wheels and weighted will remedy

JAMES E. MURPHY, New London, Conn.

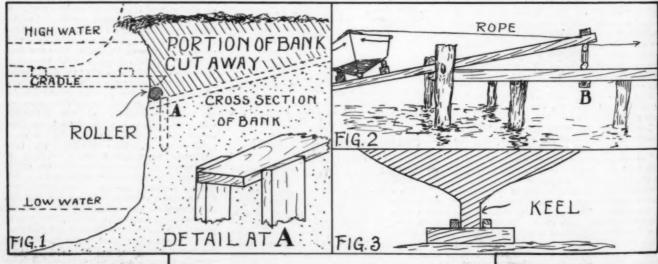
A Marine Railway

THE first thing to do after a boat has been beached on the high water is to sling a rope clear around her. Run the rope under the stuffing box when bringing it around the stern, for if it is placed over the stuffing box when the strain comes it is liable to work down and loosen from the deadwood. When you have a rope around the boat with both

ends at the bow, make the ends fast and sling a short rope over the bow deck, and fasten a short rope up about a foot above the keel on each side. This keeps the rope from drag-ging on the ground, and gives a direct pull along the keel. If the line is made fast to the bow post it has a tendency to pull down and bind the rollers, especially on raised-deck

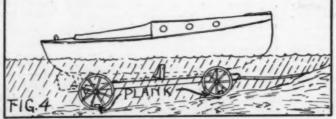
Next take a six-inch plank and place one on each side of the boat about 18 inches out from the keel, and with the after end about a foot past the middle of the boat. Then take the pry bar and dig a small hole under the keel near the bow, and with a few blocks under the pry you can raise the boat high enough to place few blocks under the keel. Take a hold with the pry, and raise the boat until high enough to allow a roller to be placed under the boat and rolled back until almost back to the middle of the boat, then place a roller under the bow, and let the boat come down on the rollers. Place two more planks farther up, and a roller about one-third the length of the boat on these planks, and you are ready to haul up.

As the back roller comes out it can be moved up to the bow position, the same to be done with the planks. Boats over 30 feet require two extra planks, and an extra roller. After the boat has been started a foot or two place it on an even keel and lay a 12-inch plank along the top of the rollers under the bilge, with a few small blocks, and a short board put in at an angle to conform with the bilge angle, and let the boat come back on this. This serves to keep the boat from binding at the bilge, and keeps it nearly in an upright posi-tion. This plank will not have to be moved after it has once been placed, as it moves along



ferably a railroad tie sunk to the depth of three feet will take care of the shore end of the tackle provided no tree is handy. A kedge anchor 70 pounds or over will serve the purpose as well. Sixinch wooden rollers are desirable for many reasons and man power has certain advantages over horse power, unless the horses are very steady pullers.

Figs. 2 and 3 represent two methods adaptable to light boats. In the former case the levers are



use when hauling a boat out without depends upon several conditions. proper method to pends upon several co Murphy's instructions

with the boat on top of the rollers. After the boat has been hauled up a little, and you wish to lead it off in any other direction, simply wait until a roller comes under the middle of the boat, then take the bow roller out and it will be bal-anced on the middle roller, and can be swung in the desired direction, care being taken not to turn it too far or it will slide off the roller. As it is being turned take a sledge or any other roller that can be used as a ram, and bump the outer edge

R.C. 뾉

of the roller to turn it around with the boat, and keep it at right angles to the keel, or it will not roll. Then place other planks and roller headed in the new direction and haul away to any part of the shore you wish to

place your boat.

In hauling out boats we use a block and tackle made fast to a tree or other anchorage on small boats, and a windlass with snatch blocks to lead rope to any part of shore for larger boats, or, if the boat has a windlass on its bow this can be used to displace an elaborate marine railway, as it is much more mobile, and does not require the extra depth of water that a railway does. A railway will only handle one boat on a tide, but with this method you can beach from ten to twenty, and haul them out after tide falls. We haul out about sixty boats each fall by this method, and in plac ing them overboard the reverse method is used.

First place a roller under the center, then one

under the stern, not forgetting to take a turn around the tree with your tackle, or the boat will run away from you.

LUMBER REQUIRED

order bilge.
ord, 1½ ins. x 12 ins. x 3 ft. for K. N. B., Philadelphia, Pa.

Not Difficult If Properly Handled

THE following account gives an accurate description of a method I have used for hauling out a 22-foot cabin boat for the past six years, and usually accomplished the work single-handed. While this method is simple and has worked well, I would not advise its use in boats over 22 feet in length, as I believe a lever should never be applied boat over this length, for it a boat over this rengin,

The first step in the hauling out cess was to select a time when the tide had reached its maximum height and then run the boat up on the beach as far as possible. This I figured would give me less distance to pull This I figured the boat and also save a lot of work

ging a sharp incline on the beach, i. e., by floating the boat over this incline which I could not do with a cradle under the boat.

waiting for the tide to recede I got all my tackle together, consisting of a few planks, blocking, rollers, and a 6 x 6 x 20-foot joist for use as a lever. The second step was to raise the boat up high enough so as to be level and make rolling her forward to a winter berth an easy matter. To accomplish this the lever was brought into play by getting a purchase on the keel at the stern. It required very little weight to hold this lever down so a notched-shaped stick drove into the beach held the lever down while the blocking was put under the boat, the forward end being raised up to the desired height in a similar manner.

This accomplished, two planks were laid in the fore and aft direction of the boat and on top of the transverse blocks which were then supporting the boat, one plank on each side of The cradle was next slipped under the boat, which consisted of two planks laid fore and aft and three short pieces laid in the transverse direction of the boat. nailed to the fore and aft planks and two chocks fitted to prevent the boat from rolling

n,

over, which completed the cradle.

The weight of the boat was then transferred

from the lever to the rollers and the boat now in a level position it was an easy matter to roll the boat forward to her winter berth by means of a rope and a purchase on a lever.

The advantage of this method of hauling out a boat is that the method of straining with block and tackle is eliminated, and it will be found very easy with a proper lever to ac-complish the described method with little

Another method I have seen used, but which requires more ground ways, is by a sliding way similar to that used to launch a boat, the ways being well greased. The boat is then pulled up by means of block and tackle. This method has the double advantage in that when the boat is hauled to the top of the inclined ways by having another set of ways leading at right angles to these mentioned the boat can be pulled over side ways without turning. This gives room on the inclined ways for any

C 0 HOLD LEVER TYP STAGE LIFTING BY LEVER AND BLOCKING UF 3RP STAGE BOAT ON CRAPLE & READY TO ROLL FORWARD TO A WINTER BERTH

W. R.'s method of hauling out a small craft

number of boats to be pulled up on one set of

W. R., Quincy, Mass.

Grease or Roller Ways

THE season for hauling out is again close at hand. Practically at his at hand. Practically all the larger boats will be hauled at the boat yards, and the majority of the smaller craft will lay up with

Every town cannot boast of a boat yard, and owners are forceed to travel several miles to get their boats when there is available shore space close to home, but no facilities for hauling out. This fall, if you can find the space, and induce your friends to help, haul out your own boat. It is not as big a job as it seems. The necessary equipment includes four or six

long timbers, not smaller than 4 x 6 inches, except for light boats, several cross ties, 2 x 4 inches, material from which to construct the cradle for the boat, miscellaneous blocks and wedges, and two sets of tackle blocks and lines, and some grease or rollers.

With the above equipment any boat weighing up to three or four tons may be hauled out by four or five men.

Marine and the second of the s

The cradle upon which the boat sets should be made before the last day. This is made from two heavy timbers at least half the length of the boat, with three or four cross ties bolted across the top, and well braced to prevent racking. The width of the skids should be nearly as wide as the boat, and the end ties longer to take the braces which hold the boat from falling. The bolt heads on the under side should be countersunk, and the ends of the skids rounded up to override the joints in the

The ways are made 1 inch wider than the skids, and kept parallel by nailing across ties on the under side. Cleats or battens are nailed to the outside edges to prevent the cradle from running off the ways, or the ways may be made narrower and the cleats fastened to the skids.

It is advisable to arrange the work so that the ways and skids may be placed and weighted down at low tide, and the hauling done at high

tide. Before sinking the ways nail a batten at each outer corner to mark it, allowing the end to project below

far enough to hold in the bottom.

Don't forget the grease or rollers.

Cover the bottom of the skids, and the top of the ways, with a grease having a good body, but not too hard. If these greased surfaces are first planed smooth, there will be less fric-

While waiting for the tide lay the tackle and get everything ready. Let one man engineer the job, and let him do it without arguments or discussions at every point. Generally a tree, or something solid, can be found to hook the tackle to. If not, set three good stakes in line, fastening to the last one, and taking a couple of turns around each of the others. At this point make fast the stationary block of a four-fold tackle. Fasten the movable block directly to a rope on the cradle, or use a larger line between.

Now with a good tide in get the boat on the cradle, set up the braces or chocks and haul away. The start will be easy, but as the boat leaves the water, the load increases, and it will be necessary to put on a luff. This is done by fastening the stationary blocks alongside the stationary block of the main tackle and the movable block to the fall line, so that it pulls the other block. This gives a great increase in power, as ex-plained later.

It is good practice when using the luff to hold all that is made on the

main tackle. Make a short piece of line fast to the stationary block, and with the end take two half hitches around the two lines running from the block, and let one man hold it until the luff is run out.

There is a patent pulling device advertised in MoToR BoatinG which increases the power 73 times.

The breaking strain or strength of new manila rope 1-inch in diameter is 9000 pounds; of 3/4-inch diameter, 5000 pounds. The strength of old rope is an unknown quantity, but an idea of its condition may be had by untwining the strands and noting the wear and color of the

center. Allowing a factor of safety of five, half a ton may be lifted on a single 14-inch diameter rope, and nearly a ton on 1-inch diameter. Using a four fold tackle increases the strength Using a four fold tackle increases the strength and lifting power in direct proportion to the number of strands passing through the movable blocks. For example, 100 pounds pull on the fall line of a fourfold tackle will lift 400 pounds on the hooks and a fourfold luff will pounds on the hooks and a rouriou lim was increase the original 100 pounds to 400, and the original 400 pounds to 1,600, or as the product of the strands of the two tackle.

W. B. M., Newburg, N. Y.

Four More Fast Steppers

Two Florida Craft Adapted for Shoal Draft Work as Well as Navigation on the High Seas-A Great Lakes Sedan and a Long Island Sound Cruiser

JOANNA, a production of the Albany Boat Corp., of Watervliet, N. Y. made her first appearance at the 1917 Motor Boat Show. Shortly after the show she was shipped to Florida, where she was tried out at

Miami, but arrived just too late to take part in the big event of the winter seasonthe Miami Regatta.

Joanna is 40 feet long and has a beam of 8 feet. She is powered with a six - cylinder 200-260 h.p. Duesenberg Patrol Model motor having a bore and stroke of 6¾ x 7% inches. Designed and built by the Albany Boat Corp., of Watervliet, N. Y., her sturdy tion throughout comprises

THE general dimensions of Sylvia, a Sedan runabout owned by Logan Thomson, of the Champion Coated Paper Co., of Iamilton, O., and used by him at Hamilton, O., and Charlevoix, Mich., are length over all 48

feet, 7 feet 6 inches beam and a draft of 3 feet. With her engine installation, which consists of an eight-cylinder Duesenberg motor having a bore and stroke of 63/4x73/4 inches, and operat-

> inches; at 1,300 r.p.m. is capa-ble of a speed of from 36 to 38 m.p.h.

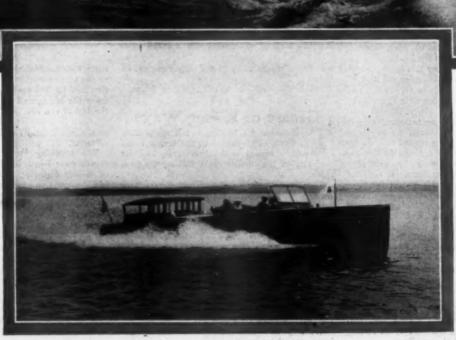
Sylvia was designed and built by the Great Lakes Boat Bldg. Corp., of Mil-Wis., waukee. which fact can be easily de-tected in the sturdy con-struction of the boat. Her hull is seam battened throughout, double planked and is of the finest mahog-any finished natural. The interior trim is in white cedar



a Florida Joanna, a Florida express cruiser built by the Albany Boat Corp., Watervliet, N. Y.

everything in the way of comfort and speed. Her original owner, Nick Metz-ner, of New York and Rockledge, Fla., was killed in an automobile accident recently.

The trial trip of Joanna consisted of a 400-mile run in the open sea from Jacksonville to Mi-ami, Fla. The trip was covered in a little less than twenty hours actual running time.



Sylvia, a 48-foot sedan runabout used on the Great Lakes

Raven III, a 50-foot Florida express cruiser, powered with two eight-cyl-inder Speedway

and the sedan cabin aft affords comfort to those not desiring to sit in the for-ward cockpit, which provides exceptional seating accommoda-tions, having an tions, having an auto top and seats upholstered in the finest of leather.

The general finish is in white and mahogany and the boat presents a most pleasing appearance. This type of boat is bound to prove pop-ular even on open water.

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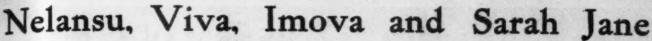
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JOHN S. KENT'S new 50-footer, just off the ways of Reuben Bigelow, master boat builder of Monument Beach, stepping along at 20 odd m.p.h., curls as pretty a bow wave as any craft that ever hailed from Brockton.

Nelansu, as the boat has been named, is 50 feet long by a beam of 9 feet 9 inches with a draft of 2 feet 11 inches. She was designed by Tams, Lemoine & Crane, of New York City, and is powered with a Model F eight-cylinder 200 h.p. Sterling engine, with which she attains an excellent cruising speed. Comfortable accommodations for four persons has been provided for in the construction of this craft, and every essential for the pleasure and enjoyment of a party on a cruise. A large roomy cockpit affords a delightful lounging place for the owner and his guests.

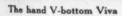
She is a V-bottom express
cruiser built along
the same lines
as Countess,
the world
famous

Viva is equipped with a sixcylinder Van Blerck motor having bore and
stroke dimensions
of 6 x 6 inches,
and operating a 24inch di-

Nelans

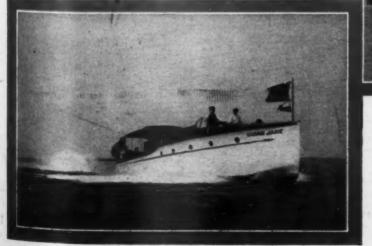
ameter by 24-inch pitch Columbian architect propeller turning at 1,300 r.p.m.

This attractive craft was designed and built by Wm. H. Hand at his factory in Westport, Mass. She is used by her owner at his summer home at Greenwich, Conn., and has proven to be an ideal cruiser for use on Long Island Sound, as she attains a speed of 23 m.p.h., and the necessary cabin arrangements for in-



VIVA, A. Gardiner Cooper's 1917 addition to his already big fleet of motor boats is a 40-footer having a beam of 8 feet 6 inches.

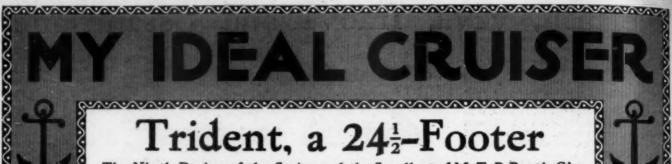
racing cruiser of the 1916 season. The interior



and deck arrangements of Viva are the exact duplicate of Countess, but the construction is slightly heavier, finished in white cedar, mahogany trim and all bronze fittings.

clement weather and plenty of open deck space for good weather.

THE effect of the military trend in cruiser design is more noticeable as the season reaches its zenith, the new designs having a tendency to eliminate the flowing curves and embellishments, and to strip a craft down to cleaner, sturdier lines, accentuating the strength and serviceability. Imova, illustrated in the lower right hand corner of this page, (Continued on page 49)



rident, a

The Ninth Design of the Series and the Smallest of MoToR BoatinG's Fleet of Cruisers-A Big Small-Boat With Great Possibilities

By Thomas Moore

O the south and southwest of New York City lie waters which afford opportunities to many enthusiastic small boatmen of New York and New Jersey; Newark and New York Bays, the Kills, Raritan Bay, Sandy Hook Bay, and last of all that beautiful little river known as the Shrewsbury. A run out of Newark Bay or New York Bay to all of these points would not exceed fifty miles, and this is just about right for weekend cruising, which is about all the time the great majority can devote to the sport. is needed then for this work is a small handy cruiser of good speed, aboard which two or three men can live in a fairly comfortable manner for two or three days at a time. Such a cruiser should be capable of ventur-ing outside Sandy Hook in fine weather for fishing and pleasure sailing and be perfectly capable of weathering any sea which would be likely to pick up before the run to more sheltered waters could be made.

Bearing in mind then the purposes for which

our cruiser was planned, the first thing to be done was to fix the minimum size at which

all the absolutely necessary requirements could be met. The principal dimensions worked out as follows:

Length over all..... 24 feet 6 inches Beam 6 feet 3 inches

Draft 2 feet 1½ inches

• The general arrangements are best explained by reference to the plans. The design being

Ideal Cruisers Which Have Appeared in MoToR BoatinG

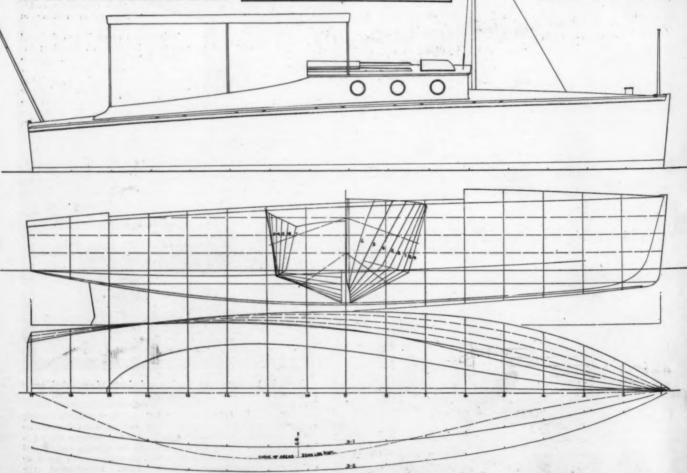
No. 1. Sunray
No. 2. Spoek 36-Footer
No. 3. White Cap 26-Footer
No. 4. Ruth 38½-Foote
No. 5. Flashlight 30-Footer
32-Footer
5-Footer
5-Footer
5-Footer
5-Footer
5-Footer February Issue March Issue April Issue May Issue 381/2-Footer June Isano No. 6. Dawn No. 7. Cygnet No. 8. Jerry July Issu 25-Footer August Issu

Several more excellent designs to come.

rather fine forward left a considerable space which was unavailable for berthing. This was utilized for anchor gear in the extreme for-ward end and for the ice-box and fresh water tank further aft. Access to the anchor gear is provided by a water-tight flush hatch in the deck forward. The location of the icebox forward was considered desirable as a more complete insulation from the heat of the engine and of the stove, when this was going, was secured. The flaring sides of the for-ward sections further protect this location from the heat of the sun and results in a consider-able saving of ice. The location of the water tank above the ice-box permits of a pipe coil being led through the ice-box to a tap on the forward bulkhead, giving cool

drinking water at all times.

Aft of the forward bulkhead is the berthing space with two transoms with leather cushions. These can be extended sufficiently to form berths, which, while narrow owing to the dimensions of our little craft,



The upper view shows how Trident should look when affoat and the two lower illustrations give her lines reproduced to a scale of 5/16 of an inch to the foot

TABLE OF OFFSETS

DIMENSIONS IN FEET INCHES X EIGHTHS

3 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17

SMEER LINE. 450 444 44 14 46 482 4.7.7 4.7.3 667 461 456 444 4.5.6 6.24 4.14 6.01 5.05 5.9.1

NAMERICE LINE. 5 - 25-2 242 233 223 21-5 2-0 2.01 14.5 14.0 14.5 14.0 14.5 14.0 2.0 2.1.1

RABBET LINE. 5 1.7.5 142 12.6 14.4 1.0.3 04.2 040 0.0.1 0.0.0 1.0.1 1.2.1 14.5 17.1 14.5 2.0.3 2.1.1

ROTTOM W MELL. - 1.3.7 12.3 10.0 6 0.1.3 0.0.0 0.5 40.7.3 0.62 0.40 0.3.0 0.20 0.1.0 0.0 0.40 2.1.1

ROTTOM W MELL. - 1.3.7 12.3 14.0 6 0.1.3 0.0.0 0.5 40.7.3 0.62 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.2 1.1

ROTTOM W MELL. - 1.3.7 12.3 14.0 6 0.1.3 0.0.0 0.5 40.7.3 0.62 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.4 0.2 1.1

ROTTOM W MELL. - 0.43 0.5 2 1.05 14.4 1.5 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.5 2.4 2.5 1.1.3

ROTTOM W MELL. - 0.43 0.5 2 1.0 2 1.0 2 1.0 2 1.1 3 1.4 3 1.0 3 0.3 2.1 3 2.7 7 2.7 2.5 3 2.5 3 2.2 3 1.1 3 1

are sufficiently comfortable for enthusiastic small boatmen. Under the forward deck closets are arranged to port and starboard for stowing clothes, etc. Under the forward transom, a section of which is removable, is a zinc-lined locker for provisions.

zinc-lined locker for provisions.

An advantageous feature of the design which may be remarked here is the excellent drainage of bilge water to an accessible point aft to which the form of our boat lends itself.

Lockers for stowage of ship's gear, accessible by removal of covers in the side transoms, are provided.

A small toilet space with a knockabout closet and usual fittings is located on the port side. This was secured at considerable sacrifice of other desirable features but cannot be conveniently done without. A curtain, together with partial bulkheads, screens this

space from the main cabin.

The remaining feature below decks is the stove. This is not of the commercial oilburning variety, but consists of a small, compact, two-hole frame with rings of various sizes to take pots or saucepans and prevent same from slipping. Under these are placed ordinary paint burners using gasoline for fuel. Some practice may be necessary at first in handling these torches, but they are very efficient and are recommended for their absence of oily odor. The location of the stove under the companion hatch permits a good proportion of the vapors of cooking to escape directly and affords more light than could be had in any other location, although with the number of airports shown our cabin is extremely bright. A further advantage in the location of the stove, and one that the writer

of the cabin door in the case of a recalcitrant burner.

No companion ladder is shown and is not considered necessary for the comparatively infrequent access through the cabin door. A small step fastened to the bulkhead could be

fitted, however, if found necessary.

The engine is located clear of the cabin, and on a small boat such as this is the arrangement is believed to be eminently desirable. The engine hood has been made sufficiently commodious to provide access wherever needed in an engine of the type shown. This is further supplemented by a flush water-tight hatch over the reverse gear and inside shaft tube stuffing-box.

The steering wheel is located on the cabin bulkhead to port. This is of the auto type with an adjustment to permit of varying the angle so that the utmost comfort in steering may be secured whether standing or sitting.

No fixed seats are shown in the cockpit and experience has shown that no matter how commodious these may be they are sure to grow uncomfortable in the long run, or to be exposed to the sun, spray or otherwise untenable. Clear space then is provided with camp the located to suit

chairs which may be located to suit.

The fuel tank is carried under the after deck. The capacity is only about thirty-five gallons, but as this is sufficient for from fifteen to eighteen hours continuous running, the radius of action will be quite enough for a boat of this size. The tank is of copper and riveted, the rivet heads and seams being heavily soldered. Two fore and aft swash plates are fitted. Fine wire mesh is fitted in the filling

tube, which is flanged at the upper end, the flange bearing against but not being fastened to the lower surface of the deck plate frame.

The rudder port is of an inch and a quarter heavy brass pipe with a gland at the upper end. The rudder is of brass plate ½-inch thick, with the stock of 1½-inch diameter bronze shafting. A commercial galvanized iron quadrant is fitted and a flush water-tight hatch is provided in the after deck directly above. A bronze shoe is fitted and is necessary in the shallow waters of the Shrewsbury

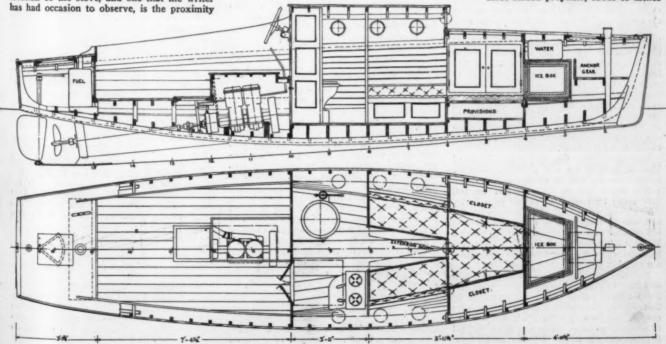
The shaft tube is brass pipe of the same size as the rudder stock. A brass plate is brazed on the tube at the inboard end at the proper angle to bear evenly on the top of the upper keel. This is a difficult job but can be done by an auto repair man with an oxyacetylene outfit much cheaper than a similar fitting of cast bronze.

The propelling outfit shown consists of a two-cylinder, two-cycle, Reid engine, manufactured by the Joseph Reid Gas Engine Co., of Oil City, Pa. This engine is perhaps very little known on the coast but is a very serviceable machine. This company makes a specialty of engines for the oil regions of Pennsylvania and Oklahoma and these engines simply have to work. This applies equally to their marine type. The size of cylinders is 4½ inches by 4½ inches and develop 800 r.p.m. The weight with reverse gear is 445 pounds.

The curves of effective horsepower have not

The curves of effective horsepower have not been worked out for this particular model, but from performance with this engine in a similar boat it would appear that a

three-bladed propeller, about 18 inch



Interior arrangement plan and inboard profile of Trident. Scale 5/16 inch equals one foot

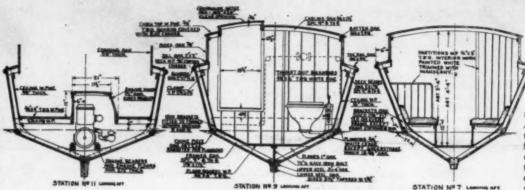
by 20 inches in diameter, might be suitable, giving a speed of approximately twelve miles

an hour.

Examination
of the plans,
and particularly the sheet
devoted to
amidship and
type sections,
gives all the
necessary information relative to the

construction of our craft and the materials employed, so that it will be unnecessary to discuss these points here, beyond saying that an excess of weight is wherever possible avoided in flooring, bulk-heads, lockers, etc., although safe provision is made against the shame of having the unwieldy guest precipitated into the bilge through the giving way of flimsy floor boards.

Returning up topside, the deck arrangements are of the simplest. Forward a king post serves all requirements of mooring and



STATION Nº 15 LANGUAG FURID

Sectional views at various stations. Scale 5/16 inch equals 1 foot

anchoring. A small toe rail is fitted for convenience in getting about the decks. This is not so high as to give a heavy

look to the sheer and yet is adequate to prevent slipping. A light spar is fitted forward of the house. It rather balances the high awning top aft and is also a good thing for holding on to when forward. Light boxes are fitted port and starboard on the house top. These are fixed and do not appear to be unsightly. A fixed pipe frame awning covers the cockpit and is provided with the necessary back and side curtains.

Motor Boatmen Needed for Merchant Marine

A Series of Articles to Begin in the November Issue of MoToR BoatinG-Planned Especially to Prepare Amateurs for Real Sea Service

UNCLE SAM needs navigators both in the Navy and Merchant Marine and MoToR BoatinG is to do its best to give the motor boatmen of the country an opportunity to prepare themselves and to qualify for these positions.

We have published numerous articles on the more elementary phases of the subject during the last year which more properly belong to the subject by piloting and seamanship. The book recently published by MoToR BoatinG entitled "Practical Motor Boat Handling, Seamanship and Piloting," has also helped thousands of motor boatmen in the fundamentals of the subject and to obtain a much higher rating in the Naval Coast Defense Reserve than otherwise would have been possible.

Attempts have been made by many to publish articles on the more advanced side of navigation but we do not know of a single successful effort. All of them have either been too brief or so poorly written as to make them practically worthless from a motor boatman's point of view. Most of the articles have relied upon advanced mathematics and the use of costly and complicated instruments and have necessitated the purchase of numerous text books and tables of doubtful value to the motor boatman.

Beginning with the November issue of MoToR BoatinG we will publish a series of articles on the subject of motor boat navigation which will be different and we feel sure better than anything before published.

The series will consist of at least six articles and will be illustrated by means of halftone illustrations in a way never before attempted. When it is necessary to bring out a point of a technical character diagrams will accompany the pictures.

The readers who really follow the series will have to supply themselves with Bowditch, but the first article will be independent of that work. A nautical almanac will also be needed, and the only other book which it will be desirable to have will be a copy of MoToR BoatinG's book, "Practical Motor Boat Handling, Seamanship and Piloting." A synopsis of the proposed series which will start in the next issue of MoToR BoatinG is as follows:

First Articl

General introduction to the subject with a statement of the object of this series of articles which is to enable the motor boatman to use his craft with greater safety and take an increased pleasure and pride in his ability to navigate his craft. The articles also are planned so as to give the motor boatman some insight into the methods used in navigating larger craft; so that should he be called upon to do this, his small boat experience might stand him in good stead for the larger work.

The series is not to be an "Epitome" as seamen call text books on navigation, but a brief set of articles designed to get the yachtsman interested, show him that navigation is not a science that offers any real difficulties to the man of average intelligence, and lastly to clear up those parts of Bowditch which have been written for the consumption of "civil engineers only."

Materials and books needed. (We plan to have the series of such a nature that a man who does not have a sextant may get something out of it. We shall take up in a later article the question of putting a discarded sextant into commission. The writer's own instrument was the gift of a retired sea captain and was condemned as useless by men who should have known better. It is now doing good work.)

The compass and its uses. Differences between the simple outfit on a motor boat and the elaborate equipment of ocean-going vessels. The standard compass. The gyro compass.

The correction of compass courses and the

finding of compass courses from true courses.

Simple graphical methods of working dead reckoning on a large scale chart (polyconic projection) with parallel rulers or course protractor, dividers and pencil.

Second Article

Other kinds of charts. The mercator projection and why it has no scale of miles on it and how we use it nevertheless. Extension of previous method of working dead reckoning to cover the mercator projection.

Working dead reckoning by traverse sail-

ing and middle latitude sailing.

Taking departures. The bearing finder described in "Practical Motor Boat Seamanship" and its big brother the pelorus. Use of tables 5A and 5B in Bowditch for determining distance from a fixed object.

Third Article

Small scale charts of entire oceans and their uses. Long courses and great circle sailing. Gnomonic projections or great circle charts. Prof. Arie's method of laying off a great circle on a mercator projection. The pilot charts of oceans published monthly by the Hydrographic office.

Mercator sailing. Solution by the traverse tables and the more accurate logarithmic method.

Fourth Article

The sextant considered as what it really is, an instrument for measuring angles and not a mysterious device for "taking the sun." Putting an old sextant into commission.

Horizontal angles with the sextant, and the location of a vessel by means of them. The horizontal danger angle and the vertical danger angle.

Fifth Article

Latitude by a meridian altitude of the sun. Introducing the chronometer and the problem of when to take a meridian altitude of the sun. Latitude by meridian altitude of a fixed star. (The problem of when to take this sight will be discussed later as it involves sidereal time.)

The parallel of latitude considered as a line of position. The many uses of such a special kind of line of position.

Sixth Article

The chronometer again and the chronometer sight. Use of a good watch as a chronometer for practice work. Rating a watch by means of a fixed star with no other instrument than your neighbor's ridge pole. Lines of position and Sumner's method.

Determination of deviation of the compass by amplitudes, altitude azimuths, and the

ard and Shop

A V-Bottom Wave-Collecting Cruiser

wicker chairs to accommodate a party.

The engine-room placed amidships houses a six-cylinder Sterling motor which exhausts through the stack, and includes a crew's toilet, a work bench and two transom seats, convertible into bunks for four persons. The entrance is through a hatch, which, with two large cowl ventilators and six port lights, keep the room comfortably aired. Directly aft is the galley furnished with a built-in refrigerator on one side and a stove and sink on the

a stove and sink on the other.

In the main saloon are three berths, a dresser, lockers and a glass buffet. The entrance, or exit, leads to the after deck under which are two large storage tanks and storage space accessible through a hatch.

The owner's stateroom forward is finished in white enamel panelling with mahogany trim and has one double berth, two Pullman berths, and a six-drawer bureau with mirrored doors, back of which is a locker. This room is accessible from the bridge as well as through the engine-room. A large toilet room adjoins. The hand work of Muirmaid V is exquisite. All the outside joiner work is of the best Honduras mahogany, varnished to a lustrous polish. The interior finish is in mahogany and white, and is richly decorated.



Muirmaid V. owned by Pierre A. Proal, was designed by J. Murray Watts, and built by the Red Bank Yacht Works. She is equipped with an eight-cylinder Sterling motor with which she attains a speed of 17 m.p.h.

entire trip only 260 pounds of coal were burned to furnish power through the gas producer, according to the figures of the engineer and Arthur W. Fonda, sales manager of the Nelson Blower & Furnace Co., who was in charge of the trip and demonstration. The coal cost just \$1.12, which was the entire cost for fuel to drive the boat over the 25 miles.

for fuel to drive the boat over the 25 miles.

A Specially Designed 17-Footer

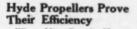
one of the accon

A Specially Designed 17-Footer

The cruiser shown in one of the accompanying illustrations is the new 17-footer built by the Lewis Boat Co., of Oshkosh, Wis, after a special design determined by Captain Lewis after a series of expensive experiments.

A feature of this attractive cruiser is that it makes a speed of 27 m.p.h. which is remarkable for a boat equipped with only 25 h.p. The motor installation consists of Twin-Screw 25 h.p. Universal motors, the starboard engine turning to the left, at a rated speed of 1,800 r.p.m., the two motors having a total weight of 600 pounds are equipped with bulk-head controls and air starters.

The lines of the boat are so designed that it will take a heavy sea without spraying the occupants and is exceptionally staunch at low as well as at high speeds.



www. J. Moxley, of a refinished in the Gold Challenge Cup at Minapolic in August, she added equipped with Hyde turbine-type propellers.

For four consecutive years Hyde-equipped speeders have won the Gold Challenge Cup—the most important speed boat trophy in the motor boat world. In 1914, Baby Speed Demon II won the highly-prized trophy. In 1915, it was carried away by Miss Detroit. The year 1916 saw Miss Minneapolis show her heels to all comers and now 1917 finds Miss Detroit II carrying off the coveted prize. All of these boats were equipped with Hyde turbine-type propellers which forms an unsurpassed record for propeller efficiency and consistency. In addition to winning the Gold Challenge Cup Miss Detroit II also took the honors at the Thousand Islands capturing the Challenge Cup

and setting a new speed record for the course.

Many other famous boats have used Hyde turbinetype propellers in attaining recognition in speed circles
such as Hawkeye II, Peter Pan VIII, and Miss
Miani, while Heldens, also Hyde-propelled, cleaned
up everything in sight at the Canadian National Exhibition Races at Toronto, winning the Great Lakes
Gold Cup and exhibition trophics.

The Hyde Windlass Co. of Bath, Me. is certainly
warranted in making the statement that the Hyde
is undoubtedly one of the fastest propellers made and
the above record substantiates such an assertion.

A Panama Canal Dispatch Boat

Seri is one of a number of dispatch boats in service on the Panama Canal. At times she dashes from point to point carrying officials on board, and the next day she may be a simple work boat towing barges or transporting workmen. It is therefore necessary that she should have a wide variety of good qualities including speed, sturdy pulling power, and above all reliability. The dispatch boats of the Fanama Canal are gradually being standardized to the design of Seri. Her power plant consists of two 60-70 h.p. Buffalo heavy-duty motors.



Seri, powered with a 60-70 h.p. Buffalo heavy-duty motor is a despatch boat now in service on the Panama Canal

Battery Place, New York City, where the Scripps export business has been conducted during the last year.



One of the many attractive craft designed and built by W. J. Moxley, of Cos Cob, Conn. The decks, combings and interior are finished in mahogany

The boat has been inspected by the naval authorities the Third District and formally passed upon as ting eminently satisfactory for patrol service.

Galusha Gas Producer Test a Success

A practical demonstration of the operation of the salusha gas producer, manufactured by the Nelson slower & Furnace Co., of Boston, Mass., was given o a number of representatives of the various manuacturing firms, and the boat employed for the occasion ras the B. G. Purdy, a boat equipped with a Galusha as producer.

gas producer.

The B. G. Purdy is a combination water boat and tag of average length and weight. Installed in her engine-room is a Galusha gas producer which furnishes



Anne, a 27-foot cruiser built by Stearns & McKay, of Marblehead, Mass. She is powered with a 17-25 h.p. Sterling motor and has a speed of 12/2 m.p.h.



The 63-feet Hupa powered with an eight-cylinder Van Blerck motor has been approved and accepted by the government for patrol service. Her speed is 28 m.p.h.



erris, of Wilmington, Del., is the proud owner of Lu Lu, a 39x10x2. She was built by the C. C. Smith Boat & Engine Co., and is powered with a 40-60 hp. Buffalo.

Addition to Ericsson

The H. M. S. Propeller

The H. M. S. Propeller

In the construction of the H.M.S. propeller, manufactured by the Toy Tinkera, of Evanston, Ill., the blades are formed integrally on a hub member, there being but one blade for each hub. The whole is held in place by a nut at the end of the shaft, and the shaft is so designed as to accommodate four such members. In case four blades are not required, the space left vacant is filled in by a loose hub. The ends of the hub members are serrated, toothed, or indented to as to provide uniformly spaced lugs or projections every 30 degrees. It is claimed that no two blades revolve on the same plane, and because of this fact the shaft is lengthened to accommodate the four membera, which additional length is about double the length of the hub of an ordinary propeller.

It is declared by the manufacturers of the H.M.S. that it has been designed to alleviate the necessity of putting the boat out of commission while another propeller is found. To accomplish this, a shaft is provided for a four-blade set, so that in case an overrated motor is equipped with a propeller which is too small, additional resistance surface may be obtained by simply removing a loose hub-and adding another blade.

While no tests have been made for cavitation, theory bears out the contention that because no two

the Gray four-cycle Model D and Model F motors, and this company reports that they have had exceedingly good results with it, never having had a chain break or get out of alignment. Such a report is significant and well worthy of consideration.

The labor of 'the chain is slight, being used merely to drive the pump shaft and magneto, and has a factor of safety of over 100 per cent. The great advantage of the silent chain over the gear drive the fact that it runs quietly and has none of the unpleasant grinding noise incident to the gear drive. The Gray Motor Co. will be glad to hear from any one who favors the gear-driven of deep consideration.

tiss aeroplane, recently said this in regard to the Buffalo-made Berling magneto:
"In response to your request for my personal opinion of the Berling magneto, I can earnestly say that the high quality of your product has been the most important factor in the successfully rapid development of our aeronautical motors during the last few years.
"With the foreign supply of magnetos shut off from this country, it was imperative to the success of aviation in this country that a magneto be developed equal to the rigid requirements necessary. I believe that in your product we have an equal if not a superior article to those which were being supplied to us by foreign manufacturers, and by their continual use on our motors, have proven them equal to the demands of our customers."

Molly B VI

Molly B VI

Marblehead—and one conjures visions of restless blue, dashing foam white, receding only to again and again hurl another and another line of rising peaks against the rocks. The boulders, covered with moss, reflect countless purple shadows in the deep crevices. Here the summer colony in cool white linens, watch the flitting sailing craft tack to and fro. Occasionally a flashing speeder pares the ultra-marine, sending a shower of glittering foam aside the furrow. Molly B VI, a streak of green and red and iridescent white, with a musical rumble, hums rustling by the lazy guilt.

This attractive 22-footer combining speed with seaworthiness was designed by S. H. Brown, and built by the Brown Boat Works. Molly B VI is the fastest displacement boat of her power at Marblehead. She is



A new type of Kellogg Pneumatic air-propelled hydroplane. A steering column controls both rudder and valves

equipped with a Sterling 20-35 h.p. motor with which she attains a cruising speed of 26 m. p. h., and her owner, N. R. Blaney, happily enjoys all the pleasure of boating and the attendant beauties, even if it hasn't occurred to him to write of them.

Lu Lu, a 39-Footer



Hupa, a Government Patrol Boat

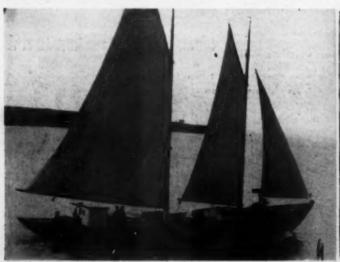
Immediately after war was declared and all eyes were anxiously scanning our coasts for the first U-boat appearance, there developed a demand for high-speed



B. G. Purdy, the tug in which was demonstrated the efficiency of the Galusha gas producer, manufactured by the Nelson Blower & Furnace Co., of Boston, Mass.

blades revolve in the same plane cavitation must necessarily be absent, or at least greatly reduced. This feature should appeal to speed enthusiasts.

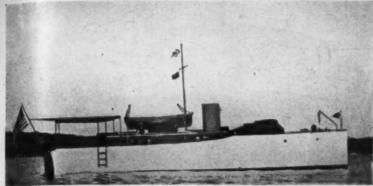
Silent Chain Versus Gear Drive



Cora & Gertie, ewned by Crocker Bros., of Freeport, Nova Scotia, is a 74-foot fishing boat powered with a 36 h.p. Gray-Prior Model D engine



Captain Lewis, of the Lewis Boat Co., of Oshkosh, Wis., is the owner of this attractive 17-footer. She is capable of 27 m.p.h.



Satie A, owned by Edward C. Crossett, was designed by Fred D. Lawley and built by Geo.
Lawley & Son Corp., of Neponset, Mass. Powered with two Model F six-cylinder 145 h.p.
Sterlings, she makes a speed of 22 m.p.h.

power boats for coast patrol duty and despatch work. When the government agents made their first survey of available boats, Hupa immediately attracted their attention. Designed by Arthur Binney and built by Geo. Lawley & Son Corp., of Neponset, Mass. This boat is staunch and fast. Examination-showed that her hull is in perfect condition and all that was required was a modern high-speed motor to put her into actual service.

The offer was at once made to her owner, Louis T. Carey, of Boston, Mass. provided he would install an engine that would meet with the government requirements and give them satisfactory speed. Mr. Carey communicated directly with the local office of the Van Blerck Motor Co., and ordered an eight-cylinder 200-hp. motor with full electric starting and lighting apparatus, to be shipped from the New York office within 24 hours.

manufacturer to the effect that he had submitted a bid through an agent who was the lowest bidder and who, obtaining the contract, placed the business with another firm. Such a condition can be obviated if business with another firms will co-operate with the Navy believes in publicity both before bids are received and after awards are made. The entire ento inspec-

record regarding all its contracts is opetion at any time by parties interested.

A Sterling 27-Footer



Reis, of Para, Brazil. A 20-22 h.p.

The 74-footer a h own is one of the accompanying illustrations has a wide beam of 16 feet 4 inches and a draft of 7 feet. She is powered with a 36 h.p.

Gray-Prior Model D-4 and operates on kerosene. This motor turns a 26-inch diameter by a 24-inch pitch three-bladed Hyde propeller at 500 r.p.m. With this motor installation she is capable of a speed of 7 m.p.h. She is used as a fishing boat by her owners, Crocker Bros., of Freeport, Nova Scotia.

A Brazilian Cattle Boat

The owners of Brazilian cattle boats are gradually coming to recognize the fact that using gas engines for auxiliary power is good economy. One of the most (Continued on page 49)



Minas is a Brazilian cattle schooner owned by Lima & Reis, of Para, Brazil. A 20-22 h.p. Buffalo motor gives her a speed of 5 m.p.h.

On the same day that the installation of the motor was completed a demonstration run was made with government officials aboard, and it was easily determined that Mr. Carey's confidence had not been misplaced, for Hupa took them down the harbor at a 28-mile clip, and the inspectors immediately accepted the boat as government property, running between the various patrol stations and acting as despatch boat for the First Naval District Patrol Squadron.

Hupa is 63 feet long with 8-foot beam and draws approximately 3 feet 6 inches of water when underway, and it is claimed that her speed of 28 m.p.h. can be maintained for any length of time required.

Important

Important

It has recently come to the attention of the Navy that certain persons representing themselves to be manufacturers' agents or brokers have been writing to manufacturers that they are in a position to obtain contracts for them, obtain more expeditious payments, and even have the goods of particular manufacture accepted for Government use. These statements have in some cases had direct reference to purchases being made by the Navy under competitive bidding and public competition and are, therefore, altogether without foundation.

made by the Navy under competitive bidding and public competition and are, therefore, altogether without foundation.

There has been no change in the methods previously pursued by the Navy of purchasing materials after public competition except in those few industries in which the demand exceeds production, and for this or other similar reason the Navy allots its requirements among the trade subject to final governmental price fixing.

On account of the volume of their business, here, some concerns have experienced local factory representatives; such men being of real service as they are qualified to act for the contractor. A representative who does not know the manufacturer's product can be of no useful service.

It is desired that all firms regularly manufacturing or marketing products used by the Navy bid direct and not through the medium of so-called manufacturer's agents or representatives.

Bidding through a third party inevitably leads to misunderstanding and difficulties which can be obviated by direct bidding. Each bidder may feel assured of receiving fair artie quitable treatment, and the purchasing officers will look out for the interests of the absent bidder in this respect far more floroughly than any manufacturer's agent or representative possibly could.

A recent complaint has been received from one



A high-speed six-cylinder Sterling turning a three-bladed 21-inch diameter by 45-inch pitch Harthan propeller gives Florence E II, a speed of 30 m.p.h.

Personalities

Seventeen years ago, in a tiny garage and repair shop is Rockford, Iowa, was born the idea which has reached maturity in the Duseenberg marine motor of to-day. Here it was that Fred S. Duesenberg built the first gasoline motor, a clumsy little motor-cycle engine which was exhibited at the first Chicago Show. Even in these formative days the motor gave promise of a budding genius in design which has been fully realized.

Catching a glimpse of the tremendous future of the automobile industry, Fred S. Duesenberg organized the Mason Motor Co., of Des Moines, Iowa, and apent a few years bringing out what was, in those days, a first class machine. But this kind of thing didn't keep Fred S. busy enough, so in 1910 he branched out into the automobile racing game, as it seemed to offer the greatest field for the development of ideas and rapid and severe trial of their value. The first four-cylinder Duesenbery engine was built mostly in the basement of the Duesenberg home and took over a year to complete. However, it was a real motor and embodied improvements which have endured the rigors of many racing campaigns without a reason for any important change. This original motor was still propelling a car with a truck body on it at 50 miles an hour through the outlying districts of Chicago this summer. Fred Duesenberg entered his first car in Indianapolis Race of 1912 and was scoffed at for doing so, as his motor capacity was only 230 cubic inches as against the 450 cubic inches of the other cars. However, he got 78 m.p.h out of the car in that race and eventually forced the abandonment of the 231 cubic inch class races.



The success of the Duesenberg racing motor since then has been so outstanding that practically everybody knows the principle details. It is probably safe to say that at least 70 percent. of all cars on the dirt and board tracks to-day in America are Duesenberg equipped.

Development of the gasoline motor for marine, purposes has gone hand in hand with its perfecting in the automobile field and when a prominent Chicago sportsman determined to do a seemingly impossible thing—produce a sixty-mile boat—it was natural for him to turn to Fred Duesenberg to produce the power plant for him. The problem was a tough one, but five months from the day the motor was first put on paper the engines were turning over in Disturber IV. the fastest 40-foot hydroplane yet developed in this country.

That was the start of the Duesenberg marine engine. Soon after the successful results obtained in the Disturber the old Loew-Victor Engine Co., of Chicago made a deal with Fred Duesenberg to become their chief engineer. He designed for them a six-cylinder and as eight-cylinder 64/-inch by 74/-inch marine engine, a six-cylinder aeroplane engine, a six-cylinder aeroplane engine, a six-cylinder aeroplane engine, a six-cylinder aeroplane engine and a series of automobile motors. Last fall the Loew-Victor Engine Co. was merged into the Duesenberg Motors Corp, who have just moved into their new plant at Elizabeth, N. J., where all types of their motors will be manutactured in quantity.

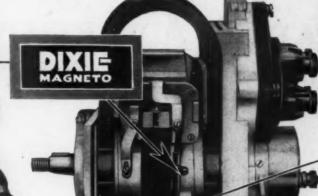
Reliable Auxiliaries for Express

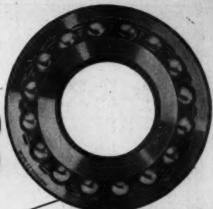


MoToR BoatinG for October, 1917

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Cruiser Motors





S.K.F.

PARAGON REVERJE GEAR



JCHEBLER CARBURETER

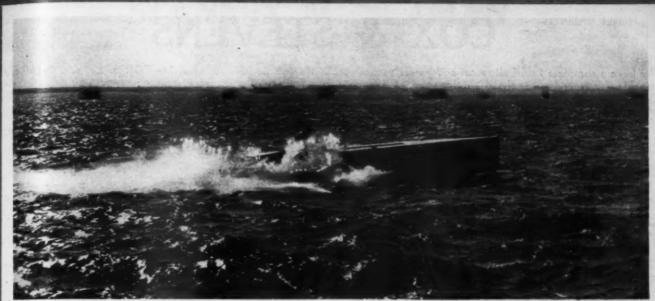




GENERAL BRAFF CO.
CONNECTING ROD
AND CRANKSMAFT
BEARINGS

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mar or ruin the appearance of boats finished with ordinary varnish - none of these will affect your boat if it is protected!

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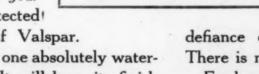
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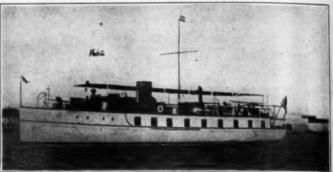
We have a complete list of all steam and power yachts, auxiliaries and houseboats available FOR SALE and CHARTER.

A few are shown on this page. Plans, photographs and full particulars furnished on request.

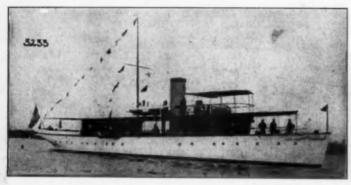
WINTER CHARTER—We specially offer several modern GASOLINE HOUSEBOATS particularly adapted for FLORIDA waters. The demand last season greatly exceeded amount of available craft; these conditions will doubtless prevail next Winter, therefore early arrangements are advised.



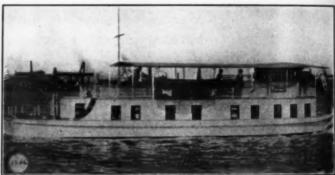
No. 1796—For Sale or Charter—Very roomy, twin screw cruising power yacht, 99 x 17 x 4 ft., adapted for Florida service. Speed 12-14 miles; Standard motors. Large dining saloon, six staterooms, three bathrooms; all conveniences. Cox & Stevens, 15 William Street, New York.



No. 1662—For Charter—Attractive 90 ft. twin screw gasoline houseboat; speed 10-12 miles. Large saloon, four staterooms, two bathrooms; all conveniences. Handsomely furnished. Cox & Stevens, 15 William Street, New York.



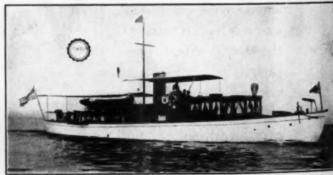
No. 3233—For Sale or Charter—Particularly desirable 123 ft. steel steam yacht. Spood up to 17 miles. Recent build. Dining saloon and social hall on deck; five staterooms, two bathrooms, etc. Cox & Stevens, 15 William Street, New York.



No. 1246—For Sale or Charter—Shoal draft, twin screw gasoline houseboot: 70 x 18.6 x 1.6 ft. Speed 10 miles. Dining and main saloons, three double staterooms bath, two toilets, etc. All conveniences. Cox & Stevens, 15 William St., New York



No. 2247—For Sale or Charter—(Now has deckhouse) 90 ft. flush deck, twin screw gasoline cruiser. Speed 13-14 miles. Dining saloon on deck; main saloon, three staterooms, two bathrooms, etc. Particularly able craft. Cox & Stevens, 15 William Street, New York.



No. 3092—For Sale or Charter—Lawley built, twin screw power yacht; 75 x 13 x 3.10 ft. Speed up to 14 miles; two 6 cyl. Sterling motors. Dining and main saloons, double stateroom, large galley, etc. First class condition. Adapted for Forida service. Cox & Stevens, 15 William St., New York.



No. 3235-For Charter-Up-to-date twin screw gasoline houseboat; 80 x 16.7 x 2.10 ft. Recent build. Speed 10 miles. Deck saloon, main cabin, three double state-



No. 521—For Sale—Raised deck cruiser; 57 x 13 x 3.4 ft. Speed 11 miles; 50/60 H.P. Twentieth Century motor. Large saloon, one double and two single state-rooms, bath and toilet room. Price low. Cox & Stevens, 15 William Street. New York.



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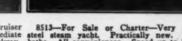
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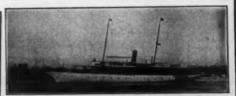
MARINE INSURANCE

We have for Sale and Charter a large list of desirable yachts of every description. We advise early selection for Florida season, as the demand last year exceeded the supply and similar conditions look to prevail next Winter. Below are offered some excellent Gasolene Houseboats at attractive prices.

Send for Handsome Illustrated Yacht List—mailed free.





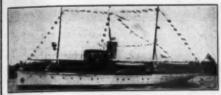


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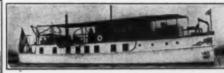
New 1916. 7515—80 ft. Lawley Coast Cruiser. Speed 13 miles. Stanley M. Perfect condition. In commission. Bargain. Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.





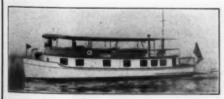


8727—For Charter—90 ft. Twin Screw ideal shoal draft cruiser. 4 elegant staterooms; bath; all modern concepto two Standard motors; speed 10 knots. All cruiser. 4 elegant staterooms; bath; all modern conveniences. Ideal for Florida. Stanley M. Seaman, while the staterooms of two Standard motors; speed 10 knots. All cruiser, good as new. Stanley M. Seaman, while the staterooms of the staterooms of two Stanley M. Seaman, Stanley M. Seaman, Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.





8613—For Sale or Charter—68 ft. Twin Screw Coast Cruiser; 20 ft. beam, 2.10 ft. draft—cruise anywhere in Florida. 2 double staterooms; shower bath; hot water heat. Standard motors; speed 9 knots. The finest craft of type offered. Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.





8633-For Sale-60 ft. Florida Cruiser; 17 ft. beam. 8362-For Sale or Charter-62 ft. Cruiser. 2 double staterooms; bath. Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.



8624—Excellent opportunity to purchase at a big bargain this 56 ft. Coast Cruiser. Exceptionally heavily built; speed 12 knots. Offers solicited. Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.



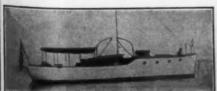


8706—55 ft. Express Patrol cruiser. New 300 h.p. Duesberg, July, 1917. Speed 24 miles. Only boat of type for a Stanley M. Seaman, 220 Broadway, New York.

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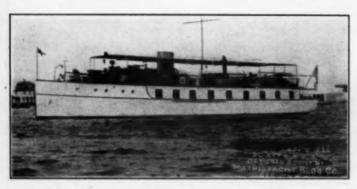
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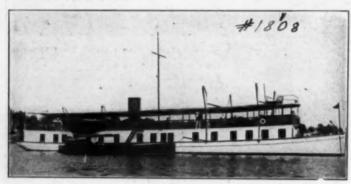
Offer for charter the following desirable houseboats all of which are admirably suited for Florida waters



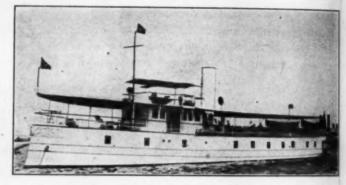
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No. 243—Sale—Charter—Twin screw steam houseboat, 116 ft. x 21 ft. x 4 fdraft. 4 staternoms, 3 hathrooms dining saloan and employer room.



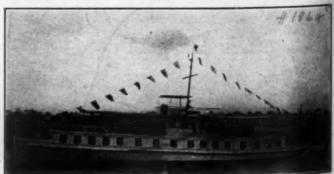
No. 1860—Charter—Shallow draft twin screw houseboat, 70 ft. x 18 ft. 6 in x 18 in. draft. 3 staterooms, bathroom, dining saloon and pilot house.



No. 1849—Charter—Desirable houseboat, 115 ft. x 17 ft. x 3 ft. 6 in. druft. Speed 12 miles. 5 staterooms, 3 bathrooms, main saloon, dining saloon, smaking and sitting rooms.



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No. 1864—Charter—Now in Florida waters. Modern houseboat, 110 ft. x 20 ft. x 4 ft. 9 in. draft. 4 Staterooms, dining saloon, sitting room, etc.

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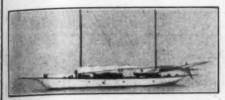
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FOR SOUTHERN CRUISING this Winter we offer a number of very desirable POWER HOUSE BOATS and POWER YACHTS which are specially adapted for FLORIDA waters. Last season a great number of clients were much disappointed in not being able to secure for charter a suitable POWER HOUSE BOAT or POWER YACHT owing to the great demand. Yachting this coming WINTER SEASON promises more activity than ever before—so—CHARTER A BOAT NOW AND BE ASSURED OF ONE THIS WINTER.

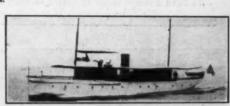
We can render invaluable assistance in expert appraisals, supervision of alterations and estimates.



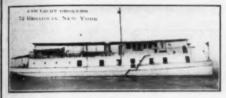
Na. 3103—Sale—97 foot centerboard auxiliary ketch, four staterooms, two bathrooms, very roomy, well taken care of. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



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No. 1055—Charter—Now in Florida, 106 foot twin screw over househoat, four double staterooms, two bathrooms, echhouse. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



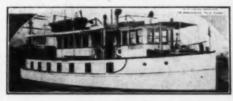
No. 5964—Sale—1917—60 foot twin screw motor yacht, Sterling engines, speed 20 to 24 miles, very attractive craft. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



No. 5443—Sale—Finest little 53 foot twin acrew, raised deck cruiser, available for southern cruising. Sterling motors. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



For Sale—Great Bargain. Strongly built and cruiser, 50 ft. 4 inches over all. Will be in ntil middle of October, for demonstration Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York



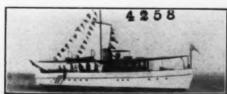
, No. 4747—Charter—Popular 68 foot twin screw house-boat, now in Florida waters, Standard motors, fine accom-modations. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



No. 5532—Sale—Charter—62 foot power houseboat, two staterooms, deckhouse, bathroom, practically new. Glelow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



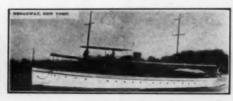
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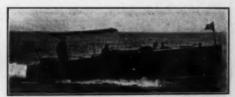


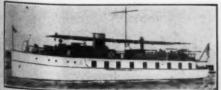
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9-Sale-90 foot twin screw motor yacht, overring 1917, new deckhouse put on, excellent acring 1917, new deckhouse put on, excellent acring 1918, new deckhouse put on, excellent acring 1918, new deckhouse put on, excellent acround in the second of twin screw
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No. 3617—For Charter—90 foot twin screw power house-bost, very attractive, handsomely furnished, four state-rooms. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



No. 3106—Sale—Charter—70 foot power yacht, excellent boat for southern cruising, Winton motor, two staterooms, bathroom. Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.

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No. 294—Steel Steam Yacht, flush deck, 117 x 16, In 1585—Power Yacht, 91 x 15.7, staunch construction, flush deck, 117 x 16, It is a staunch construction, flush deck, two 6-cylinder motors, good speed.

No. 2356—Motor Yacht, 85 x 13.6, formerly steam power, now fitted with 100 H.P. gasoline engine. Want offer.

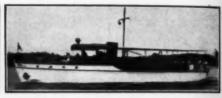






No. 1738—Raised Deck Cruiser, 65 x 11, six cylinder No. 1959—Exceptionally able seaboat, 64 ft., two state-





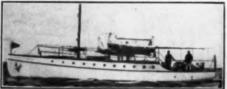




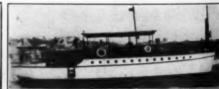
No. 1919—Attractive Power Cruiser, 60 x 12.6, fifty No. 1410—Excellent cruiser, 57 x 11, H.P. motor.







No. 1779-Light Draft Power Cruiser, 56 x 13.2 x dition; fifty horsepower Twentieth Century motor.





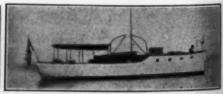
No. 1750-First class cruiser, 42 x 10, Lamb motor, No. 1370-First-class Cruiser, 55 x 11, six cylinder full equipment.











No. 39—For Sale or Charter, 85 ft., Florida Houseboat, 75 H.P. Standard motor, 5 staterooms, etc.

No. 2248—Express Cruiser, 55 x 8.9, Speedway motor. No. 2321—Roomy Cruiser, 42 x 11.6, practically see fully equipped; 4 cylinder motor.

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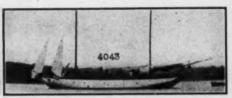
Our list comprises all the available yachts for sale and charter. Below are a few of our offerings. If none of these appeal to you, write us your requirements. Our knowledge of the yachts we offer, and our 25 years' experience in the business, insure satisfaction to any one buying or chartering a yacht through this office.

SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE

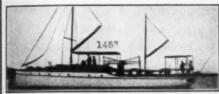




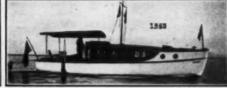
30 foot cruiser. Two berths in cabin; Sterling 4257-200 foot steel ocean going schooner yacht. Splen-



4043-100 foot auxiliary centreboard ketch. Four state

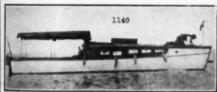


staterooms, Main





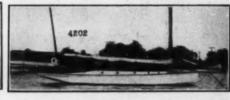
1553-32 foot cruiser. Sleeps 3. 15-20 H.P. Bridge-ort motor. Speed 8 miles. Electric light. Price \$750. Four staterooms, large saloon, two bathrooms, etc. Speed 9 knots under power.



25 H.P. Sterling



1047-Sale or Charter for Southern waters-55 foot



4202-47 foot auxiliary yawl. Stateroom and four berths in saloon. Speed 7 miles. Price attractive.



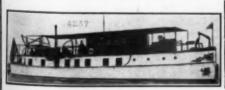
1382-43 foot cruiser. Stateroom. Two double berths asloon, and two in engine room. Speed 10 miles.



1688-45 foot cruiser. Double stateroom. Two berths in saloon. Two toilets, etc. Speed 10 miles.



4087-Sale or Charter-

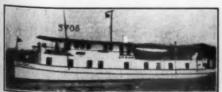


4237—Twin screw 75 foot power houseboat. Four state-



4231-Sale or Charter-85 foot power househoat. Five 4157-Twin screw 70 foot power househoat. Splendid staterooms, dining saloon, bath, etc.





3706—Sale or Charter—Twin screw 104 foot power 1784—62 foot houseboat. Two staterooms, saloon, bath, bath, etc. Price attractive.





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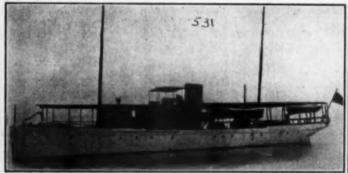
A few of the yachts available are herewith submitted for your consideration, several of which are well adapted for Southern waters.

Further particulars upon request.



No. 269-Charter-May Sell-Modern Motor Houseboat, 85 ft. x 18 ft. x 30 in. draft. 4 double staterooms. 1 bathroom.





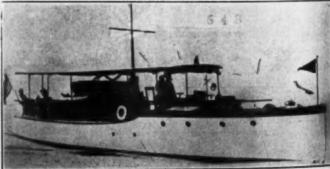
No. 531-Sale-Flush Deck Cruiser, 96 ft. x 18 ft. x 6 ft. Sleeping accommoda-is for 9 persons.



No. 666-Sale-60 ft. Cruiser. Very good seaboat. Excellent condition.



No. 692-Sale-Twin Screw Cruiser, 53 ft. x 12 ft. x 3 ft. draft. Excellent condition. Good boat for Southern and Northern waters.



No. 648-Sale-50 ft. Cruiser. Excellent condition.









No. 590-24 ft. Runabout. Speed 22 miles. good condition.

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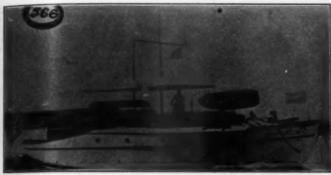
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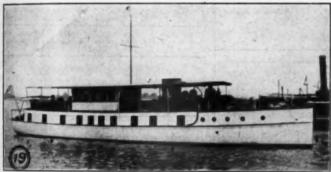
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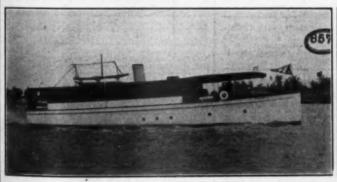
No. 566-For Sale-55 ft. twin screw motor yacht. Double stateroom, Large
No. 542-For Sale-40 ft. fast express cruiser. 8 cyl. Van Blerck motor, Speed
17-20 miles. Built in 1916.

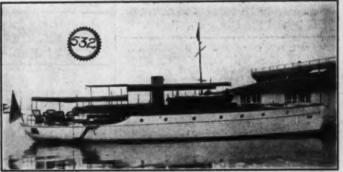




No. 19-For Charter-Desirable 95-ft. power houseboat. Social hall on deck r double staterooms. Modern appointments.

No. 525—For Sale—60 ft. x 15 ft. power boat. Two Sterling motors. Speed 11 miles. Large accommodations. Located on Lakes. Price attractive.

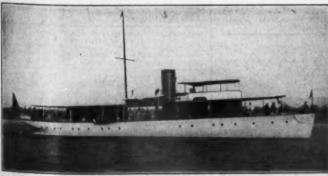




No. 857—For Sale—65 ft. x 12 ft. x 3 ft. 6 in. Power Boat. Speed 12 miles.

No. 532—For Sale—Twin screw power boat, 71 ft. x 12 ft. 6 in. x 3 ft. draft.

Built in 1917. Six cyl. Sterling motor Complete equipment. Excellent boat for Speed 12 miles. Speed 12 miles. Speed 12 miles. Speed 12 miles.







No. 171-For Sale-Modern 91 ft. cruising power yacht. Accordanced. Four staterooms, bath, large saloon. Price attractive.

No. 606-For Sale-Modern 122 ft. steel steam yacht. Splendid accommodations.

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rate for "For Sale" and "Want" advertisements er word, minimum 75 cents. If an illustration is rge is as follows, which includes the making of the e inch deep, one column widt.

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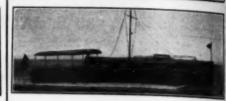


No. 6904—Sale or Charter—Most desirable power house-boat for Florida waters. Exceptionally commodious and comfortable accommodations, light draft and Standard engine. FRANK BOWNE JONES, Yacht Agent, 29 Broadway, New York. YACHTS OF ALL TYPES FOR SALE AND CHARTER



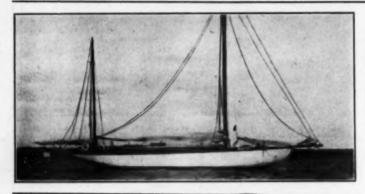
No. 4831—For Sale—Power cruiser especially designed and built for Florida waters. 83 ft. x 13½ ft. x 3 ft. Roomy and airy living quarters. FRANK BOWNE JONES, Yacht Agent, 29 Broadway, New York.

YACHTS OF ALL TYPES FOR SALE AND CHARTER



No. 5191—For Sale—40 ft. express cruiser. Sterling engine. High speed. Offered at a low price. FRANK BOWNE JONES, Yacht Agent, 29 Broadway.

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No. 2645 — For Sale — Particularly fine auxiliary centreboard cruisinw yawi, 55 feet overall, 38 feet waterline, 15 feet beam, 2 feet 8 inches draft. Large main cabin, owner's stateroom, toilet, galley and forecastle. Thoroughly overhauled by present owner. In commission on Chesapeake Bay. Ready to start for Southern cruise for which it is well adapted. Special bargain for prompt purchase. Plans and further particulars from Gielow & Orr, 52 Broadway, New York.



FOR SALE—High speed 30 ft. motor boat RAT; winner of both Herald Trophy and Staple Cup at Thousand Island this season. Displacement type. Average speed 32 miles. Solid mahogany construction. Powered with 135 H.P. 6 cyl. Sterling motor. Self starter, lighting outfit, etc. Attractive figure accepted; owner building new boat and will deliver in perfect condition. Cax & Stevens, 15 William Street, New York.

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R/D Cruiser, third season, 26 x 9, Palmer 12 h.s., Galley, Toilet, sleep four, Electric lights, Water task, complete cruising equipment \$500. 670 E. 149 St., Bross.

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For new and second hand marine engines write American Motor Manufacturing Co., Stillwater, Minn., manufacturers of the celebrated Campbell marine engines.

New Power Ocean Freighter, 350 tons cargo capacity New \$6000.00 oil engine. Should pay over 100% yearly Sell all or shares. Modern Yacht Co., Bath, Maine.

SPEEDY RUNABOUT
Handsome 28 ft. mahogany Runabout, fully equipped a real 23 miler all ready for southern waters, used this season. Address H. J. Smith, care of MoToR Beating, 119 W. 40th St., New York.

BARGAINS-26 ft. 7 in., Open Launch little use \$250.00. 35 ft. 7 in., Glass Cabin Launch, in use, \$200.0 recently overhauled. One Wisconsin Outboard Mot little used, runs O.K., \$40.00. E. W. Bennett, Soutampton, N. Y.

FOR SALE—30 ft. x 6 ft. V-bottom, built 1916, 40 b.3 4 cycle motor. Full electric starting and lighting system, auto control. Full details on application. Price \$600. E. J. Stone, Knox Motors Associates, Springfield, Mass

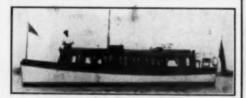
FOR SALE—22 Rubber Covered Berling Dual Switches
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Berling Dual Switches. 40 V. N. 1 Dual Colls. All the
above new stock. Will sell all, or part of lot. Van Bierch
Motor Co., Monroe, Mich.

FOR SALE—One single cylinder extra heavy duty 6 x 7 4 cycle Craig engine, complete with reverse gas in first class condition. Exceptional engine where smooth running reliability and economy are to be considered Luders Marine Construction Co., Stamford, Com.

WANTED FOR FLORIDA WATERS a light draft comfortable family Runabout, 25 to 28 ft. long. If you boat is practically new, and you want to sell it for good money, address P. O. Box No. 373, Faribault, Minnesstagiving age, price, photograph, and full description of Hull, Motor, Electric Starter, and Equipment.

HAVE a 45 ft., 3 step hydroplane, mahogany construction, 2 six-cylinder engines, 125 H.P. each. The beat his worf two gold cups and is in perfect condition. Constitution of the boat and an 18 acre farm with good buildings for a steam cruiser. Address F. Casey, 204 W. Jefferson S., Syracuse, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Raised Deck Cruiser, 30 ft. x 8 ft. 6 in. x 2 ft. 6 in. 4 cycle motor, in first class condition. Delivery in Florida waters. F. Forster, Orchid, Fla.



FOR SALE—30 ft. x 8 ft. Standard engine, electric lights, toilet, etc. Sleeps four or more. Recently overhauled and in fine condition. Known as finest craft of size and type on Potomac River. Price only \$850. Must be sold. Address Richard B. Owen, Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C.

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FOR SALE—"Iris II." Fastest Canadian Hydroplane, three step design, 26 x 6 ft. Mahogany throughout, seating capacity eight. 200 H.P. 8-cylinder Sterling Racing motor. Completely equipped, launched and tested out late last fall and conceded by experts the most perfect planning hydroplane affect. Photos, price and full particulars upon application. Thus Enright, 260 Brunswick Ave., Toronto, Canada.

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FOR SALE—In Miami, Florida, Yacht Tik-Tok, 31 x 8 x 3. Ten H.P. Hartford 2-cylinder motor. Toilet, electric lights, ice box, stove, wash bowl connected with 22 gal. supply tank, 10 ft. tender, 4 spring bunks in cabin. Full equipment and in fine condition. She will take you out and bring you back. C. C. Stager, 581 Blue Hills Ave., Hartford, Conn.; or Loe & Cooper, Miami, Fla.

BUSINESS FOR SALE—THERMEX SILENCER Covering patterns, stock on hand, U. S. patents and good will. Business established; no experiment. Most profitable motor boat accessory on the market. W. L. Tobey, 9 Lewis St., East Boston, Mass.

FOR SALE—The well-known Apache II Motor Boat, 40 ft. long, 10 ft. beam, 3 ft. 6 in. draft, trunk cabin, 13 ft. aft deck, Lamb 30 H.P. engine, new last year. Speed 12 miles and better; room for six to sleep, Pullman berths and 6 ft. 3 in. head room in cabin all parts. Boat has been thoroughly overhauled last spring, and is in the best of condition, and all copper fastenings and fully equipped. Can be seen at the Beech Hurst Yacht Club, White Stone Landing, Long Island, by arranging with owner Nicholas T. Brown, 360 West 116th St. Telephone Plaza 6797.

FOR SALE—V-bottom, shoal draft Day Cruiser. 32 ft. x 8 ft. Speed 20 miles. 6 cyl. 60-70 H.P. Lowe Victor engine. Boat is fully equipped. Built in Fall 1915. Used scartely at all. Has electric lights, binnacle, search light, speed and revolution indicators. Was put in commission this Summer but not used. The boat is practically new and is an ideal craft for Florida waters. The owner, desiring to part with his speed boat, will consider a trade for a cabin cruiser or a cruising house boat. John A. Lucey, 28 North 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—Small auxiliary yacht, schooner, ketch or yawl rig. 45 to 65 ft. over all. In good condition and fully found. Please send photo, if possible plan, name designer, where and when built, beam, draft and gross tonnage, maker of motor, power and driving speed. Quote lowest cash price. A. J. Pierce, 1841 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Florida bound: opportunity for party to cruise south on modera boat by sharing expenses. Boats wanting to join fleet send in names. "Experienced," MoToR Boating.

Florida pilot—Experienced, reliable. References. Boats delivered. Fee reasonable. Would like boat for the winter. (Wife can go as cook.) "Competent," MoToR BoatinG.

FOR SALE—First class four-cycle, four-cylinder engine, 5½ x 5½. Suitable for runabout. Aluminum base. Everything complete. Now in operation. C. Grecht, 1330 S. Sharp Street, Baltimore, Md.

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The Corinthian Yacht Club

Ine Corinthian Yacht Club

(Continued from page 15)

lawns and trees, outhouses for the storage of boat equipment and boats, and a large enclosed basin with accommodations for the club fleet, dining, billiard, and meeting rooms, appropriately furnished and decorated, sleeping rooms that are now occupied by the tired patrol yachtsmen, after a time on duty, boats under cover and several of the S. P. fleet at anchor or in the basin ready for their call down bay. Commodore J. G. N. Whitaker, of the Yachtsmen Club, Philadelphia, Pa., is one of the prominent Crinthian Yacht Club members. It will be remembered the many victories of Commodore Whitaker's cruiser Ilys. She raced in this and the New York section for several years, making one record after another and also made the race to Bermuda and Havana.

bered the many victories of Commodore Whitaker's cruiser Ilys. She raced in this and the New York section for several years, making one record after another and also made the race to Bermuda and Havana.

The following is a copy of the roll of honor, a list headed Pro Patria and includes some of the most prominent yachtsmen of the Philadelphia section.

Commodore Charles Longstreth, Dr. A. Hare, Geo. Breed, C. Howell, E. R. Cassidy, C. McMitchell, W. F. Harrison, E. T. Scott, Dr. R. H. Harte, G. F. Tyler, Fleet Chaplain Dr. E. M. Jeffreys, H. Wetherill, A. J. Drexel Paul, John Price Wetherill, Captain B. G. Bryan, Lieutenant Commander H. C. Mustin, J. H. R. Cromwell, Robert E. Glendinning, Commander J. W. Oman, Lieutenant Colonel C. I. Radford, Thomas C. Stockhousen, N. Hathaway, Wm. Morse, Dr. C. Biddle, Henry Austin, John R. Fell, H. S. Kerner, Dr. J. Norman Henry, Q. A. Gilmore.

All of these men are in active service, some of them in the fleet of the Corinthian Yacht Club, others on the medical staff, while some are stationed on government war craft.

The Corinthian Yacht Club was the first club to take up the formation of the United States Power Squadrons in this location and Commodore Chaples Longstreth was elected one of the examinaers for this district. He gave service on the examining board for a long time and had before him many of the candidates of the Delaware River Power Squadron. Probably, there could be found no better body of yachtsmen, in this country, who have had the special training that these men of the Corinthian Of Commodore Longstreth. They are now working for the government in the capacity of skilled yachtsmen and ought to be a great help to their country.

Imova and Sarah Jane

typifies that propensity, having been designed and built by Geo. Lawley & Son Corp., of Neponset, Mass., for H. B. Endicott. Imova is 55 feet long, and has a beam of 11 feet 5 inches with a draft of 3 feet. Her speed is 23 m.p.h., which is due to her power installation, two Model FM, six-cylinder

Sterling motors.

S ARAH JANE, shown at the lower left hand corner of page 20 is 50 feet long by O corner of page 29, is 50 feet long by a beam of 10 feet, and is equipped with an eight-cylinder Model F Sterling motor. She is owned by W. C. Handlin, of Atlantic City, N. J.

Prize Contest ver-Look Nothing

(Continued from page 25)
piston at top dead center by using mark on the
periphery of the flywheel. If no mark on the
flywheel, remove the cap over the combustion
chamber, and by using a steel gauge you can
determine the dead center by rocking the flywheel back and forward until the mean of the novement of the flywheel is found, while the

piston remains stationary at top center.

At the completion of this operation the valve push-rod set screw for the intake valve should be brought to a point where it just presses against the intake valve-stem, and locked by lock nut. Repeat the same operation with the same work with No. 2 cylinder, and so on throughout the entire engine. If this rule is followed closely you will not have valve trouble.

F. C. R., Newport, R. I.

Yard and Shop

(Continued from page 35) important installations of this kind has just been made by E. C. Holden, of Buffalo sales agent at Para, Brazil, who has just succeeded in installing a 20-22 ho. heavy-duty Buffalo engine in Minas owned by Lima & Ries of Para. This boat is 103 feet in overall length with a beam of 19 feet and carries her full load of eighty head of cattle, drawing 6% feet of water. In spite of this the litle Buffalo engine drives her at a rate of better than 2% miles against the tide and 5 miles with the tide. This is considered by the owners a remarkable performance.

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THE CARLISLE & FINCH CO. 261 E. Clifton Ave., Cincinnati, Office

Racing for the Gold Cup

(Continued from page 9)

accident coming when it did, did more to demoralize the racing spirit of the owners and drivers than one can imagine. It put this one boat out of the running for good and made all of the drivers timid of the turn and put them in fear of the whole course.

To clear the course of floating and submarine obstructions was a mighty task. Every conceivable kind of a floating craft which could be requisitioned in Minneapolis was put into service with pike poles, pitch forks, seines and tennis nets and an attempt was made to clean the river. The fleet which was put into service consisted of two small open motor boats and one rowboat. A couple of days later a wagon load of rowboats was im-ported from one of the nearby lakes and St. Paul sent up several motor boats. These latter were much de-layed in arriving as the lock tender refused to open the locks at the dam he was under instructions not to allow any boat to pass through while the races were in progress. This he interpreted as meaning from Aug. 23rd to 27th. It took an order from ington to get the boats through. After much fishing for logs, seining, etc., the river was after a fashion cleared up. Most of the drift was towed to the shore but the next day the wind shifted, the water rose and most of the debris moved out onto the course again which necessitated that the work be done all over again. Even then an occasional dead-head appeared and at the finish of the three-day races the bot-toms of the boats were full of deep gouges from the contacts with the

Minneapolis having been on navigable water only for a few weeks, naturally there was a great scarcity of motor boats, in fact, there were even no rowboats or small launches on the river. Just one motor boat hailing from Minneapolis was all there was—this was Arbutus, a glass-cabin cruiser, owned by Dr. Schefcik, apparently the only motor boatman in the city of several hundred thousand people. But unfortunately Arbutus was broken down and of no assistance to the race

With no boats nor any yacht club in a community it is not common to find many motor boatmen, especially men familiar with handling the thousands of details connected with hydroplaneracing and that is just what happened at Minneapolis. Not a solitary man had any experience whatsoever with racing events and there were mighty few who had ever been aboard of even a rowboat. Our readers can imagine the chaotic state of affairs which existed. So it was.

It was assumed that assistance would be forthcoming from the Mississippi Valley Power Boat Association, as that organization long ago established an enviable record for racing on the Mississippi River. This was the first time that a Gold Cup Race had been held in the west and the A. P. B. A. officials who journeyed out the 1,500 miles from the coast had an idea at least that they would receive the hospitable greetings from the westerners of which so much has been written. Most of those who went west, also had a hope, perhaps more or less slight, that the occasion would

Table Giving Full Particulars of All Contestants for the A. P. B. A. Gold Cup Since 1904, Their Best Time for an Entire Race, Power, Speed, Etc.

| Ent | tire Race, Pow | er, Speed, Et | |
|--|---|---|---|
| BOAT | OWNER | ENGINE H.P. | |
| First Rass—Columb Standard Water Lily Fiat I | da Yacht Club, June C. C. Riotte Frank Seaman C. H. Tangeman | Standard F. L. A. T. | Nautical Milios. 1:33:30 23.6 1:54:28 15.3 |
| Second Race-Columb | /Rea Mai | t., 1904—Course, 1 | |
| Vingt-st-Un II Speedway Mercedes U.S.A. Flip Marsirene II Mercedes VI Macaroni | W. Sharpe Kilmer C. L. Seabury H. L. Bewden C. D. Holmes | Simplex 75 Speedway 64 Mercedes 80 Holmes 38 | 1:37:03 25.3 1:32:13 22.9 1:44:26 17.5 3:34:05 15.0 1:37:31 31.6 1:37:31 31.6 2:30:25 13.4 |
| Shooting Star Josephine Challenger Third Race Chippe | H. A. Losier, Jr. H. A. Busehmann Smith & Mabley | | O Statute Miles |
| | J. Wainwright F. H. Wessen | Leighten 16 Giant | 0 Statute Miles. % 1:52:38 15.9 1:59:12 15.9 |
| Inviese Shooting Star II T. S. M. Skeeter Flip So Long Radium | J. Walnwright F. H. Wesagn H. A. Losler, Jr. A. I. Bichardson E. J. Schroeder W. H. Beebe George Hasbrouck A. B. Peacock A. Massenst | Louier Histe Speedway Darracq Special Trebert Panhard | % 1:53:38 15.9 1:50:12 15.9 1:14:28 24.2 1:22:58 21.7 1:10:23 23.6 1:35:13 18.9 1:20:21 23.6 |
| Panhard II | | | ****** |
| Fourth Race—Chips Chip II* Sparrow Jowel Goess Again Vingt-Truis Tornado Dixie Vingt-et-Un II | J. Wainwright P. J. Swain E. S. Burks H. M. Denny J. P. Gillespie B. W. Koemer E. J. Schroeder W. Sharpe Kilmer | b. 1906—Course, i Leighton Packard Trebert Watertown Trebert Sterling S. & M. S. & M. Panhard | 16 Statute Miles. 1:27:01 20.6 1:21:21 22.1 1:29:07 20.2 1:26:07 18.7 1:24.54 20.7 1:94:49 27.8 1:17:24 23.2 |
| Vingt-et-Un II Panhard II Eureka So Long II Triton | A. Massenat J. G. Reid George Hasbrouck A. T. Brown | Panhard Fairbanks Trebest Brown | 1:10:40 25.4 Disgd. |
| Fifth Rass-Chines | wa Bay Yasht Ciul | 1007 Causes 9 | O Statute Miles |
| Chip II* Delawanna Vingt-Treis Stranger Pirate | J. Wainwright W. C. Irwin J. P. Gillespie F. G. Bourne C. N. Peacock | Leighton 15 Fairbanks 21 Fairbanks 21 Simplex 77 Trebert 188 | 1:26:43 20.8 1:21:43 23.0 2:04:17 14.5 1:04:56 27.8 1:08:34 36.4 |
| Sixth Race—Chippe Dixio II Chip III Pirate Jan Stranger Pawnee U. S. A. Duqueene | wa Bay Yacht Club E. J. Schroeder Senator Hawkins C. N. Peacock George Hashrouck F. G. Bourne J. P. Gillespie J. S. Sheppard Bowland Peacock | crane 229 Leighton 98 Haynes 98 | 0 Statute Miles. 0:58:12 20.9 0:58:10 10.8 1:88:17 17.1 1:00:04 27.2 1:00:10 25.6 |
| Seventh Race-Thousa | and Islands Yacht C | list, 1989—Course, | 82 Statute Miles. |
| Dixie II Duquesne Stranger Jan | E. J. Schroeder Rowland Peacock F. G. Bourne George Hasbrouck | Crane 320 Jenciek 200 Simplex 2 Haynes 98 | 0:58:25 32.9 1:07:55 38.5 1:10:05 37.4 1:12:40 26.5 |
| Eighth Rass—Theusa Dixie III Squaw Skit Skipper | P. K. Burnham P. G. Bourne A. B. Quarrier | lub, 1916—Course, Crane 350 Simpler 156 Leighten 120 Jencick 250 | 32 Statute Miles. 0:57:14 38.6 0:57:30 38.4 1:15:45 25.4 |
| Ninth Race—From Mit II Skipper Wasp Dixie IV Homet | J. H. Hayden A. B. Quarrier W. Tousey F. K. Burnham C. L. Tousey | 1911—Course, 28 Sterling 100 2 Crane 450 | Nautical Miles. 0:58:31 36.1 0:56:05 34.4 0:53:17 36.2 0:51:45 37.3 |
| Tenth Race—Thousan | Alfred G. Miles | ub, 1912-Course, Sterling 89 | 82 Statute Miles, 9:52:12 36.8 |
| P.D.Q. II Baby Reliance Guess Not Wasp Mit II Syraouse Bear Cat Ankle Deep | Alfred G. Miles J. Stuart Blackton H. F. Denny W. Tousey J. H. Haydan W. Tousey H. Coppel Count Mankowski | Sterling 30 Sterling 150 2 Watertown 100 3 Leighton 200 Sterling 100 5 Leightom 200 Sterling 90 3 Sterling 300 | 0:52:12 36.8 0:51:55 37.0 0:56:17 34.1 0:56:17 34.1 0:56:20 35.3 1:01:25 30.8 1:08:47 28.0 |
| Eleventh Race—Thouse Ankle Deep Mutt. Jr. P.D.Q. III | and Islands Yacht C Count Mankowski Dr. J. J. Harty Alfred G. Miles H. S. Ford | lub, 1913—Course, 2 Sterling 300 Sterling 75 Sterling 150 | 29 Nautical Miles. 0:44:59 44.5 0:58:03 57.7 0:48:44 41.1 |
| Little Joher Mit III Sand Burr III | I. H. Hayden A. K. White | Sterling 100 Sterling 100 | 8:40:24 40.5 6:40:40 46.2 |
| Twelfis Bass Lake | George Regatta Asse Paula Blackton J. E. Blackton | Sterling 180 Sterling 180 | 0:41:03 50.49 0:41:07 50.41 |
| Baby Speed Demse II Baby Heliance V Buffale Enquirer Ankle Deep P.D.Q. V | W. J. Conners Count Mankowski Alfred G. Miles Dr. J. Harty | Storling 180 Storling 180 Storling 180 3 Storling 300 Van Blerck 300 Storling 180 Storling 180 Van Blerck 300 Van Blerck 200 | 0:41:03 50.49 0:41:07 50.41 0:42:55 48.1 0:42:53 47.0 0:44:37 48.4 0:48:55 43.2 0:59:10 41.1 0:44:37 40.4 |
| P.D.Q. V P.D.Q. IV Tooh, Jr. Hawk Eye Peter Pan VI Harpoon | Pauja Blackton J. S. Blackton W. J. Connors Count Mankowski Alfred G. Miles Dr. J. J. Harty Coleman Du Pent Lake George Synd James Simpson W. H. Young | Van Bierck 180 | 0:50:10 4L.1 0:44:37 40.4 |
| Thirtsouth Race Les | ig Island Sound P | B. Association, | 1915-Ceurse, 30 |
| Miss Detroit Tuch, Jr. Presto Baby Reliance V Baby Reped Demon II Little Joker III Wee Peter Pan II Ankle Deep Tus Tiddledy Wink | M. D. P. B. A. C. Du Pont C. G. Fisher J. S. Blackton P. H. Blackton H. S. Ford G. E. Vigouroux C. S. Mankowski T. Chesebrough | Sterling 250 Sterling 250 Sterling 250 Sterling 250 Sterling 250 3 Sterling 500 Wisconsin 100 2 Sterlings 500 | 0:43:41 48.5 0:44:50 46.3 0:50:00 41.3 0:43:36 47.5 0:43:36 47.5 DNP DNP DNP |
| | T. Chesebrough | Sterling 250 | |
| Fourteenth Race-Mi | as Detroit Power | Boat Association, Hilos. Sterling 250 Sterling 250 | 0:41:31 40.7 |
| Miss Minneapolis Miss Detroit Hawk Eye Peter Pan VII Baby Maroid Miss Hamtrank Fiftsenth Rase—Miss | M. M. B. A. M. D. P. B. A. A. L. Judson J. Simpson C. H. Wills Del Ray M. B. C. Minneapells Sout A | Van Blerek 200 2 Sterlings 500 Van Blerek 500 Maximotor 100 | 0:41:31 49.7 0:41:30 50.0 0:46:26 44.8 0:42:11 49.0 0:55:14 89.5 DNP |
| Miss Detroit II Miss Minneapelis Hawk Eye II | G. A. Wood M. M. B. A. A. L. Judson | Sterling 350 Sterling 350 Van Blerek 300 | 0:36:47 54.5 0:40:04 51.7 0:48:35 42.8 |
| * Winner on corr | rected time. | 2 20 70 6 | |

The course on the first day of the second race was only 274 os. and all the contestants with the exception of Vingt-et-Un II

result in the joining hands of the two largest racing organizations in the world, toward uniform and standard racing conditions, and that steps might be taken for the betterment of the sport generally all over the country. What slight hope there might have been before the races is now gone, dead forever, for with one exception not a single official or member of the M. V. P. B. A., the organization which claims to be devoted to developing and promoting motor boating in the Heart of America, showed up at the Regatta. The western organization absolutely boycotted the races, whether intentionally or unintentionally it could not be learned.

The single exception just mentioned was no other than A. L. Gibson, Vice-Admiral of the Mississippi Valley Association. Admiral Gibson was present throughout the meet and did everything in his power to make the races a success. His runabout Thoroughbred was a life saver, for with Panama and a few other boats from the St. Paul Motor Boat Club, was obliged to do most of the work connected with the Regatta. Commodores Gould and Meek of Chicago also rendered valuable assistance and advice.

The first race was originally scheduled for Thursday afternoon, Aug. 23rd, but as things were topsy-turvy at noon on that day a sudden shower which appeared at that time was taken as a good omen for calling off the races for the day. This announcement relieved the minds of the owners and crews, most of whom had been on the job continually for the previous thirty-six hours. They slowed up their pace a little and prepared their craft for their first trial trips on the Mississippi. Had the races been called as originally scheduled it would have been necessary for at least three of the boats to go into the race without a trial or even a run once around the course.

Miss Detroit II was the first to take the water and after a few minutes' run she was sighted coming up the river at the southern end of a tow line. A valve stem had snapped, dropped down into the cylinder and completely wrecked the piston.

Next Hawk Eye II was hoisted off the scow, which played the part of her host during the week, and lowered into the river. George Reiss, her driver, stepped on the starting button and the eight-cylinder Van Blerck responded with a roar. Orders were given to cast off and Hawk Eye II was headed down stream. The boat planed beautifully and seemed to be running smoother and faster than at the Thousand Islands races earlier in the month. She made one circuit of the six-mile course at a speed of about 50 miles an hour, but when she did not come around again when it was time no one noticed it as more exciting things had been happening in the meantime.

Whip-po'Will, Jr., the dark horse of the year, and believed to be faster than anything which has ever floated, was to be given a trial. The crowd gathered along the bank on both sides of the river and watched the proceedings of getting the boat into the water. As the outfit weighed in the neighborhood of five tons it was a mighty task

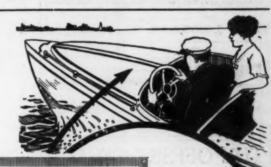
(Continued on page 52)

off per nto er, the led to led uu-ing ou-th. ille an me no igs ne. of ter ed, wd les ed-er. or-nek



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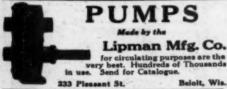
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Racing for the Gold Cup

(Continued from page 50)

with the facilities at hand. Every one held their breath as the derrick which to lift and lower the boats, creaked and nearly her deck under before "Whip' rolled her deck under before "Whip" was launched. In spite of what was feared, the gear on the derrick held and the boat was oated without accident.

It was but a moment's work to get the lashings unfastened and the crew consisting of nmodore Judson at the wheel, Jack Beebe at the throttle and Johnson as motorman, took their places behind the twelve cylinders of the mammoth Van Blerck which was supposed to develop between 400 and 500 h.p. at full speed. The motor responded to the first touch of the self-starter and the commodore headed his speedster down stream. After a few miles of maneuvering he brought her to the pier of the gasoline station where her tanks were filled with a few hundred gallons of the precious Anid

Now for her first trial. While we knew that "Whip's" crew had no intention of letting the boat out to her limit on the first time around yet we thought we'd clock her just to satisfy our own curiosity. Down to the starting line she came and as she went across we snapped our watches. The boat did not have the appearance of traveling so very fast as she was running on a perfectly even keel, high out of the water and with very little fuss or surface disturbance. The motor was not at all noisy, that is, from where we stood a hundred yards or so from the course. Every cylinder seemed to be hitting regularly with equal pep.

In a jiffy the boat was around the first turn, a mile down the course, and in about two more jiffies we could see her coming back. In just 7 minutes 44 seconds from the time she went across the starting line Whip-po'Will Jr. had completed the circuit of 6 nautical miles, speed of just under 55 miles an hour, which on the first attempt wasn't so bad.

The river at the upper turn is only about 500 feet wide. Any properly laid out turn should allow even the fastest boat in the world make it without slowing down but when Whip" tried to make the turn it showed the westerners in about one-fifth of a second what a whole year of corresponding had failed to drive home. As the helm of the racing craft was put over, the boat responded with such a rush that had there been less density to the water there would have been a loop the loop. So fast did it all happen that the crew were not even thrown out. The boat literally turned over on top of them. Fortunately, except for a few severe bruises, the three men reached shore safely.

The hull sank, stern first, in about twelve feet of water, but the nose of "Whip" remained pointing upward several feet above the surface, as though she was defying some one and promising revenge if she was given a chance later. But the chance did not arrive on the Mississippi. While efforts were made to prepare the motor for some of the races, yet it was not thought advisable to run the risk of a repetition of the affair and so Whip-

po'Will Jr. was not put overboard again.

While all of this activity was underway the crew of Miss Minneapolis, the only other entrant in the Gold Cup Races, were busy put-ting the final touches on their outfit and final touches they proved to be. It will be remem-bered that Miss Minneapolis up to now was an undefeated boat. The year of 1916 failed to produce a boat which could give her a good run for the money but the advance reports as to the speeds of some of the 1917 craft, such as Miss Detroit II and Whippo'Will Jr., gave the owners of Miss Minneapolis such a fright that they decided something must be done to make the western boat step along at a little livelier clip. So at the enth hour they ripped out the old reliable eight-cylinder Sterling and substituted an aero-plane motor of another make. Although the new power plant presumably had nearly double

(Continued on page 54)



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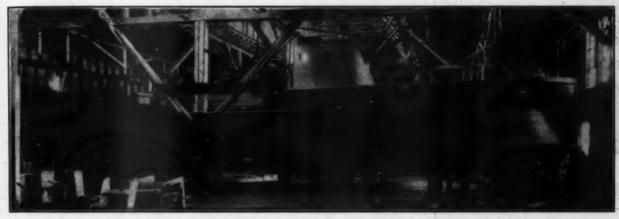
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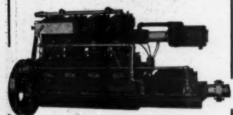
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Racing for the Gold Cup

(Continued from page 52)

the power of the old one, in addition to all kinds of claims as to what service she was capable of, yet it all went for naught when the test came

After Miss Minneapolis had made a run of about two miles in length there was not much left of the motor except a mass of junk.

So with Whip-po'Will Jr. at the bottom of the river, and Miss Minneapolis down and out, those in charge began to take stock of what boats were left so as to see what the possibilities were for a race later in the week. Suddenly some one remembered that Hawk Eye II hadn't been heard from for some hours, although she had started around the course earlier in the day. It was decided to send Thoroughbred down the river to see what had happened to the racer and way down a mile or more below the lower end of the course they found Hawk Eye II amongst the logs and bushes, with her crew frantically hold-ing onto some overhanging limbs of a nearby forest. Only a couple of pistons had broken and being unable to save herself Hawk Eye II had drifted down with the current further and further until the friendly forest came alongside. The boat and crew were towed alongside. The boat and crew were towed back to the hospital with the rest of the cripples and thus endeth the first day of the Gold Cup Races.

Miss Detroit II was the only boat ready to race on Friday. At a meeting of the race committee Gar. Wood, her owner, in a true sportsmanlike manner, waived all his rights and consented to a postponement for the day to allow the other boats more time to repair the damage of the day before. The owners of Miss Minneapolis decided they would replace the 1916 motor in their craft and Hawk Eye's crew by working forty-eight hours at a stretch would be able to take their motor completely apart and reassemble it with new and heavy pistons and connecting rods. Whip-po'Will Jr. was raised but it was found that the mud from the river and bottom had found its way into the cylinders and bearings which necessitated taking the motor completely down. This would keep the boat out of the races for four or five days, although Commodore Jud-son had a force of nine men with him and a complete machine shop.

The races were held on Saturday, Sunday and Monday. Miss Detroit II, Miss Minneapolis and Hawk Eye II started in all three. Miss Detroit had everything her own way, winning each race and making the fastest time in every lap, besides getting over the starting line first each day. In other words there was nothing to it except Miss Detroit II. She not only made faster time in each succeeding race but established a world's record each day for the race and fastest lap.

The A. P. B. A. Gold Cup record for thirty miles and for the ninety-mile series of three races, held since 1914 by Baby Speed Demon
II, was bettered by a considerable margin.
Her motor, an eight-cylinder Sterling, under
the guidance of Jay Smith, stood up faultlessly.

Throughout the racing Miss Detroit II was handled and steered by her owner, G. A. Wood. In every particular he proved himself a capable and true sportsman.

In the mile trials which were held on Tuesday, Aug. 28th, Miss Detroit II was the only contender, and even without a pacemaker she had no difficulty in establishing a new world's record of 61.72 miles an hour.

The complete summary of all the races will be found on pages 7 and 50.

mmary of Gold Cup Races of 1917.

| Boat . | Time | Time | Time |
|------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 1st Race | 2nd Race | 3rd Race |
| Miss Detroit II | 0:40:59 | 0:36:59 | 0:36:47 |
| Miss Minneapolis | 0:51:03 | 0:40:04 | 0:42:26 |
| Hawk Eye II | 2:05:43 | 0:48:25 | DNF |
| Each race 3 | | | |

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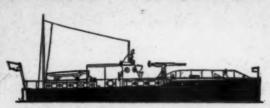
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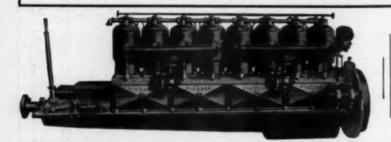
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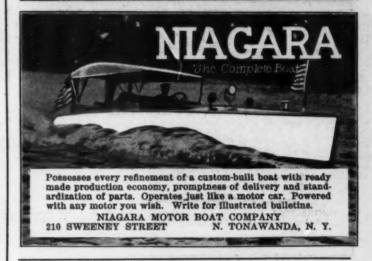
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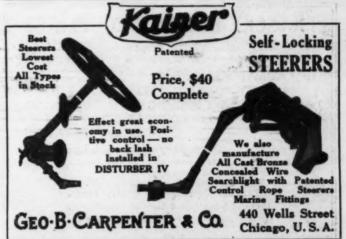
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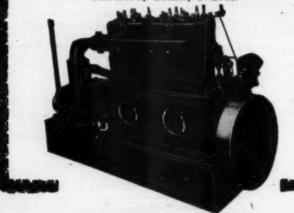
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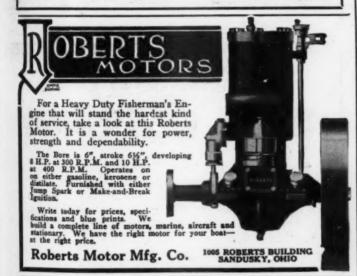
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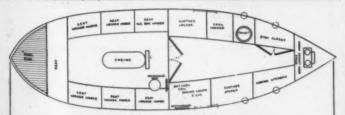
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Life boat cruiser, 30 ft. x 9 ft.; powered with a 15 H.P. four-cylinder, four-cycle Buffalo motor, with reverse gear. Speed 8 miles per hour. Main cabin 15 ft. long, galley in the bow with dish closet, five large lockers, electric lights, ice box, switchboard, dynamo, extension berths sleeps four, cushions and pillows. Cockpit 11 ft. x 9 ft., 60 gallon fuel tank aft. Toilet forward. One man control. Hull built of cedar and as sound as the day she was built. Cabin white enamel. Signal mast, cockpit awning, curtains and etc. Boat fully equipped. Box 15, MoToR BOATING.



The Olsen KEROSENE

Vaporizer

cuts your fuel cost 60% to 70%

The only proven suc-cassful Keresens burner on the market

The Olsen is easily installed on any 4 cycle motor using a 1 to 3 inch carburetor, whether high, low or medium speed. It develops more power and flexibility than is possible with the same amount of gasoline -burns clear kerosene without smoke or carbon. Adopted as standard equipment by one large marine motor manufacturer for 1918.



Full Cost Refunded In Thirty Days On Request

One of the most recent boats to be equipped with an Olsen vaporizer is the Northern Messenger, a 45-foot ketch recently built for the Dr. Grenfell Society of Labrador.

United States Vaporizer Company

214 State Street

Boston, Mass., U. S. A.



Making Engines Last Longer

Many an engine that is in regular service is wearing out twice as fast as it should because it is not equipped with a positive, reliable lubricating system. The best of materials and workmanship, the best of attention and care by the owner, are offset by an inefficient hitor-miss oiler.

Manzel Force Feed Oilers

Manzel Force Feed Oil Pumps are making engines last longer wherever they are used. Geared to the engine and feeding in exact proportion to engine speed, they force the oil to each friction surface independently and reduce actual wear to a negligible factor.

Manzel Oilers are made in all sizes, from one to fifty feeds, and can be fitted for any type of drive desired.

Write today for latest catalog.

Manzel Brothers Company 295-297 Babcock Street, BUFFALO, N.Y.

San Francisco Office, 356 Market Street

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First National Bank Building CHICAGO, ILL.

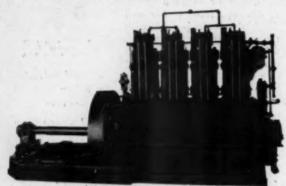
We solicit correspondence regarding license to man-ufacture engines under patents owned by us.

"Engines run on any oil which flows freely"

Highest fuel economy. Extreme simplicity.

Absolute reliability in operation. No preheating or starting on gasoline at any time. No ignition devices of any kind. No carburetors.

The simplest and most reliable engine built. Thousands in use now in sizes from 1½ B.H.P. to 100 B.H.P. per cyl.



View showing a 40 B.H.P. Hvid Oil Engine as built by t BURNOIL ENGINE COMPANY, SOUTH BEND, IND.



Craftsman Quality

Unequalled for Boat Upholstery

THERE may be lots of materials suitable for boat upholstery, but for actual service and wear nothing can surpass Du Pont Fabrikoid, Craftsman Quality. It is water, dirt and grease-proof. It will not stain and when soiled can be easily cleaned with a damp

It has all the luxurious feel and appearance of the finest leather and makes up easily into the most serviceable of cushions and handsome cabin decorations. It is made in a variety of plain-grain or Moorish effects and offers a wide selection of colors.

Rayntite for Tops

of speed or motor boats settles the top problem permanently. It is thoroughly waterproof, it is light, it is strong—with surplus strength. Made with Fabrikoid surface or Fairfield Rubber surface in single texture and guaranteed for one year against leakage.

Booklet and samples of Fabrikoid or Rayntite mailed FREE on request.

Du Pont Fabrikoid Co.,

Wilmington, Delaware.
Works at Newburgh, N. Y., and Fairfield, ConCanadian Office and Factory, Toronto. World's Largest Makers of Leather Substitutes





Robs Motor Boating of its greatest danger—adds to its pleasure and does

away with that constant worry about the flying spark, the careless match and the leaking gasoline. The

is the one absolutely safe gasoline receptacle for all motor boats. Constructed scientifically from the best steel obtainable, drawn, tinned and tested. The "Jasco" cannot leak under the most strenuous service. It will put a new standard of "Safety First" in your motor boating. All styles, all sizes.

Write for free "Marine Signal Card" in full colors

JANNEY, STEINMETZ & CO.

Main Office: PHILADELPHIA

New York Offices: Hudson Terminal Building



IT is of vital importance to have an engine that is thoroughly dependableand also economical to operate and maintain. It must be easy to control and to care for, and should you desire to sell the market value must be high.

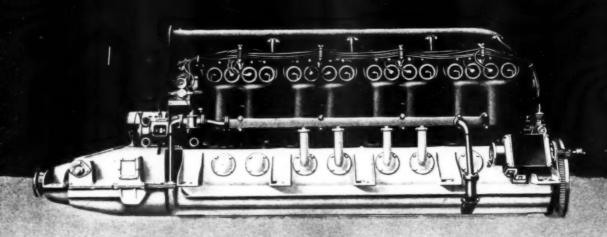
The Automatic cruiser engine is designed and built to give efficient service. It is simple in construction, with all working parts easy of access. It is an engine that will last for years with minimum expense for upkeep.

It insures satisfactory power under all working conditions, and at the lowest possible cost. It utilizes low grade fuel to advantage and may be operated on kerosene or producer gas. Built in two to six-cylinder models, 30 to 250 H.P. Catalog on request.

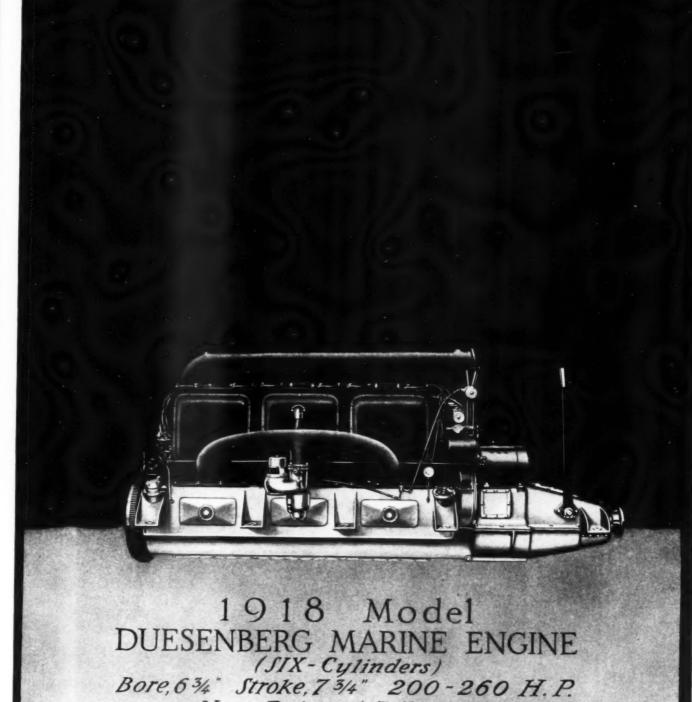
The Automatic Machine Co. BRIDGEPORT CONNECTICUT

DUESENBERG MOTORS

Announcing the 1918 Duesenberg Marine Motors



1918 Model
DUESENBERG MARINE ENGINE
(EIGHT-Cylinders)
Bore, 63/4" Stroke, 73/4" 280-360 H.P.
Net Price, \$ 7,000.00



Net Price, \$5,500.00

D

The Duesenberg 1918 Models are an evolution of the Duesenberg Engines of previous years. The basic design remains the same. The dominating features that have made Duesenberg Engines the highly efficient big motors they are today, are retained in their entirety. Refinements have been made here and there. The new engines are quieter, better looking, more dependable, if that be possible. Increased production, highly specialized manufacturing methods, all tend to improve the engines. The use of special metals and alloys increases their durability.

A remarkable book has been prepared in which these engines are illustrated and described in detail. In this book has been collected all the necessary details pertaining to these motors, yet this data is displayed in an easily readable manner. This book is not a catalog, does not read like one, look like one or pretend to be one. In it you will find page after page of beautiful boat pictures illustrating the spectacular, successful boats of the season. These boats represent the highest attainable degree of beauty, luxury and efficiency. It is an inspiration to look at them.

The book itself is a work of art, elaborately illustrated and decorated. Probably the most beautiful piece of printed art of the year. It is an art gallery of the best boats, the fastest boats, the most luxurious boats. You will retain it for its beauty, for its uniqueness, for the valuable information it contains.

This book will be mailed promptly upon request. Owing to the high cost of producing such a book it is necessary that all requests be accompanied by a remittance of One Dollar unless the request be written on the stationery of a rated firm or individual.

Duesenberg Motors Corporation

120 Broadway, New York City

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A Chain Is No Stronger Than Its Weakest Link

The 1918 models of the Duesenberg Marine Engine, as announced on the preceding pages, were designed to provide the utmost in dependability. No weak links could be allowed in their construction.

The Duesenberg is the biggest standardized high speed engine manufactured today. Furthermore, it is the most expensive high speed engine on the market.

Necessarily every part, every accessory, every piece of equipment that goes into the make-up of these motors must be the best obtainable, regardless of price—regardless of any qualifying conditions.

In designing these engines the Duesenberg engineers had the entire American manufacturing and accessory market to draw upon. They were unlimited in their freedom of choice. Quality and efficiency were the only standards. And these men had facilities for testing and comparing that are found in only the most important industrial organizations.

That the following manufacturers were selected to supply many of the vital parts and equipments of the new Duesenberg engine is a distinct compliment to them, and a splendid indorsement of the merit inherent in their products.

American Bronze Company, Berwyn, Pa.
Columbian Bronze Corp., Freeport, N. Y.
Connecticut Tel. & Elec. Co., Meriden, Conn.
General Aluminum & Brass Mfg. Co., Detroit, Mich.
P. H. Gill & Sons, Brooklyn, N. Y.
The Leece-Neville Co., Inc., Cleveland, Ohio.
Walker M. Levett Co., New York City.
Muskegon Motor Specialties Co., Muskegon, Mich.
Paragon Gear Works, Taunton, Mass.
Rich Tool Company, Chicago, Ill.
S. K. F. Ball Bearing Co., Hartford, Conn.
Splitdorf Electrical Co., Newark, N. J.
Trimount Rotary Power Co., Boston, Mass.
Wheeler-Schebler Carburetor Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
Wyman-Gordon Co., Worcester, Mass., Cleveland, Ohio.

Non-Gran Bushings
Columbian Propellers
Connecticut Ignition
Ring-True Bearings
Crankshafts
Leece-Neville Starter
Magnalite Pistons
Integral Camshafts
Paragon Reverse Gears
Rich Tungsten Valves
S. K. F. Ball Bearings
Dixie Magnetos
Trimount Pumps
Schebler Carburetors
Drop Forgings.

Leece-Neville

Electric Starting and Lighting System

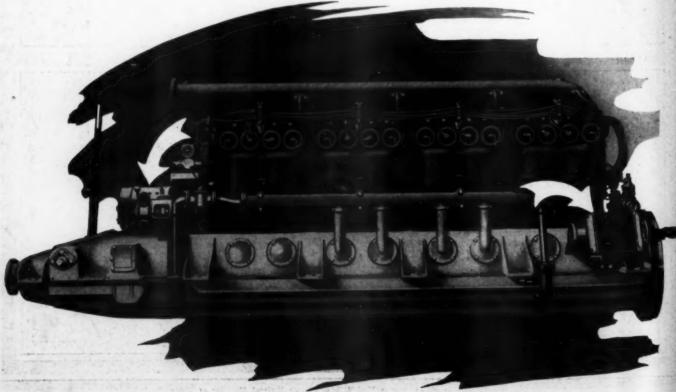
The de-luxe starting and lighting equipment. Leece-Neville Electric Starting and Lighting Systems are used exclusively on all Duesenberg Marine Engines. The Leece-Neville System operates as efficiently and dependably on the big $6\frac{3}{4}$ " x $7\frac{3}{4}$ " Patrol Model eight cylinder Duesenberg Marine Engine as it does on the sixteen valve, four cylinder White automobile motor, Haynes twelve cylinder motor, etc.

Wherever you find a manufacturer of an engine demanding the utmost attainable in starting and lighting systems, there you will find Leece-Neville adopted as standard equipment, simply because Leece-Neville build a system to do the extraordinary things in an ordinary manner,—build a system that is so designed that no conditions of service can find it wanting.

Naturally it costs more to design and build a system as super-efficient as the Leece-Neville, but it really is worth a little more to know positively that your starting and lighting system can be depended upon, no matter what the conditions may be.

All really worth while Marine Engines are using the Leece-Neville Electric Starting and Lighting System, or will supply it if you ask for it when you order your motor.

THE LEECE-NEVILLE COMPANY, Inc. CLEVELAND, OHIO



When writing to advertizers please mention MoToR BOATING, the National Magazine of Motor Boating
Advertising Index will be found on page 38





Roughing the Sea and Air With a Duesenberg SKF Motor

Plowing thru rough sea at express speed—soaring miles in the air with fast airplanes soon test out the — merits of bearings. That is why you will find SKF at the business end of all Duesenberg Motors. Particularly on this big 60 foot 360 H.P. Submarine Chaser. The big bearing between the reverse gear and the coupling is SKF because this is the point that has to carry

not only the load of the 360 H.P. back of it, but also has to withstand efficiently the tremendous thrust of the propeller turning at high speed.

Two rows of balls and automatic alignment within the bearing absorb heavy strains which cause shaft deflection. No wonder then that the American, French and Russian Marine and Aeroplane conemploy SKF at the vital points.

SKF BALL BEARING CO. Hartford, Conn.

Cam Shafts



"Inquirer," 62' x 11' 6" x 3' 9" Express Cruiser. Owned by Col. James Elverson, Philadelphia. Speed 30 M.P.H. with a pair of eight cylinder 280-360 H.P. Duesenberg Marine Engines, using our integral camshafts.

All Duesenberg Engines, whether Marine, Automobile or Airplane, use our integral camshafts exclusively. The Duesenberg engineers have proven to their complete satisfaction that our integral camshafts are the most efficient obtainable. They have found that, because we concentrate our entire resources and ability on making camshafts, we are able to produce a better camshaft and are also able to make the proper kind of deliveries.

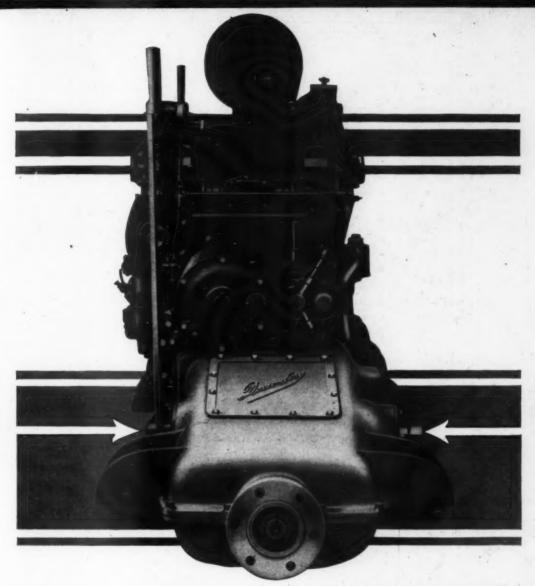
Our integral camshafts have revolutionized the manufacture of camshafts. In order to build them with the cams, gears, flanges, etc., integral, it was necessary to design special machinery of many kinds. We probably have in our big factory at Muskegon to-day more machines built to our special order and to our special design than any other factory of a similar type in the country.

The making of Integral Camshafts is a SPECIALTY; we have specialized on it and reduced it to a SCIENCE.

Our workmen, our machines, our factory, our executives, are all trained to build the most efficient camshafts that modern engineering science can produce. That we have created a reputation unique in this line is evidenced by the tremendous bulk of orders now on hand, and by the constant growth of our business, resulting in almost monthly additions to our factory.

MUSKEGON MOTOR SPECIALTIES COMPANY, Muskegon, Mich.

PARAGON GEARS



The Biggest High Speed Marine Engine Uses the Paragon Reverse Gear

The big eight cylinder $6\frac{3}{4}$ " x $7\frac{3}{4}$ " Patrol Model Duesenberg Marine Engine uses Paragon Gears as standard equipment. So does the six cylinder Duesenberg of the same cylinder size.

Fred. S. Duesenberg, the designer of these two wonderful engines, has experimented with all kinds and descriptions of Reverse Gears. He would not have hesitated to design an entirely new gear of his own, had he not been perfectly satisfied with the best standard gear the market afforded.

That he has finally settled on the PARAGON as the utmost attainable, is a compliment to PARAGON

ch.

GEARS and also proof positive of the dominant position held by the Paragon Gear Works as designers and builders of Reverse Gears that can be depended upon, no matter how hard the requirements or conditions may be.

Paragon Gears have been adopted as standard for practically all the leading makes of marine motors because they have proven themselves to be absolutely dependable in service,—because they will actually do in service what is claimed for them on paper.

Your new motor, no matter what its size or make, should be equipt with a Paragon Reverse Gear. It will be if you insist upon it.

Write to-day for the complete descriptions of standard Paragon Reverse Gears.

PARAGON GEAR WORKS

Cushman St.

Evans Stamping and Plating Co

Taunton, Mass.

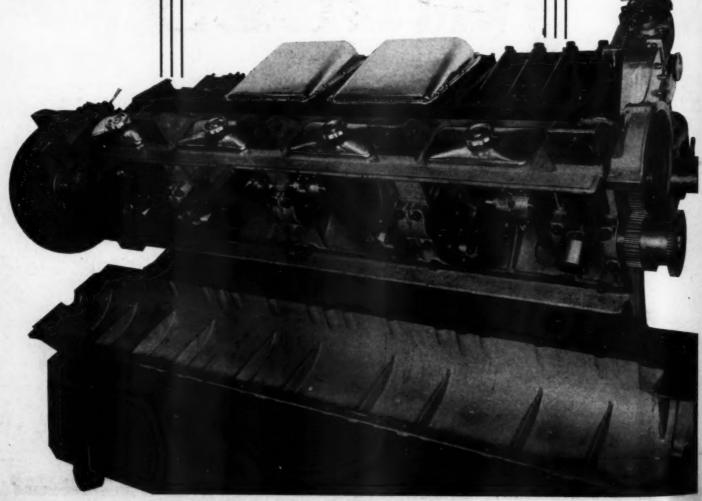
CRANKSHAFTS

RANKSHAFTS for the biggest high speed marine engine manufactured in this country are forged and finished by us. The crankshaft used in the eight cylinder 280-360 H. P. Duesenberg Marine Engine is probably the finest example of crankshaft building.

We specialize on work of this nature, having the facilities for handling the most difficult of machine work and forging, no matter whether the parts be small or large. Our plant and equipment is such that we can handle a tremendous volume of special work and we invite the inspection of our facilities by those interested.

P. H. GILL & SONS

Brooklyn, N. Y.



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Willer

97% of Duesenberg Powered Boats are Columbian Equipt

The spectacular, the successful boats of this season are using Columbian Propellers, just as the spectacular, successful boats of other seasons have done. Columbian Propellers have given these boats more speed, more efficiency. The tremendously high tensile strength of the material used in Columbian Propellers makes the life of a Columbian Propeller exceed the highest expectations.

"Marjo"—the boat illustrated above, is a typical example of the type of boat using Columbian Propellers. "Marjo" is a 40' x 8' Express Cruiser owned by Joseph McAleenan, New York, and designed and built by the Albany Boat Corp. Powered with an eight cylinder Duesenberg engine operating a 26" x 34" Columbian Architect Propeller, this boat has made a speed of 37 M.P.H. and holds the record for running time between New York and Albany. It also has won a number of races in the vicinity of Great South Bay.

Every really successful boat owes much of its success to its propeller equipment. The fact that a predominating majority of successful boats use Columbian Propellers is a strong argument why YOU should equip your boat with them. Write today for "Propellers in a Nut Shell"—a very interesting little book.

COLUMBIAN

BRONZE CORPORATION

Successors to Columbian Brass Foundry

218 North Main Street

Freeport, Long Island, N. Y.

New York Branch for Local City Sales Only, Concourse, 50 Church Street



Duesenberg Engines Use Schebler Carburetors as Standard Equipment

SCHEBLER Carburetors are used on the big eight cylinder 280-360 H. P. Duesenberg Patrol Model Engine, the biggest high speed engine of the age, just as they are on by far the bigger majority of successful marine engines.

Marine engine manufacturers have found Schebler Carburetors to be simple, highly efficient and absolutely dependable. They have been able to get more power, more flexibility with Scheblers than with any other type of carburetor. Hence these manufacturers standardised on the Schebler Carburetor for their regular equipment.

If your next engine is not Schebler equipped it ought to be for your own safety and satisfaction. Be sure and investigate this point; it's vitally important to you; it has a direct bearing on the pleasure to be obtained from the use of your boat.

The Wheeler-Schebler Carburetor Company, Inc. Indianapolis Manufacturers U. S. A.

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C MARINE EQUIPMENT CONNECTICUT

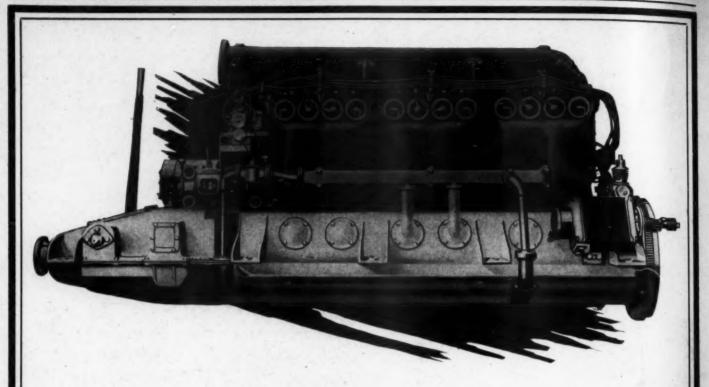


POWER

Connecticut Ignition always delivers a hot spark. If the motor is running slowly and under adverse conditions, the spark increases in intensity to meet the situation.

CONNECTICUT TELEPHONE COMPANY
Meriden Conn.





DUESENBERG

THE failing of any one of the score of wear-subjected bushing parts in a marine motor will cause that otherwise magnificent whole to be taken out of service and to be sent to the repair depot, where it must be completely dismantled to get at that worn bushing to renew it.

That's why the producers of Duesenberg Motors take no chances on the quality and the uniformity and the fineness of these vital parts—they employ Non-Gran Bronze exclusively for all wear-subjected non-adjustable bushings in every motor they build, whether aviation, automobile or marine.

No motor can work longer than its bushings can resist wear.

The finest motors built in America to-day, whether automobile, truck, tractor, airplane or marine, are protected with bushings of Non-Gran quality and Non-Gran uniformity. The employment of such protection is but the natural step of American business logic.

American Bronze Company
Berwyn
Pennsylvania





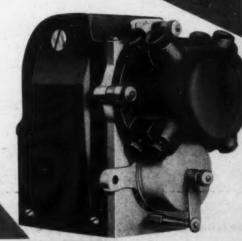
DEPENDABILITY

Illustrated above is the 64-foot Patrol Cruiser "Bonita" recently presented by Mr. Hermann Oelrichs to the U. S. Government, which is powered with two eight-cylinder 280-360 H. P. Duesenberg Engines, each equipped with a pair of Dixie Magnetos. These are the largest high-speed engines in America. With them the "Bonita" develops a speed of 27 miles an hour.

Duesenberg Engines, which form the power plants of many fast express cruisers and patrol boats, are equipped with DIXIE MAGNETOS.

SPLITDORF ELECTRICAL CO

DIXIE
20th Century
MAGNETO





The Largest Aluminum Alloy Pistons

The largest aluminum alloy pistons in general use to-day are found in the eight-cylinder 280-360 H.P. Duesenberg Marine Engine. This piston has a diameter of 63/4 inches.

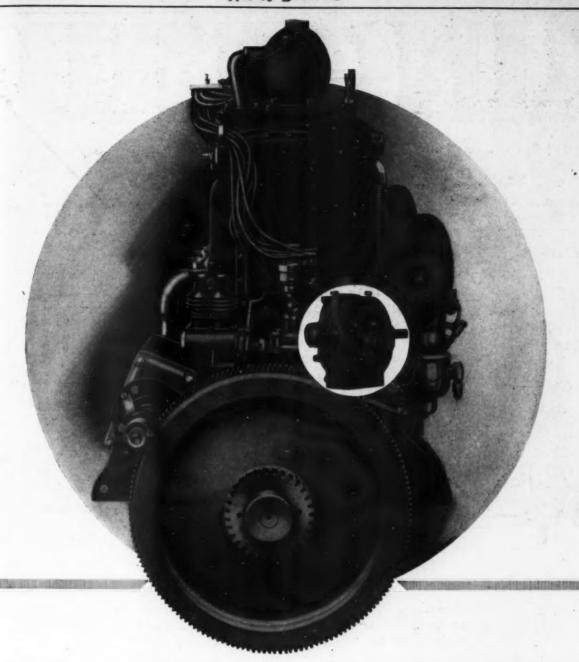
Every Duesenberg Marine Engine in service to-day is using "Magnalite" pistons. Not a single instance of piston trouble has developed, despite the rigid service to which Duesenberg Engines have been put in American and Foreign Government Service.

Not only is every Duesenberg Marine Engine equipt with "Magnalite" pistons but every Duesenberg Airplane Engine and every Duesenberg Automobile Engine is likewise equipt with "Magnalite" pistons.

A special booklet has been prepared describing "Magnalite" Aluminum Alloy Pistons, also supplying some very interesting data pertaining to Aluminum Alloy Pistons in general—a copy will gladly be mailed on your request.

WALKER M. LEVETT COMPANY - 417-419-421 East 23rd St., New York City

The Pioneer Aluminum Alloy Piston Manufacturer



Just a Small Gasoline Pump

One of the smallest pieces of equipment on this big 280-360 H.P. eight-cylinder Duesenberg Marine Engine is the Trimount Rotary Gasoline Pump,—but how important!

This little pump has to supply gasoline from the main supply tanks to the smaller service fuel tank. The pump rotates at a high rate of speed every second the engine is in operation. It has to attend to its job hour in and hour out, day in and day out. It is so small a part of the equipment that it scarcely ever gets any attention from the engineer, but it still goes ahead and supplies the food for the big unit of which it is a part.

This is but one example of what Trimount Rotary Pumps are doing in actual service. Trimount Rotary Pumps, in various sizes, are in all kinds of service where consistent pumping work is required.

We have prepared a booklet that describes and illustrates some of these pumps—write for a copy to-day, you will find it interesting.

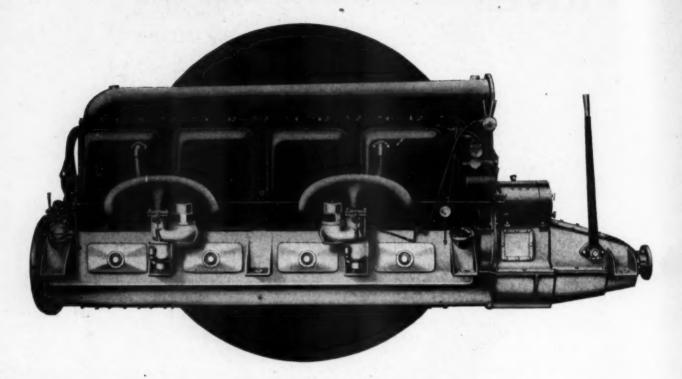
TRIMOUNT ROTARY POWER CO.

20 HEATH STREET

Factory: Whiting Ace., East Dedham, Mass.

BOSTON, MASS.

BEARINGS



Duesenberg Marine Engines use "Ring-True" bearings exclusively. All connecting rod and crankshaft bearings on these engines are "Ring-True."

The selection of a bearing for engines of the size of the Duesenberg was a difficult problem. An ordinary commercial bearing was not to be considered. The work to be done was out of the ordinary, the strains to be withstood were excessive.

Exhaustive experiments by the Duesenberg Engineers proved that "Ring-True" bearings came up to their requirements.

The service rendered by these bearings in actual use has borne out the wisdom of their choice.

General Aluminum & Brass Mfg. Co., Detroit, Mich.

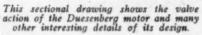


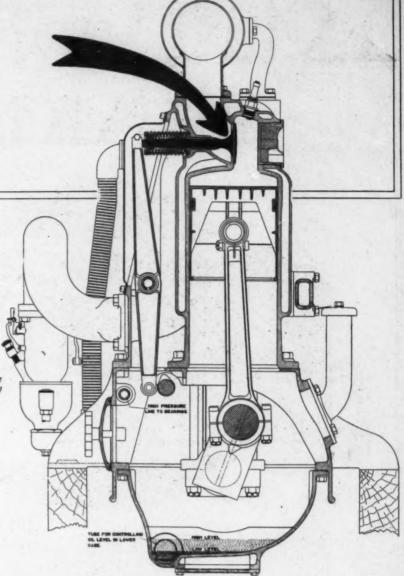
10,484,143



USE







The Duesenberg Motors Corporation has followed the lead of practically every prominent building of marine, automobile or aviation motors in America by adopting Rich Tungsten Valves exclusively.

Since their introduction a few years ago, millions of these valves have been used and today they are universally recognized as the most efficient valves ever made.

In a high power, high speed marine or aviation motor the valves are subjected to an intense degree of heat. Almost constantly surrounded by burning gases, each valve opening and closing ten to fifteen times a

second, the heat and strain is so severe that no ordinary metal could withstand it.

The marked characteristic of Rich Tungsten Valves is that they retain their compression-tight seating longer and under more severe conditions than valves made of any other metal. Even should they become redhot, their strength, stiffness and hardness is not impaired. They prevent loss of compression, loss of power and waste of fuel.

The value of Rich Tungsten Valves has been demonstrated beyond question. Be sure you get them in the next motor you buy.

RICH TOOL COMPANY

513 Railway Exchange ::

: :

: :

Chicago, Ill.

DETROIT OFFICE: KRESGE BUILDING



DROP FORGINGS!!!

This is an age of special metals, special methods. Science has stepped in and taken much of the "guess work" out of engine designing to-day.

Particularly has Science devoted its attention to Drop Forgings, for Drop Forgings make up the very backbone of the engine. Science has evolved new and highly efficient metals, metals that will do certain things much better than they have ever been done before. Gross weight in metal has given way to lithe strength.

In engines of the type designed and built by the Duesenberg Motors Corporation, the matter of Drop

Forgings is a vital one. In these engines is generated tremendous power at high speeds. In these engines the element of weight is a serious one to consider. This means a careful selection of metals, then an equally careful forging of these metals into the different component parts of the engine.

That Wyman-Gordon Drop Forgings are used in Duesenberg Marine Engines is but further proof of the fact that the Wyman-Gordon product is scientifically and mechanically as near perfection as is obtainable. Quality and uniformity guaranteed.

Crankshafts A Specialty

WYMAN-GORDON COMPANY

WORCESTER, MASS. CLEVELAND, OHIO THERE IS

MORE POWER

IN THAT

Good Gulf Gasoline

AND

Supreme Auto Oil

MANUFACTURED BY

GULF REFINING COMPANY

The Largest Independent Refining Company in the World

GENERAL SALES OFFICES: PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Boston New York Philadelphia Atlanta New Orleans Houston

The WRIGHT Engine for Your Boat

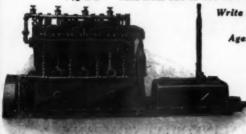
The ultimate solution of the fuel problem. Saves more than half of fuel expense, without sacrificing flexibility, power or reliability.

The Wright Kerosene Engine is thoroughly perfected. The kerosene is perfectly gasified before it enters the cylinders. It burns clean, free from carbon or lubricating troubles. No smoke or odor in exhaust.

Valves in cylinder heads. Make and break ignition. Bosch Low Tension Magneto

x 7 1/4", 22-30 H.P. x 9 ", 35-45 H.P.

14" runs from 400 to 550 R. P. M. " runs from 350 to 475 R. P. M.



Write to-day for full details.

Agents Wanted.

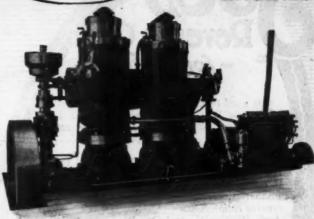
WRIGHT MACHINE COMPANY

Owensboro,

sur-Cylinder Keresene Engin

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Kablepberg HEAVY DUTY ENGINES



Positive Governor Control from no load to full load. Will run idle any length of time and pick up full load instantly without losing a single impulse.

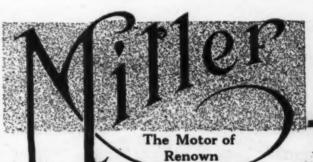
You carry only one kind of fuel (crude oil) which is used for starting and operating.

> Built in sizes 60 H. P. and up. Send for descriptive circular today.

Standard engines in medium and heavy duty types are made in sizes from 2 to 54 H.P. and we would strongly recommend them for operating on KEROSENE, SOLAR OIL and GAS OIL. You ought to know more of the exclusive advantages the KAHLENBERG offers you. "Send for catalog."

Write today for full details.

KAHLENBERG BROS. CO., Manufacturers TWO RIVERS, WISCONSIN, U. S. A.



Dollar for dollar we believe you will getmore honest service and satisfaction out of a Miller Engine than from any other marine engine you can buy. Simply because it's a thoroughly good four-cycle engine—properly designed and carefully built—at a common-sense price.

Nothing fancy about the Miller, nothing cheap, nothing experimental, nothing questionable. Every feature is based on our 15 years' experience. Low in price, compared with some others, but built to last because we are in business to stay.

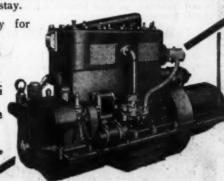
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Eighteen Models 4 to 68 H.P. Medium Duty Heavy Duty

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Miller Engine Company

2329-2331 Talman Ar CHICAGO





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For guaranteed quality and quantity—

For exclusive boatowning circulation—

For reaching liberal buyers— For producing results.

Advertisers who check returns closely report that MoToR Boating produces more business than any other publication. If you have anything that appeals to owners or builders of boats and marine engines, MoToR Boating will do the same for you.



IT IS HIGH TIME TO SELECT YOUR MOTOR BOAT FOR THE COMING SEASON



YOU WILL, OF COURSE, WANT A



Racine Wis boats are backed by 21 years of boat building skill and experience.

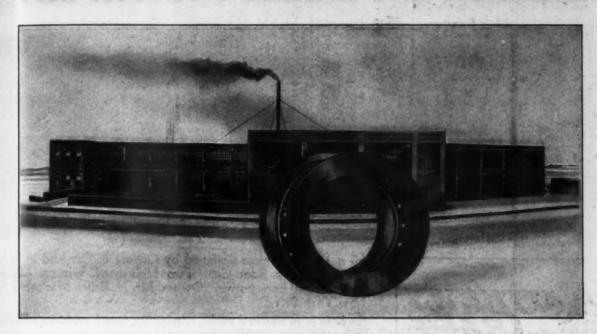
The name "Racine Wis" is the "Sterling" hallmark of boatdom. Write for our catalogue of Speed and Semi-Speed boats, family motor boats, cruisers, row-boats, and the finest canoe in America—the Racine Wis. Please state the type of boat in which you are interested when writing.

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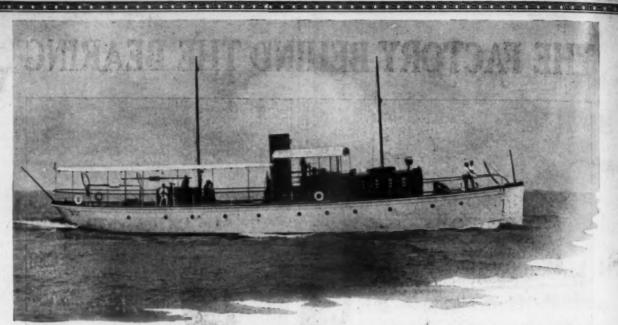
Racine, Wisconsin, U.S.A.

THE FACTORY BEHIND THE BEARING



THE BANTAM BALL BEARING CO. BANTAM, CONN.







"OUALITY WITHOUT **EXTRAVAGANCE**"

90 x 16 foot cruiser designed by Gielow & Orr and built by The Matthews Boat Co. Two high-speed Winton Marine engines, 330 horsepower. Owner, Mr. N. Bruce Mackelvie, of New York City.

Sachem is an unusual yacht, combining speed, comfort and seaworthiness. See a Matthews craft before you place your order.

THE MATTHEWS BOAT COMPANY

MARINE RAILWAYS, STORAGE BASIN AND WORKS

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Unit Power Plant Model "F" THOROBRED 28-36 H.P., 4 1/16 z 5" Furnished with or without Unit Power Plant

What Is Real Economy?

A business man wouldn't think of getting out his mail with a lead pencil to save the cost of a typewriter; he wouldn't be without a telephone because he could send his messages by carrier. Real economy, after all, is making use of the labor, time and cost saving inventions of the age.

That's why a Red Wing Thorobred Marine Motor typifies REAL ECONOMY. It saves labor because it is "there" with all the power you want ALL the time; it saves time because it has the speed and endurance for any use and spends no time in repair shops; it saves money because with our modern plant and large facilities every part of it is quantity as well as quality production—and you can buy the Therobred for less money than an inferior motor will cost you.

The Thorobred comes in five sizes, 14 to 40 H.P., and with any style of modern equipment desired. We manufacture 2-cycle motors, too.—from 3 H.P., up.

The Thorobred also burns kerosene for fuel, if desired.

Ask for Thorobred Details Today.

RED WING MOTOR CO.

Red Wing, Minn.,

CENTURY 20th Gasoline Motors

2-Cylinder—6½" x 8½"—15-20 H.P.—400 R.P.M. 4-Cylinder—6½" x 8½"—40-50 H.P.—400 R.P.M. 6-Cylinder—6½" x 8½"—65-75 H.P.—400 R.P.M.

Strictly high grade four-cycle engines, built for heavy





65 ft. x 14 ft.-JINETTA-J. H. Becker

Most yachtsmen know of the satisfaction given by yachts designed. built and powered by us; our experience is at your command; plans on file of all size yachts.

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NEW YORK YACHT, LAUNCH & ENGINE CO.

Morris Heights, New York City

- 11

Winter's Successor to the Motor Boat

AERO-SLED



When the lakes and rivers are frozen over and your boat is stored away for the winter, just try winter's successor to motor boating—Aero-Sledding.

The Aero-Sled is steered like an automobile. It has cushioned seats and is built for comfort and safety at high speeds. You'll find it the King of Winter Sports, equalling skating, skiing, tobogganing and ice-yachting at their best. It has an attraction all its own.

Speeds of Ten to Fifty Miles per Hour

The speed you can get with an Aero-Sled is almost unbelievable. On smooth ice you can glide along at the rate of 50 miles an hour, or slow down to 10 miles if you wish. The ice-yacht, like the sail boat, is becalmed when there's no wind. But the Aero-Sled, like the motor boat, is always ready to go.

The Aero-Sled is equipped with the famous Aerothrust engine,—the greatest little outboard marine motor on the market today. You can use the same motor on your Aero-Sled in winter, and on your row boat in summer.

On your row boat in summer.

Let us tell you more about the AeroSled and the Aerothrust motor. Write today for details and prices.



Aerothrust'

AEROTHRUST ENGINE CO., 50 Madison Street, La Porte, Indiana Foreign Distributors, SCRIPPS MOTOR CO., 17 Battery Place, N. Y.

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A Manufacturer being overloaded with other business has decided to discontinue making Jager Engines and an opportunity is, therefore, offered for some one to step into a large and growing business, of long standing, manufacturing a great variety of heavy duty, medium duty and high speed engines; including machines for electric lighting, air compressing and hoisting.

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Making Fuel Go Farther



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McQUAY-NORRIS LEAK-ROOF PISTON RINGS

Probably you don't realize how much gas is wasted by old piston rings. Wear aggravates their unequal tension, destroys their spring so that they leak compression and lose power at every stroke. You can't see the leakage, but it amounts to a lot in the course of a season.

By using McQuay-Norris Learner Piston Rings you will be sure of utilizing every particle of power contained in every drop of gasoline. They are wonderfully flexible and close fitting rings. Have absolutely even bearing upon the cylinder at every point, yet with so light a tension as not to cause unnecessary friction loss. They will pay for themselves in a short time out of the gas and oil they save.

Wherever you are,—whenever you need new piston rings, you can get Genuine McQuay-Norris in exact size for your motor—any make or model. Standard and over-size rings in all widths and diameters immediately procurable, ready for installation at once.

All garage and repair men install them. Complete service stocks carried by 300 jobbing and supply houses all over the country.

WE'LL BE GLAD TO SEND YOU

booklet "To Have and to Hold Power." It tells all about piston rings, why they vitally concern fuel consumption and why McQuay-Norris (realWoop are superior to all other makes. Write Dept. B.

Manufactured by

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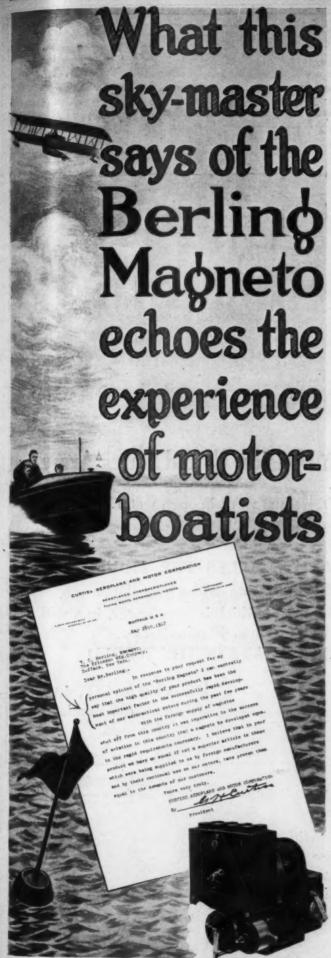
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SPEEDWAY Express Cruiser

For reason of the number already built it has conclusively proven to be the most desirable stock cruiser ever conceived. A fifty-two foot cruiser of modern design, superior workmanship, equipped with the thorough completeness which is characteristic of these shops.

The arrangement provides comfortable accommodations for a party of eight persons exclusive of a crew of two men. The speed is as high as is consistent with economical operation.

With one Model M, 130 H.P. Speedway Motor the speed attained is 17.87 miles. Two similar engines ensure a cruising speed of 24.24 miles.

An interesting development of the Fifty-Two foot Cruiser is the twin screw 8-cylinder, 60-foot model, which has a speed slightly in excess of 25 miles.

Deliveries of the Fifty-Two foot boats can be made in ten weeks. The larger models require a few weeks more for completion. A few will be ready for Southern cruising. Prices subject to quotation.

An excellent, slightly used, fifty-two foot model is available for immediate delivery.

Speedway

GAS ENGINE & POWER CO.

CHARLES L. SEABURY & CO.

Dept. E

Morris Heights

New York City

VIPER Reg. U.S. Pat. Off. SEA SLED Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

VIPER SEA SLED

HICKMAN PATENTS



Latest Type Sea Sleds for Aviation Division, United States Army

Able, seaworthy boats, designed for rescue work in open water.

Length, 28 feet. Weight on trials, 7800 pounds.

Two six-cylinder 6" x 6" engines

GUARANTEED SPEED, 35 STATUTE MILES PER HOUR Speed Shown on Official Trials, 43.54 Statute Miles Per Hour

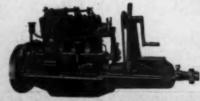
Run from Gloucester to Boston, 28 miles, 18 miles of which is open water, in a stiff chop. Army officials aboard. Revolutions, 1200. Time, 48 minutes.

INCOMPARABLY THE FINEST SEA BOATS IN THE WORLD

MURRAY & TREGURTHA CO. 340 West First Street South Boston, Mass. THE VIPER CO., Ltd.
Pictou, Nova Scotia
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THE 1918 UNIVERSAL

Has all the attractive features of the 1917 model with a few refinements. It is the ideal motor for one class racers. Just as suitable for work boats or for trolling. Get Bulletin No. 25 and learn the features of this popular motor.



Universal Motor Co.
Oshkosh, Wis.





Rain or Shine, It's "The Friendly Motor"

It was indeed a happy thought when the first man called the Frisbie a "friendly motor." For he expressed in two words all that we could convey to your mind in a hundred page catalogue. He epitomized a thousand letters from Frisbie owners. He must have owned a Frisbie motor himself.

The Frisbie is not a fancy motor. It is built for substantial cruisers and work boats. It is adapted for the average man's boat, the comfortable type of boat that will go anywhere and back again—that may be entered in a few club races but is designed for general use, with ample accommodations and good sea qualities.

The Frisbie is not a racing motor. It doesn't pretend to compete with the splendid high-speed racing creations which are usually installed in special hulls, with the breaking of a certain record in view.

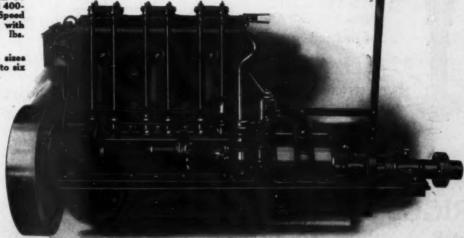
Nevertheless the Frisbie has hung up an enviable racing record. Simply because its reliability outruns most other motors, and its great efficiency gives the Frisbie-powered boat a big advantage after the handicaps are figured.

When you buy a motor make a careful investigation of the Frisbie record. Let us put you in touch with some Frisbie owners. We are anxious for you to know just why the Frisbie is "the friendly motor". Write for a catalog.

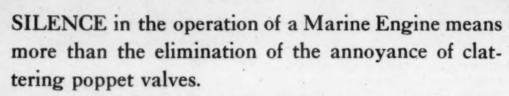
The Frisbie Motor Company 7 College Street, Middletown, Conn.

Three Cylinder, 18-25 H. P. Bore 6", Stroke 6", Speed 400-550 R. P. M. Minimum Speed 150 R. P. M. Weight with Reverse Gear, 1050 lbs. Leagth, 65% in.

Other Frisbie motors in sizes from 3 to 75 H. P., one to six cylinders.

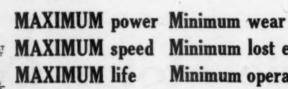






In the SILENT VALVE-DRIGGS Marine Engine

it means-



MAXIMUM speed Minimum lost energy Minimum operating expenses

The efficiency of a motor in power, speed and economy depends to a large extent upon the ability of the valves to take in a full charge of gas during the intake stroke and to completely scavenge the cylinder of burned, inert gas during the exhaust stroke.

SILENT VALVE construction with the large unrestricted ports made possible, accomplish the above results with but one valve for each pair of cylinders.

Write for our illustrated catalogue. It explains how this valve is made possible.

DRIGGS ORDNANCE CO., Inc.

Dept. B

120 Broadway, New York



Consult a Specialist

About an Engine for Your Small Boat

For that new boat, you want an engine of just the right power, weight, size and speed to give you the exact kind of service required of it. Unless you already know what you need to secure the highest efficiency, Don't Guess—Consult a Specialist Who Knows what you need and can supply it.

You may already own an engine which is unreliable; maybe reliable, but too light or too heavy for your boat; or possibly it is unsuitable in other ways. What's the Use of Having an Unsatisfactory Outfit? Consult a specialist to find out what you need to get fixed up ship shape—and then get it.

Our eighteen years' concentrated effort and experience, studying and supplying the varied requirements of small boats, surely justify our calling ourselves specialists. Besides our 1917 line of Eagle Engines proves our claim.

CONSULTATION, ADVICE AND LITERATURE ABSOLUTELY FREE.

We do not supply engines without charge, but we do give you the best possible value for your money in every Eagle Engine you buy.

Send for new catalog today.

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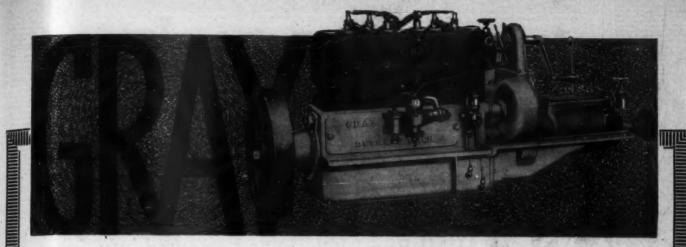
Torrington, Conn., U. S. A.





Make sure of the best results from your boat by getting the spark plugs with the name Champion on the porcelain. This will avoid substitutes. Champion two-piece Heavy Stone, \$1.25.

Champion Spark Plug Company Toledo Ohio





3 H.P.-51/2 H.P.

The Gray Motor Co. are the Largest Builders of Small Marine Motors in the World



6 H.P. and 11 H.P., Model M

There's a "Gray for Every Boat"

Two Cycle

3 H.P...one cylinder

51/2 H.P...one cylinder

6 H.P...two cylinder

11 H.P...two cylinder

Four Cycle

10-12 H.P. 2 cylinders en bloc

20-24 H.P., 4 cyl. 2 cylinders en bloc

12-15 H.P., 4 cyl. 4 cylinders en bloc

40 H.P., 4 cyl. 2 cylinders en bloc



Model D-Built in 2 and 4 cylinders

Delivery Now-To-Day

Select your Engine from the Big Gray Marine Catalog, sent promptly upon request. We are making immediate deliveries. Also ask for our catalog of 360 Boat Builders' Boats. Order at once. Price advances October 1st.



Model F-Gray's Sales Leader

Standard the World Over

We have been in the Marine Engine Business for 21 years. We constantly strive for increased efficiency and better Motors, and as a result Gray Marine Motors are standard the world over.

GRAY MOTOR CO.

1036 OAKLAND AVENUE DETROIT, MICH.

JOHNSON'S GUARANTEED CARBON REMOVER

IS A HARMLESS LIQUID, to be poured into the cylinders of gasoline and kerosene engines. It softens the carbon and releases it from the metal. It then burns, powders and is blown out through the exhaust. Five minutes' time and no labor required You will save from \$3.00 to \$5.00 over any other method, without loss of time and with very much better results.

Put New Life In Your Engine

A dose of Johnson's Carbon Remover—the engine laxative—will increase the power of your boat—stop that knocking sound—prevent pre-ignition—quiet your motor and reduce your gasoline consumption from 12% to 25%.

For Automobiles and Motorcycles

Johnson's Carbon Remover is splendid for gasoline engines of all kinds—automobiles, motorcycles, stationary engines, etc. Also fine for cleaning spark plugs. Johnson's Carbon Remover cures 80% of engine troubles.

Special Offer

If your dealer cannot supply you with Johnson's Carbon Remover send us \$1.00 and we will forward you enough to thoroughly clean an ordinary four-cylinder motor three times. Use attached coupon.

S. C. Johnson & Son, Dept. MB10, Racine, Wis.

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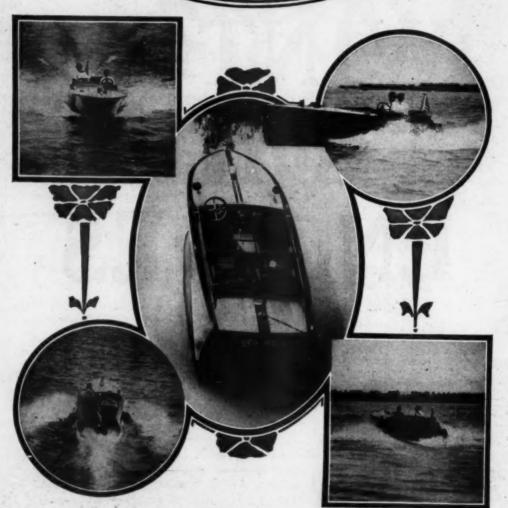
WINTON OIL ENGINES



FOR MARINE SERVICE

WINTON ENGINE WORKS
CLEVELAND, O., U. S. A.





THE HACKER HYDROCAR

"STANDARDIZED"

Mr. John L. Hacker, the eminent naval architect, has torn a leaf from the experience of the automobile industry, by which the John L. Hacker Boat Company is henceforth committed to the policy of standardization and one design.

The result is an improved boat of unusual merit and exceptional value.

Deliveries have already begun but a limited number are still available for the approaching Florida season.

Mr. Hacker's clientele has always numbered those who are appreciative of the better things in the modern pleasure craft, and this spirit is reflected in the highest degree in the Hacker Hydrocar.

The boat is a marvel of beauty, comfort, completeness and richness of detail, embodying throughout the appointments of the highest class touring

Though but 25 ft. by 6, careful design allots the same cock-pit room ordinarily found in a 32 footer. As a consequence six passengers are seated with comfort.

The practice of standardization and an adherence to one stock model makes possible an initial price of \$2,000 f.o.b. Detroit on the completed boat ready for service. No extras other than top, which is optional.

Naturally a boat of this high character requires a power plant in keeping with the highest standards. After an investigation of many power plants, Mr. Hacker has selected the HB Series "B" all-enclosed SCRIPPS with starting and lighting system as standard equipment. Power in abundance, absolute quietness of operation, perfect cleanness and certainty of service are typical of this model.

Scripps Series "B" motors are made in medium duty and high speed models,—two, four and six cylinders, 10 H.P. to 125 H.P. Your catalog on request.

SCRIPPS MOTOR CO., 631 Lincoln Ave., Detroit, Mich.

MAN POR

PARAGON GEARS

Ever Try to Separate Two Panes of Glass?

HARD, wasn't it? That's because, as an engineer would say, every point on one of the surfaces is in contact with every point on the other surface. Add a little moisture to the surfaces and the feat is well nigh impossible.

Thus you see how the smoothly ground surface of the friction plates in Paragon Reverse Gears obtain their tremendous holding power. These plates are ground to a glass-like smoothness.

This, with the unusually large friction area, makes slipping on the forward drive almost unheard of in Paragons, when properly adjusted.

This great friction area enables your gear to take hold gradually, and when you have thrown your lever way into forward you can bet your last dollar that your motor will deliver every ounce of power to the propeller—where it belongs.

That's one reason why America's foremost marine engine builders depend on Paragons to uphold the prestige of their motors.

You can have a Paragon on that new motor of yours if you will ask for it—and it's well worth asking for—and insisting on.

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\$12.00 Worth of Power for \$1.12

The motor tug "B. G. Purdy" of Boston, equipped with a GALUSHA GAS PRODUCER.



GALUSHA GAS PRODUCER

All standards of power cost and fuel economy for internal combustion marine and stationary engines are being revolutionized by the performances of Galusha Gas Producers.

Our standing claim that producer gas furnishes power at one-tenth the cost of gasoline or one-fourth the cost of steam, is more than conservative, as in a recent test the power cost was about one-eleventh the cost of gasoline or one-seventh the cost of steam.

On July 27th, the tug "B. G. Purdy" equipped with a Galusha Gas Producer gave a demonstration in Boston Harbor, witnessed by a number of marine engineers, shipping representatives and newspaper men. In three and one-quarter hours the boat made 25 miles, using 280 lbs. of coal which cost \$1.12. It was carefully estimated that if operated on gasoline the cost would have been \$12.00, or if equipped with a steam plant the soft coal consumed would have cost \$9.00.

The performance and operation of an engine using producer gas is as reliable as when using gasoline. No advantage is sacrificed to secure the great economy.

Galusha Gas Producers have been in successful use for more than ten years.

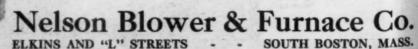
They are made for all sizes of marine engines from 18 H. P. up. The Galusha requires only about one-fourth the space occupied by other gas producers.

If you are interested in minimum power cost,

let us tell you all the facts about the Galusha Gas Producer. Write today for full data. About a dozen representatives of ships and in Smooth Sea and in Smooth Sea at a soline or one
The cost of marine ree and onewhich cost is e the cost is e soft coal

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HELMA'S LATEST VICTORY

"Old Trusty" as she is called, owes her success of the past two seasons to the consistent performance of her

FAY & BOWEN ENGINE

In the cruiser race of August 19th, 1916, Promoted by the Philadelphia Record, covering 54 nautical miles, Helma proved "13" her lucky number by winning the Kendrick Trophy for making the best time of any of the thirteen entries.

On July 2nd, 1917, Helma won the "Class A" Race of 43 nautical miles from Trenton, N. J. to Essington, Pa.

Again on Sept. 8th, 1917, Helma won the Kendrick Trophy time prize for 1917.

And again in the 51 nautical mile race for cruisers, the last of the season, held Sept. 15th, 1917, Helma demonstrated her ability by capturing the DuPont Trophy time prize, from a field of 12 competitors, and also won third place in the handicap.

Helma is 40 ft. x 9½ ft. and is powered with a four cylinder, four cycle Fay & Bowen Engine of 30-45 H.P.



If you want a thoroughly GOOD engine, you cannot go wrong on the selection of a Fay & Bowen. We also build complete power boats, independent electric lighting units, pumping sets, etc. "None Better Built."

Literature on request



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America's Standard 4-Cycle Marine Motor

Don't Flirt With Death

When they're walking slow behind you "it's all over"-

Buy a good insurance policy for your family-

Buy a Liberty Bond for your country-

Buy a Boat for yourself, keep your good health and fool everybody.

How many men of today are in fine physical condition?

They have built big businesses and lost their health doing it.

Now tell me-Where can you get the most for your time?

You cheat yourself to a couple of weeks, or a month at the best, and you've got to make the most of it.

An Auto Tour? Nix-too strenuous-too much dust in your lungs.

Golf? Good as far as it goes.

Atlantic City? You have to come home to get rested.

All right. Then it's back to the woods, a good summer cottage or camp, and a good boat.

Get out on the water and you know you're alive, without the strain of keeping alive. It's a relief, it's restful, it's enjoyable, just for that reason.

Now a little further on making yourself physically fit. Order a Kermath Engine put in that boat because it's an engine which will give you the limit of pleasure and prove a real comfort to you.

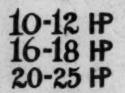
4 Cycle 4 Cylinder 10 to 25 H. P.

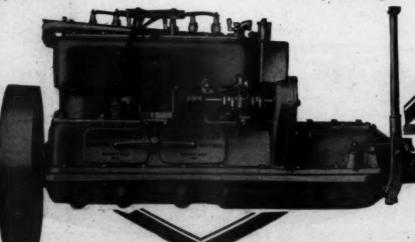
\$250.00 and up-Electric Starterif lyou like

KERMATH MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Department 2

Detroit, Michigan





\$250 and up







Get All the Joy Out of Motor Boating with a Buffalo

An engine which starts without effort, speed at your finger tips, a consciousness of reserve power, the steady, constant purr of perfect mechanical adjustment—these are the things which give zest to motor boating.

You buy them with your Buffalo—these and the confidence that your engine will give steady, reliable power under all conditions.

Buffalos are built for men of mechanical decernment—for the "engine wise" who know that the whole difference between engines lies in the quality of every part, the nicety of construction and searching tests for each possible flaw. These men know good engines are not made by chance, that quality is

the result of careful planning plus honest workmanship plus experience.

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Buffalo

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